Specialty Optical Fibers (SOF)

12 June - 15 June 2011, The Westin Harbour Castle, Toronto, Canada

APC Workshop: Biomedical Optical Sensors – Differentiators for Winning Technologies Sunday, 12 June 14:00-18:00

In this workshop, experts will highlight developments in pertinent fields - and a panel discussion will tackle the question: 'What are the key differentiators for winning biosensor technologies?' <u>APC Workshop Schedule and Speaker Abstracts</u>

SOF – the meeting to discuss synthesis, processing, characterization, modeling, physical properties and applications of specialty and novel optical fibers with high technological impact potential.

Optical fibers, long an enabling technology for telecommunications, are proving to play a central role in a growing number of modern technologies including applications in defense and security, sensing, automotive, and biomedicine. The purpose of this conference is to bring together global leaders from academia, industry, and the public/government sector to survey the present state of the art and project future trends in specialty optical fiber materials, designs, and applications.

Particular attention will be paid to high energy fiber lasers, novel optical amplifiers and lasers, infrared and nonlinear fibers, micro-structured and photonic crystal fibers, active and passive polymer optical fibers, fiber-based sensors, crystalline and ceramic optical fibers, and fibers for biomedical and bioscience uses. Papers are being considered in the following topic categories:

Optical Fibers: Micro-structured fibers Soft glass fibers Novel designs and theory Novel glass compositions

Fiber Lasers:

CW fiber lasers Pulsed fiber lasers Beam Combining in Fibers Fiber lasers, applications, general and misc.

Applications: Fibers for sensors Nonlinear fibers Supercontinuum Fibers



Telecommunication fibers

This year's invited presentations will focus on categories such as fibers, fiber lasers, and applications.

Proceedings from OSA conferences are archived in <u>Optics InfoBase</u>, OSA's online library for OSA flagship journals and partnered and co-published journals. This event is part of the Advanced Photonics Congress, allowing attendees to access to all meetings within the Congress for the price of one and to collaborate on topics of mutual interest.

View the 2010 Meeting Archive containing the final program (PDF) Go to <u>Optics InfoBase</u> for a listing of all meeting paper archives.

View the conference program and plan your itinerary for the conference

View My Schedule Customize your program

- Browse speakers and the agenda of sessions
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- Search by author, title, OCIS code and more.
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NEW!

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Chairs:

- o Ishwar Aggarwal, US Naval Res. Lab, USA
- o John Ballato, Clemson Univ., USA
- o Bryce Samson, Nufern, USA
- o Liang Dong, Clemson Univ., USA

Sponsor:



Advanced Photonics Congress

June 12-15 2011, The Westin Harbour Castle, Toronto, Canada

The Advanced Photonics 2011 Congress will be held 12-16 June 2011 at The Westin Harbour Castle in Toronto, Canada. This year's congress consists of <u>six collocated</u> meetings including one new meeting and five veteran meetings.

Each meeting consists of invited and contributed presentations. There are three Joint Plenary Sessions and one Joint Poster Session. Be sure to check back for updates on the Plenary speakers. For a complete list of invited speakers, please visit the meetings' Conference Program.

Several exciting special events are planned for the 2011 Advanced Photonics congress including a Welcome Reception, Banquet Dinner and "Optics Olympics" Student Event.

All of the technical sessions will be held at the The Westin Harbour Castle is located near the theater district, waterfront and popular attractions such as Harbourfront Centre, Queens Quay, the Hockey Hall of Fame, and the Toronto Island Ferry. For more information on Toronto and housing at the meeting, please visit <u>Housing and Travel</u>.

Want to start planning your trip today? View the congress' Meetings-at-a-Glance. Please remember that times listed below are not final, so check back often for updates.

NEW!

Check out the Housing and Travel Page to find out how to Experience Toronto from the Water and get discounts on Toronto Bus and Walking Tours!

View the conference program and plan your itinerary for the conference

View My Schedule Customize your program

- Browse speakers and the agenda of sessions
- Browse sessions by type or day.
- Search by author, title, OCIS code and more.
- o <u>Plan</u> and <u>print</u> your personal itinerary before coming to the conference

Submit a Paper

Are you ready to submit a paper? Please visit the Author Information page for your desired meeting.

More information about the individual meetings in the 2011 Advanced Photonics Congress can be found by clicking on the links below:

Advanced Photonics Congress

- Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano-Photonics (IPR)
 IPR covers all aspects of research in integrated photonics and nano-photonics, featuring innovative science and engineering results.
- <u>Slow and Fast Light (SL)</u>
 This topical meeting will bring together physicists and engineers in order to present and discuss the latest achievements within the area of light-speed control
- <u>Access Networks & In-house Communications (ANIC)</u>
 ANIC addresses all relevant research challenges and open research issues for FTTx technologies.

- <u>Signal Processing in Photonics Communications (SPPComm)</u>
 SPPCom is your home to learn about the photonic transmission technology required in communication networks of all kind from access to long haul and submarine.
- Optical Sensors (Sensors) Sensors addresses all aspects of optical fiber sensors from fiber based signal sources and sensor fibers to detection schemes and applications.
- New! <u>Specialty Optical Fibers (SOF)</u>
 SOF the meeting to discuss synthesis, processing, characterization, modeling, physical properties and applications of specialty and novel optical fibers with high technological impact potential.

Advanced Photonics Local Organizing Committee

Dan-Xia Xu, Inst. for Microstrutual Sciences, National Research Council Canada, Canada

Joyce Poon, Univ. of Toronto, Canada

Ted Sargent, Univ. of Toronto, Canada

OSA Student Chapter President:

Fei Ye, Ph.D. candidate, University of Toronto, Canada

SPIE Student Chapter President: Jason Grenier, University of Toronto, Canada

Special Events

APC Workshop: Biomedical Optical Sensors – Differentiators for Winning Technologies Sunday, 12 June 2011 14:00-18:00

In this workshop, experts will highlight developments in pertinent fields - and a panel discussion will tackle the question: 'What are the key differentiators for winning biosensor technologies?' Please visit the <u>Workshop page</u> for the full scope and list of speakers.

Optics Olympics

Sunday, 12 June 2011 16:30-21:00 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

The OSA and SPIE Student Chapters at University of Toronto are pleased to invite all attendees (i.e., students, postdoctoral fellows, and all other researchers) of the 2011 Advance Photonics Congress to participate in the Optics Olympics competition on Sunday June 12th, 2011. The competition will have participants work together in teams of 4, to compete in 5 events designed to test and expand your optics skills. The Optics Olympics is an opportunity for conference attendees to meet each other at the start of the conference, have some fun applying their optics skills, and expand their professional network. Food and refreshments will be provided, and cash prizes will be awarded to the winners. Winners will be announced during the conference reception banquet on June 14th. Register early to avoid disappointment as the competition is limited to 64 participants. Registration is done individually and teams will be formed onsite at the beginning of the competition. We are looking forward to your participation in the Optics Olympics!



To register or for more information go to: http://osa.braveline.com/osautoronto/index.asp

FREE to Congress Registrants!

OIDA Workshop on Photonic Integration for High-Capacity Data Transport: Commercial Needs, Opportunities and Deployment

Monday, 13 June 08:00 - 17:00 Advanced Photonics Congress registrants are invited to attend the OIDA Workshop on Photonic Integration for High-Capacity Data Transport: Commercial Needs, Opportunities and Deployment on Monday, 13 June at the Westin Harbour Castle Hotel. To learn more about the workshop program and register visit the <u>OIDA Workshop website</u>.



OIDA Workshop Luncheon Monday, 13 June 12:00 - 13:30

Congress registrants are invited to attend the OIDA Workshop Luncheon. The featured speaker will be announced shortly on the OIDA Workshop website. The fee is \$25 USD and may be added to your <u>congress registration</u>.

Advance Photonics Congress Welcome Reception

Monday, 13 June 2011 18:30 - 20:00 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

Free to all Technical Attendees of the Congress: Get the meeting off to a great start by attending the welcome reception after a full day of technical sessions! Meet with colleagues from around the world and enjoy light hors d'oeuvres.

Advance Photonics Congress Reception and Banquet Dinner

Tuesday, 14 June 2011 18:30 - 21:30 Location: Hart House, Univ. of Toronto Tickets: \$25 USD per person



Come join us at this great event! The Hart House was completed in 1919, Hart House is a crown jewel in the University of Toronto's architectural, academic and social history. Designed by architect Henry Sproatt, one of the last North American masters of the Gothic form, and engineer Ernest Rolph, the building is named for Vincent Massey's grandfather, Hart. Hart House was gifted to the University of Toronto by the

Massey Foundation as a gathering place for students. Today, Hart House enjoys a reputation as a signature arts, creativity and event destination in the City of Toronto. The Hart House permanent art collection comprises nearly six-hundred works by renowned Canadian artists, including works considered national treasures by the Group of Seven, major works by the Automatistes and Painters Eleven, as well as contemporary works by artists from across the country.

Transportation WILL be provided. Shuttle transportation to the Hart House will pick up outside of the main Westin Harbour Castle entrance at 18.15. Buses will be available between 21.15 - 21.45 outside of the Hart House entrance to transport guests back to the Westin Harbour Castle. Please note that the Westin Harbour Castle and the Hart House are the only two destination points the shuttle transportation will pick up and drop off guests. For more information, please ask your OSA representative at Registration on-site.

JTuB: Congress Joint Poster Session

Tuesday, 14 June 2011 13:30 - 15:30 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

Poster sessions are an integral part of the technical program and offer a unique networking opportunity, where presenters can discuss their results one-to-one with interested parties. Each author is provided with a 4 ft. x 8 ft. (1.22 m x 2.44 m) board on which to display the summary and results of his or her paper.

Postdeadline Sessions

Postdeadline sessions are an opportunity to showcase the most late-breaking innovations in the field.

Sponsors





The Edward S. Rogers Sr. Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO



Exhibitors

Interested in being an Exhibitor at the Advanced Photonics Congress?

Exhibit space at this Congress is very limited, so be sure to sign up for your tabletop exhibit space today! This Congress provides you an audience of 400 scientists. Call Regan Pickett at 202-416-1474 or e-mail <u>exhibitsales@osa.org</u> for <u>more information</u>.

Sponsor:



Specialty Optical Fibers (SOF)

12 June - 15 June 2011, The Westin Harbour Castle, Toronto, Canada

Conference Program

SOF – This meeting will discuss synthesis, processing, characterization, modeling, physical properties and applications of specialty and novel optical fibers with high technological impact potential.

Particular attention will be paid to high energy fiber lasers, novel optical amplifiers and lasers, infrared and nonlinear fibers, micro-structured and photonic crystal fibers, active and passive polymer optical fibers, fiber-based sensors, crystalline and ceramic optical fibers, and fibers for biomedical and bioscience uses.

If you would like to be considered as a presenter, please review the topic categories below and the <u>author/presenter information</u> for submission guidelines.

Papers are being considered in the following topic categories:

Optical Fibers:

Micro-structured fibers Soft glass fibers Novel designs and theory Novel glass compositions

Fiber Lasers: CW fiber lasers Pulsed fiber lasers

Beam Combining in Fibers Fiber lasers, applications, general and misc.

Applications:

Fibers for sensors Nonlinear fibers Supercontinuum Fibers Telecommunication fibers

A number of distinguished <u>invited speakers</u> have been invited to present at the meeting. In addition, the organizers have planned a number of <u>special events</u> to make your meeting experience more enjoyable!

Meeting-at-a-Glance

A tentative general schedule of the meeting (as well as all meetings in the Congress) is listed below. Please check back frequently for updates.

	12 June 2011	13 June 2011	14 June 2011	15 June 2011
Registration	10.00-18.30	7.00-18.30	7.00-18.00	7.30-17.00

Technical Sessions		8.30-18.00	8.30-18.00	8.30-18.00
Coffee Breaks		10.00- 10.30 & 15.30- 16.00	10.00-10.30 & 15.30-16.00	10.00- 10.30 & 15.30- 16.00
Exhibit Time		10.00- 16.00	10.00-16.00	
Conference Reception *included in technical registration		18.30- 20.00		
Joint Poster Session			13:30-15:30	
Optical Olympics	16:30-21:00			
APC Workshop: Biomedical Optical Sensors – Differentiators for Winning Technologies	14:00-18:00			

Conference Banquet *tickets must be purchased separately

19.30-21.30

Special Events

Optics Olympics Sunday, 12 June 2011 16:30-21:00 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

Advance Photonics Congress Welcome Reception

Monday, 13 June 2011 18:30 - 20:00 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

Advance Photonics Congress Reception and Banquet Dinner Tuesday, 14 June 2011

18:30 - 21:30 Location: Hart House, Univ. of Toronto Tickets: \$25 USD per person

JTuB: Congress Joint Poster Session Tuesday, 14 June 2011

13:30 - 15:30 Pier 4, Westin Harbour Castle

Poster sessions are an integral part of the technical program and offer a unique networking opportunity, where presenters can discuss their results one-to-one with interested parties. Each author is provided with a 4 ft. x 8 ft. (1.22 m x 2.44 m) board on which to display the summary and results of his or her paper.

Postdeadline Sessions Postdeadline sessions are an opportunity to showcase the most late-breaking innovations in the field.

Sponsors



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12 June - 15 June 2011, The Westin Harbour Castle, Toronto, Canada

Special Events

Optics Olympics

Sunday, 12 June 2011 16:30-21:00 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

The OSA and SPIE Student Chapters at University of Toronto are pleased to invite all attendees (i.e., students, postdoctoral fellows, and all other researchers) of the 2011 Advance Photonics Congress to participate in the Optics Olympics competition on Sunday June 12th, 2011. The competition will have participants work together in teams of 4, to compete in 5 events designed to test and expand your optics skills. The Optics Olympics is an opportunity for conference attendees to meet each other at the start of the conference, have some fun applying their optics skills, and expand their professional network. Food and refreshments will be provided, and cash prizes will be awarded to the winners. Winners will be announced during the conference reception banquet on June 14th. Register early to avoid disappointment as the competition is limited to 64 participants. Registration is done individually and teams will be formed on-



site at the beginning of the competition. We are looking forward to your participation in the Optics Olympics!

To register or for more information go to: http://osa.braveline.com/osautoronto/index.asp

Advance Photonics Congress Welcome Reception

Monday, 13 June 2011 18:30 - 20:00 Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle

Free to all Technical Attendees of the Congress: Get the meeting off to a great start by attending the welcome reception after a full day of technical sessions! Meet with colleagues from around the world and enjoy light hors d'oeuvres.

Advance Photonics Congress Reception and Banquet Dinner

Tuesday, 14 June 2011 18:30 - 21:30 Location: Hart House, Univ. of Toronto Tickets: \$25 USD per person

Come join us at this great event! The Hart House was completed in 1919, Hart House is a crown jewel in the University of Toronto's architectural, academic and social history. Designed by architect Henry Sproatt, one of the last North American masters of the Gothic form, and engineer Ernest Rolph, the building is named for Vincent

Massey's grandfather, Hart. Hart House was gifted to the University of Toronto by the Massey Foundation as a gathering place for students. Today, Hart House enjoys a reputation as a signature arts, creativity and event destination in the City of Toronto. The Hart House permanent art collection comprises nearly six-hundred works by renowned Canadian artists, including works considered national treasures by the Group of Seven, major works by the Automatistes and Painters Eleven, as well as contemporary works by artists from across the country.

Please note that transportation is to and from the event is on your own.

JTuB: Congress Joint Poster Session

Tuesday, 14 June 2011 13:30 - 15:30 Pier 4, Westin Harbour Castle

Poster sessions are an integral part of the technical program and offer a unique networking opportunity, where presenters can discuss their results one-to-one with interested parties. Each author is provided with a 4 ft. x 8 ft. (1.22 m x 2.44 m) board on which to display the summary and results of his or her paper.

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Access Networks & In-house Communications (ANIC)

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano-Photonics (IPR)

Optical Sensors (Sensors)

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications (SPPCom)

Slow and Fast Light (SL)

Specialty Optical Fibers (SOF)

12-14 June, 2011, The Westin Harbour Castle Toronto, Canada

2011 Advanced Photonics: OSA Optics & Photonics Congress

Conference Program

The Organizers of the Advanced Photonics: OSA Optics & Photonics Congress and Table Top Exhibit thank the following sponsors for their generous support.

> The Edward S. Rogers Sr. Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO









Congress Highlights

IPR Workshop: Biomedical Optical Sensors-Differentiators for Winning Technologies

Harbour Salon C Sunday, 12 June 2011 14:00-18:00

The market for biosensors is becoming progressively more diverse - and is expected to grow significantly in the coming years. Currently the bulk of revenue comes from the pointof-care medical diagnostics market, but this situation is likely to change with newer application research. Progress in biosensors has mainly been due to a combination of improvements in the biological components and the implementation of microsystem technologies. In the photonics community, there has been an explosion of research activity in recent years – and various different photonic biosensor concepts have been proposed and demonstrated. Sensitivity continues to improve and single molecular detection has been reported. But the transport of target molecules to the sensing surface still relies on diffusion or on fluid flow. Specimen preparation and pre-concentration remain serious challenges.

Are there already too many types of biosensor? Which applications are the best implementations of different sensors? What are the key issues that must be resolved? What is required to bring today's research to tomorrow's point-ofcare diagnostic instruments? In this workshop, experts will highlight developments in pertinent fields - and a panel discussion will tackle the question: 'what are the key differentiators for winning biosensor technologies?' We expect that all attendees will have the opportunity to make a contribution to a successful workshop.

Confirmed Speakers (as of 13 May):

Gilberto Brambilla, Univ. of Southampton, UK

Pierre Berini, Univ. of Ottawa, Canada

Richard De La Rue, Univ. of Malaya, Malaysia

Kishan Dholakia, St. Andrews Univ., UK

Martin Kristensen, Univ. of Aarhus, Denmark

Holger Schmidt, Univ. of California at Santa Cruz, USA

Ian White, Univ. of Maryland, USA

DanXia Xu, NRC Ottawa, Canada

Anatoly Zayats, King's College London, UK

Optics Olympics

Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle Sunday, 12 June 2011 18:00-22:00

The OSA and SPIE Student Chapters at University of Toronto are pleased to invite all attendees (i.e., students, postdoctoral fellows, and all other researchers) of the 2011 Advance Photonics Congress to participate in the Optics Olympics competition on Sunday June 12th, 2011. The competition will have participants work together in teams of 4, to compete in 5 events designed to test and expand your optics skills. The Optics Olympics is an opportunity for conference attendees to meet each other at the start of the conference, have some fun applying their optics skills, and expand their professional network. Food and refreshments will be provided, and cash prizes will be awarded to the winners. Winners will be announced during the conference reception banquet on 14 June, 2011.

The five challenging yet fun games that comprise the competition are listed below:

- 1. Image competition
- 2. Laser Khet (Laser chess game)
- 3. Optics triathlon
- 4. Laser graffiti
- 5. Hitting targets

We are looking forward to your participation in the Optics Olympics!

Sponsored by*: Institute of Optical Sciences, Univ. of Toronto OSA - The Optical Society Simbol Test Systems

*as of 19 May 2011

Advanced Photonics Congress Welcome Reception

Metro Ballroom West, Westin Harbour Castle Monday, 13 June 2011 18:30 - 20:00

Free to all Technical Attendees of the Congress: Get the meeting off to a great start by attending the welcome reception after a full day of technical sessions! Meet with colleagues from around the world and enjoy light hors d'oeuvres.

Advanced Photonics Congress Reception and Banquet Dinner

Hart House, Univ. of Toronto **Tuesday, 14 June 2011 18:30 - 21:30**

Tickets: Limited seating available. \$35 USD per person.

Come join us at this great event! The Hart House was completed in 1919, Hart House is a crown jewel in the University of Toronto's architectural, academic and social history. Designed by architect Henry Sproatt, one of the last North American masters of the Gothic form, and engineer Ernest Rolph, the building is named for Vincent Massey's grandfather, Hart. Hart House was gifted to the University of Toronto by the Massey Foundation as a gathering place for students. Today, Hart House enjoys a reputation as a signature arts, creativity and event destination in the City of Toronto. The Hart House permanent art collection comprises nearly six-hundred works by renowned Canadian artists, including works considered national treasures by the Group of Seven, major works by the Automatistes and Painters Eleven, as well as contemporary works by artists from across the country.

JTuB: Congress Joint Poster Session

Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer, Westin Harbour Castle Tuesday, 14 June 2011 13:30 - 15:30

Poster sessions are an integral part of the technical program and offer a unique networking opportunity, where presenters can discuss their results one-to-one with interested parties.

OIDA Workshop

Photonic Integration for High-Capacity Data Transport: Commercial Needs, Opportunities and Deployment

Monday, 13 June 2011

Queen's Quay, The Westin Harbour Castle, Toronto, Canada

We're bringing together the field's leading innovators in the areas of high data rate, high density, high capacity optical communications and the companies which are exploring photonic integration, monolithic and hybrid, as a data transport solution for a unique, one-day workshop *- join us!*



Luncheon Speaker

David F. Welch *Co-Founder, Executive Vice President and Chief Strategy Officer, Infinera Corporation*

Schedule at-a-Glance

Sunday, 12 June 14:00 – 18:00 Registration

Monday, 13 June

07:30 - 08:30	Registration & Continental Breakfast
08:30 - 12:30	Session
12:00 - 13:30	Lunch* featuring a presentation from
	David Welch, Co-Founder, Executive Vice
	President and Chief Strategy Officer,
	Infinera Corporation
13:30 - 17:30	Session
18:00 - 19:30	Networking Reception

There is an ever-increasing world-wide commercial need for higher and higher rates of data transport. Despite the cyclical nature of the general economy, the volume of electronic communication has been on a steady growth path. The increasing need for moving large volumes of data has considerably impacted the area of long haul optical transmission. Aggregate long haul data rates, in the C band of the optical fiber spectrum, are expected to reach 25Tbit/s per fiber. This creates a compelling need for both line and client side systems capable of very high data rate transport and switching within a very small volume of space and reduced power consumption. Fulfilling this need requires creative innovations in the field of optical components, and photonic integration has been increasingly proposed and utilized as a solution in this application space.

http://www.oida.org/events/integration11

* Congress registrants are invited to attend the OIDA Workshop Luncheon. The fee is \$25 USD and may be purchased at the registration desk. Limited seating available.

Keynote and Plenary Speakers



Slow Light Enhanced Nonlinear Effects in Periodic Structures JMA1 • 8:45, *Harbour Salon B*

Benjamin Eggleton; Univ. of Sydney, Australia

Benjamin J. Eggleton is an ARC Federation Fellow and Professor of Physics at the University of Sydney and is the found-

ing Director of CUDOS, the ARC Centre of Excellence for Ultrahigh-bandwidth Devices for Optical Systems. He obtained Ph.D. degree in Physics from the University of Sydney. In 1996, he joined Bell Laboratories, Lucent Technologies as a Member of Staff and was subsequently promoted to Director within the Specialty Fibre Business Division of Bell Laboratories, where he was engaged in forward-looking research supporting Lucent Technologies business in optical fibre devices. Eggleton has published more than 300 journal publications (with over 7500 citations and an h-index of 44) and has filed over 35 patents. He is a Fellow of the OSA, IEEE and the Australian Academy of Technological Sciences and Engineering. Eggleton received numerous awards for his contributions, including the 2003 International Commission on Optics (ICO) Prize, the 1998 Adolph Lomb Medal from the OSA and the IEEE/LEOS Distinguished Lecturer Award. He was President of the Australian Optical Society from 2008-2010 and is Editor for Optics Communications.



Prospects and Challenges in High Power Fiber Laser Technology SOMA1 • 8:45, *Pier 5*

Andreas Tunnermann^{1,2}, ¹*Fraunhofer Inst.* for Applied Optics and Precision Engineering, Germany; ²Inst. for Applied Physics, Friedrich-Schiller-Univ., Germany

Andreas Tünnermann received a diploma and PhD degrees in physics from the University of Hannover in 1988 and 1992, respectively. His habilitation was related to topics on ultrastable light sources for interferometric gravitational wave detectors. In 1998 he joined the Friedrich-Schiller-University in Jena, Germany as a Professor and Director of the Institute of Applied Physics. In 2003 he became the Director of the Fraunhofer Institute of Applied Optics and Precision Engineering in Jena. He is known for his pioneering work in fiber laser technology and the application of high power femtosecond lasers for materials processing. Professor Tünnermann 's research activities on optics and applied quantum electronics have been awarded with the Roentgen-Award 1997, WLT-Award 1998, Otto-Schott-Award 2003, Leibinger Innovation Award 2004 and the Gottfried-Wilhelm-Leibniz-Award 2005.



Progress and Technical Challenges for Integrated Optics J**TuA1** • 10:30, *Harbour Salon B*

Katsunari Okamoto; AiDi Corp., Japan.

Dr. Katsunari Okamoto received the B.S., M.S., and Ph.D. degrees in electronics engineering from Tokyo University, Tokyo, Japan, in 1972, 1974, and 1977, respec-

tively. He joined Ibaraki Electrical Communication Laboratory, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation (NTT), Ibaraki, Japan, in 1977, and was engaged in the research on transmission characteristics of multimode, dispersion-flattened single-mode, single-polarization (PANDA) fibers, and fiber-optic components. He proposed for the first time the dispersion-flattened fiber (DFF) and succeeded in fabrication of DFF that had chromatic dispersion less than +/-1 ps/km/nm over a wide spectral range. From September 1982 to September 1983, he worked as a guest researcher at Optical Fiber Group, Southampton University, Southampton, England, where he was engaged in the research on birefringent optical fibers. At NTT Photonics Laboratories, he has developed various kinds of AWGs ranging from 8ch-300nm spacing AWGs to 128ch-25GHz AWGs, flat spectral response AWGs and integrated-optic reconfigurable add/drop multiplexers (ROADM). 200 GHz to 50 GHz spacing AWGs are now widely used in the commercial WDM systems. From July 2006, he worked as Professor of Electrical and Computer Engineering at the University of California at Davis (UC Davis). His research at UC Davis includes passive and active photonics devices and silicon photonics. He is currently working as CTO at AiDi corporation aiming at the miniature lightwave spectroscopic sensors for environmental sensing and health diagnostics. He has published more than 285 papers in technical journals and international conferences. He authored and co-authored 8 books including "Fundamentals of Optical Waveguides (Elsevier)". Dr. Okamoto is a member of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (Fellow), Optical Society of America and the Institute of Electronics Information and Communication Engineers of Japan.



Shaping the Future of Nanobiophotonics JTuA2 • 11:15, Harbour Salon B

Kishan Dholakia, Univ. of St Andrews, UK

Kishan Dholakia is Professor of Physics at the University of St Andrews Scotland and an honorary adjunct Professor at the Centre for Optical Sciences at the na USA

University of Arizona, USA.

He heads a large (~25) group working in various aspects of photonics including beam shaping, micromanipulation and biophotonics. He has published over 300 journal/conference papers and his group won the European Optics Prize in 2003. He was elected to the position of Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh in 2007, Fellow of the Optical Society of America in 2008 and SPIE Fellow in 2009.

Tutorial Speakers



Photonic Crystal Fibers SOMD3 • 17:00, *Pier 5*

William Wadsworth; Univ. of Bath, UK

William Wadsworth has been designing, fabricating and using photonic crystal fibres (PCFs) since 1999 when he joined the University of Bath as a post-doc. His previous work developing high power lasers and

low-cost tunable lasers has informed a particular interest in the use of PCF for compact and versatile light sources.



Optical fiber sensors and their Specialty Fiber Needs

SOTuC5 • 17:15, Pier 5Tutorial

Alexis Mendez, MCH Engineering, LLC, USA

Alexis Mendez received a PhD. degree in Electrical Engineering from Brown University, in 1992. He is President of MCH

Engineering LLC, a consulting firm specializing in optical fiber sensing technology, and has over 20 years of experience in optical fiber technology, sensors and instrumentation. Dr. Mendez was the former Group Leader of the Fiber Optic Sensors Lab within ABB Corporate Research (USA) where he led R&D activities for the development of fiber sensors for use in industrial plant, oil & gas, and high voltage electric power applications. He has written 60 technical publications, taught several short courses on fiber sensors, holds 5 US patents and is recipient of an R&D100 award. Dr. Mendez is a Fellow of SPIE and was past Chairman of the 2006 International Optical Fiber Sensors Conference (OFS-18), past Technical Chair of the 2nd Workshop on Specialty Optical Fibers and their Applications (WSOF21010), and is co-editor of the "Specialty Optical Fibers Handbook".

Technical Program Committees

Access Networks & In-house Communications Program Committee

General Chairs

Koonen, Technische Univ. Eindhoven, Netherlands Pandelis Kourtessis, London Herts Univ., UK Thomas Pfeiffer, Alcatel-Lucent, Germany Josep Prat, Univ. Politecnica de Catalunya, Spain

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Optical Sensors Program Committee

General Chairs

Karsten Rottwitt, *Danmarks Tekniske Univ.*, *Denmark* Ishwar Aggarwal, US NRL, USA

Committee Members

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THz sensing

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Devices and Components

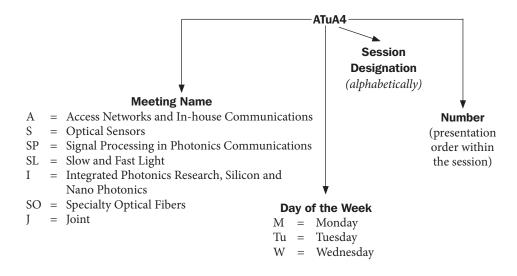
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Philip Sewell, Univ. Park, UK
Christoph Waechter, Fraunhofer Inst. for Applied Optics and Precision Engineering, Germany
Vien Van, Univ. of Alberta, Canada
Junji Yamauchi, Hosei Univ., Japan
James Pond , Lumerical, Canada

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Sergey Bozhevolnyi, Southern Denmark Univ., Denmark
Mark Brongersma, Stanford Univ., USA
Din Ping Tsai, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan
Edwin Pun, City Univ. of Hong Kong, China
Sailing He, Zhejiang Univ., Joint Res. Center of Photonics of the Royal Inst. of Technology (Sweden), China/Sweden
William Whelan-Curtin, Univ. of St. Andrews, UK
John Rogers, Univ. of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, USA
Edward Sargent, Univ. of Toronto, Canada
Yasuhiko Arakawa, Univ. of Tokyo, Japan
Masaya Notomi, NTT Basic Research Labs., Japan



The first letter of the code designates the conference (A=Access Networks and In-house Communications, S= Optical Sensors, SP=Signal Processing in Photonics Communications, SL=Slow and Fast Light, I=Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics, SO=Specialty Optical Fibers, J=Joint). The second element denotes the day of the week (Monday=M, Tuesday=Tu, Wednesday=W). The third element indicates the session within the particular day the talk is being given. Each day begins with the letter A and continues alphabetically. The number on the end of the code signals the position of the talk within the session (first, second, third, etc.). For example, a presentation coded ATuA4 indicates that this paper is part of Access Networks and In-house Communications (A) and is being presented on Tuesday (Tu) during the first session (A), and is the fourth paper (4) presented in that session.

Agenda of Sessions — Sunday, 12 June

10:00-18:30	Registration Open, Harbour Ballroom Foyer
14:00-18:00	Workshop: Biomedical Optical Sensors-Differentiators for Winning Technologies, Harbour Salon C
17:00-22:00	Optics Olympics, Metro West

Agenda of Sessions — Monday, 13 June

	Pier 9	Pier 7 & 8	Harbour Salon B	Harbour Salon C	Pier 2 & 3	Harbour Salon A	Pier 5
	ANIC	SPPCom	IPR	IPR	SL	Sensors	SOF
7:00-18:30			Registratio	n Open, Harbour l	Ballroom Foyer		
7:30-19:30			OIDA Workshop,	Queen's Quay, The V	Vestin Harbour Cast	le	
8:30-8:45	AMA • Network,		IPR/SL Opening Remarks, Harbour Salon B			Opening Remarks	Opening Remarks
8:45-10:00	Market and Operator View (starts at 8:00)		JMA: IPR/S	L Keynote Speal Harbour Salon B	ker Session,	SMA • Sensors Keynote Speaker Session	SOMA • SOF Keynote Speaker Session (ends at 9:30)
10:00-16:00			Exhibits Ope	n, Pier 4/ Harbour	Ballroom Foyer	·	
10:00-10:30			Coffee Break/Ex	hibits, Pier 4/ Har	bour Ballroom Foye	r	
10:30-12:30	AMB • Green Access and Operations	SPMA • High Spectral Efficiency	IMA • Modeling and Simulation I: Plasmonics	IMB • Nano- photonics: Waveguides, Optomech- anics, and SOI-Based Technologies	SLMA • Applications of Slow/Fast Light	SMB • Subwavelength and Plasmonic Sensors	SOMB • 2um Fiber Lasers
12:30-13:30			Lune	ch Break (on your	own)	·	
13:30-15:30	AMC • OFDM- PON	SPMB • OFDM	IMC • Modeling and Simulation II: Periodic Structures and Waveguides	IMD • Nano- photonics: Waveguides, Lasers, and SOI-Based Technologies	SLMB • Applications of Slow/Fast Light II	SMC • Microfiber Sensors	SOMC • Novel Glass and Fluoride Fibers
15:30-16:00			Coffee Break/Ex	hibits, Pier 4/ Har	bour Ballroom Foye	r	
16:00-18:00	AMD • Hybrid and WDM-PON	SPMC • Optical Techniques I (ends at 17:30)	IME • Devices and Components I (ends at 17:00)	IMF • Nano- photonics: Photonic Crystals and nanowires	SLMC • Atomic and Rare-Earth Systems and Applications	SMD • Spectral and Biomedical Imaging	SOMD • Micro- structured Fibers
18:30-20:00		Advanced Pho	tonics Congress a	and OIDA Welcor	ne Reception. Me	etro Ballroom West	1

Key to Conference Abbreviations

ANIC	Access Networks and In-house Communications
Sensors	Optical Sensors
SPPcom	Signal Processing in Photonics Communications
SL	Slow and Fast Light
IPR	Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics
SOF	Specialty Optical Fibers

Agenda of Sessions — Tuesday, 14 June

	Pier 9	Pier 7 & 8	Harbour Salon B	Harbour Salon C	Pier 2 & 3	Harbour Salon A	Pier 5
	ANIC	SPPCom	IPR	IPR	SL	Sensors	SOF
7:30-18:00			Registratio	n Open, Harbour B	Sallroom Foyer		·
8:30-10:00	ATuA • Basic Technologies for NG-PON (starts at 8:00)	SPTuA • Coding I (ends at 9:30)	ITuA • Devices and Components II	ITuB • Nano- photonics: Plasmonics and applica- tions I	SLTuA • Slow/ Fast Light in SOAs and Photonic Crystals	STuA • High Intensity and Broadband THz Sources	SOTuA • Super- continuum Fiber Lasers
10:00-16:00	Exhibits Open, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer						
10:00-10:30	Coffee Break/Exhibits, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer						
10:30-12:30	ATuB • Radio over fiber and OCDMA	SPTuB • Advanced Modulation (ends at 11:45)	JTuA • Joi	int IPR/SL Plenar Harbour Salon B	y Session,	STuB • THz Spectroscopy and Imaging Applications	SOTuB • Chalcogenide and Tellurite Fibers (ends at 12:15)
12:30-13:30			Lun	ch Break (on your	own)	1	
1:30-15:30		JTuB • C	ongress Joint Pos	ster Session, Pier	• 4/ Harbour Ballro	oom Foyer	
15:30-16:00			Coffee Break/Ex	hibits, Pier 4/ Harl	oour Ballroom Foyer		
16:00-18:00	ATuC • Inhouse: Fiber and Wireless	SPTuC • DSP (ends at 17:30)	ITuC • Photonic Integration I	ITuD • Nano- photonics: Plasmonics and Applica- tions II	SLTuB • Methods and Fundamentals	STuC • Terahertz Waveguides, Applications, and Device Technology	SOTuC • Fiber Sensors
16:30-21:30		Advanced Photo	nics Congress Re	ception and Band	q uet, Hart House, U	Iniversity of Toronto	,

Key to Conference Abbreviations

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Agenda of Sessions — Wednesday, 15 June

	Pier 7 & 8	Harbour Salon B	Harbour Salon C	Pier 2 & 3	Harbour Salon A	Pier 5
	SPPCom	IPR	IPR	SL	Sensors	SOF
7:30-17:00			Registration O	pen, Main Foyer		
8:30-10:00	SPWA • Nonlienearities (starts at 9:00)	IWA • Modeling and Simulation III: Lasers and Emitters	IWB • Active nanophotonics, quantum dots, and nanocavities	SLWA • Nonlinear Optics and Waveguide Technologies	SWA • Biochemical Sensors I	SOWA • 1um Fiber Lasers (ends at 9:45)
10:00-10:30			Coffee Break, Ha	rbour Ballroom Foyer		
10:30-12:30	SPWB • Coding II (ends at 12:15)	IWC • Photonic Integration II	IWD • Modeling and Simulation IV: Coupled Waveguides and Resonators (ends at 12:15)	SLWB: Slow/Fast Light Systems (ends at 12:15)	SWB • Biochemical Sensors II	SOWB • Hollow Core Fibers (ends at 12:15)
12:30-13:30			Lunch Break	(on your own)		
13:30-15:30	SPWC • Transmission Systems	IWE • Photonic Integration III	IWF • Devices and Components III		SWC • Photonic Crystal Sensors	SOWC • Poled and Polarizing Fibers (ends at 15:15)
15:30-16:00		Coffe	ee Break/Exhibits, Pi	er 4/ Harbour Ballroom	Foyer	
16:00-18:00	SPWD • Optical Techniques II (ends at 17:30)		IWG • Devices and Components IV		SWD • Speckle and Nonlinear Based Imaging	SOWD • Novel Applications and Effects (ends at 17:30)
			Concluding Remarks (ends at 17:45)			(cnus at 17.50)

Key to Conference Abbreviations

ANIC	Access Networks and In-house Communications
Sensors	Optical Sensors
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Pier 9	Harbour Salon B	Harbour Salon A	Pier 5	
Access Networks and In-house Communications	Joint	Optical Sensors	Specialty Optical Fibers	
	7:00-18:30 Registration	Open, Harbour Ballroom Foyer		
8:00–10:00 AMA • Network, Market and Operator View Thomas Pfeiffer, Alcatel-Lucent, Germany, Presider	8:30–10:00 JMA • IPR/SL Keynote Speaker Session Jacob B. Khurgin, Johns Hopkins Univ., USA, Presider Luc Thévenaz, École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland, Presider	8:30-10:00 SMA • Sensors Keynote Speaker Session	8:30–9:30 SOMA • SOF Keynote Session John Ballato, Clemson Univ., USA, Presider	
AMA1 • 8:00 Invited BT NGA Deployment & Evolution Strategy as Drivers for NG-PON2 Requirements, Albert Rafel'; 'Innovation & Design, Adastral Park, Martlesham Heath, UK. This paper outlines the current regulatory situation in the UK and BT's open access operating model. It presents BT's cur- rent FTTP architecture and design giving details of the interconnection points for unbundling purposes at Ethernet level as well as the compo- nents making the design future proof.				
AMA2 • 8:30 Invited Next Generation Optical Access Networks, Ronald Heron'; ¹ Access CTO Team, Alcatel-Lucent, Canada. Future optical access networks must sup- port increased rate, reach, split, multi-operator access & wireline/wireless convergence. This paper outlines the role, challenges and break- throughs of NG technologies including TDM- PON, WDM-PON & TWDM-PON.	Opening Comments • 8:30	The Sensors Keynote speaker(s) will be a an- nounced on the Update Sheet. Please check the Update sheet for speaker listings.	Opening Comments • 8:30	
	JMA1 • 8:45 Plenary Slow Light Enhanced Nonlinear Effects in Peri- odic Structures, Benjamin Eggleton; Univ. of Syd- ney, Australia. The generation of intense single- cycle THz pulses by tilted-pulse-front techniques for probing ultrafast nonlinear THz dynamics in semiconductors is described. Full-field imaging of THz Cherenkov waves and novel THz pulse detection methods are also discussed.		SOMA1 • 8:45 Keynote Prospects and Challenges in High Power Fiber Laser Technology, Andreas Tunnermann ^{1,2} , Jens Limpert ² ; ¹ Fraunhofer Inst. for Applied Optics and Precision Engineering, Germany; ² Inst. for Applied Physics, Friedrich-Schiller-Univ., Ger- many. Solid-state lasers are attractive sources of coherent radiation for various applications. At present fiber lasers and amplifiers are capturing the different markets. Novel developments and	
AMA3 • 9:00 Invited Practical Hybrid PON Technologies, Naoto Yoshimoto ¹ ; ¹ Access Network Service Systems Laboratories, NTT, Japan. This paper describes possible access network architectures using hybrid PON technologies designed to meet operators' requirements in the next decade. From the technical continuity viewpoint, TDM based WDM-PON will be a promising candidate.			challenges in high-power fiber laser technology are reviewed.	
AMA4 • 9:30 Invited Green Hybrid Optical/Wireless Access/In- House Networks, Leonid Kazovsky ¹ , Kadir Albeyoglu ¹ , Tolga Ayhan ¹ ; ¹ Stanford Univ., USA. This paper focuses on energy efficient hybrid access networks. Solutions to underutilization of network are investigated. Power optimization of distributed antenna systems and cell-breathing technology for hybrid access networks are explored.	JMA2 • 9:30 Invited Monitoring and Controlling Slow Light in Photonic Crystals, Daryl M. Beggs ¹ , Isabella H. Rey ² , Tobias Kampfrath', Thomas Krauss ² , Kobus Kuipers'; ¹ FOM Inst. AMOLF, Netherlands; ³ School of Physics & Astronomy, Univ. of St Andrews, UK. By performing ultrafast pump-probe experi- ments, we show the 0.3THz adiabatic frequency conversion of pulses in a slow-light photonic crystal waveguide with 80% efficiency. We dem- onstrate the use of this conversion scheme in a delay line.			
	10:00-10:30 Coffee Break	, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer		
	10.00 10.00 5.444.	n, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer		

Monday 13 June

Access Networks and In-house

Communications

Pier 7 & 8

Signal Processing in Photonics

Communications

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

10:30–12:30 AMB • Green Access and Operations

A. Koonen, Technische Univ. Eindhoven, Netherlands, Presider

AMB1 • 10:30 Invited

Research Directions for Low Energy Access Networks, Peter Vetter¹, Dusan Suvakovic'; 'Bell Labs - Alcatel-Lucent, USA. The paper addresses different options for reduction of energy consumption in fixed access networks, studied by the GreenTouch consortium. A combination of different concepts willlead to an energy efficiency improvement of more than 100x.

10:30–12:30 SPMA • High Spectral Efficiency Ezra Ip, NEC Labs, USA, Presider

SPMA1 • 10:30 Invited

High Spectral-Efficiency Transmission Techniques for Systems Beyond 100 Gb/s, Xiang Liu¹, S. Chandrasekhar¹; ¹Alcatel-Lucent, USA. We review recent progress on high spectral-efficiency optical transmission with per-channel data rates beyond 100 Gb/s. Enabling technologies such as high-level QAM modulation and multiband superchannel transmission are discussed.

10:30–12:30 IMA • Modeling and Simulation I: Plasmonics Junji Yamauchi; Hosei Univ., Japan, Presider

IMA1 • 10:30 Invited

IMA2 • 11:00 Invited

in fishnet metamaterials.

Theory and Modelling of Gain in Nano-

Plasmonics and Metamaterials, Ortwin Hess,

Joachim Hamm; Imperial College, London. We

give an overview of the theory and modeling

of amplification and gain in nano-plasmonic

metamaterials and discuss novel results of full

time-domain simulations shedding light on the

coupled spatio-temporal plasmon-light dynamics

Optical Forces in Plasmonic Nanostructures: New Functionalities for Nanophotonic Circuits, Olivier Martin¹; ¹ Swiss Federal Inst. Of Technology, Lausanne (EPFL), Switzerland. We study in detail the modeling requirements for realistic plasmonic nanostructures and show that strong field gradients created at their vicinity can be used to trap nanostructures; this plasmonic trapping is also demonstrated experimentally. IMB • Nanophotonics: Waveguides, Optomechanics, and SOI-based Technologies Susumu Noda; Kyoto Univ., Presider

IMB1 • 10:30 Invited

10:30-12:30

Exploiting Photosensitivity in Chalcogenideassisted Integrated Optics, Andrea Melloni¹, Antonio Canciamilla¹, Carlo Ferrari¹, Stefano Grillanda¹, Francesco Morichetti¹, Philippe Velha², Marc Sorel², Juejun Hu³, J. David Musgraves⁴, Bogdan Zdyrko4, Igor Luzinov4, Kathleen Richardson4, Vivek Singh⁵, Anu Agarwal⁵, Lionel Kimerling⁵; ¹Dipart di Electtronica e Informazione, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; ²EEE Dept., Univ. of Glasgow, UK; ³Dept. of Materials Science & Engineering, Univ. of Delaware, USA; 4Ctr. For Optical Materials Science and Engineering Technologies (COMSET), Clemson Univ., USA; 5Microphotonics Center, Massachusetts Inst. Of Technology, USA. We show the potential of post-fabrication trimming of integrated devices by exploiting photosensitivity in chalcogenide glass. Compensation of fabrication tolerances is demonstrated in As2S3 and As2S3-assisted silicon ring filters.

IMB2 • 11:00

Nonvolatile Optomechanical Memory Enabled by Dynamic Optical Backaction, Mahmood Bagheri¹, Menno Poot¹, Wolfram Pernice¹, Hong Tang¹; 'Electrical Engineering, Yale Univ., USA. We demonstrate coherent switching of nanomechanical resonators by optical cooling and amplification. The dynamic manipulation by optical backaction drives nanomechanical resonators at high amplitudes. A non-volatile memory is also demonstrated.

IMB3 • 11:15

Enhancing FWM Conversion Efficiency in a Silicon Waveguide by exploiting Phase-Matching via a Pump-induced Nonlinear Grating, Jeffrey B. Driscoll, Xiaoping Liu', Richard Grote', Jerry I. Dadap', Nicolae C. Panoiu², Richard M. Osgood'; ¹Microelectronics Sciences Labs., Columbia Univ, USA; ²Dept. of Electronic and Electrical Engineering, Univ. College London, UK. We show that the anisotropy of Si may be used to induce a nonlinear grating on-chip, which could be exploited by FWM to phase-match signals well outside of the conversion bandwidth, allowing a >10dB conversion-efficiency-enhancement.

IMB4 • 11:30

Theoretical Investigation of CMOS-Compatible Metal-Oxide-Silicon-Oxide-Metal Waveguides, Min-Suk Kwon'; 'Optical Engineering, Sejong Univ, Republic of Korea. We propose a metaloxide-silicon-oxide-metal (MOSOM) waveguide that is a hybrid plasmonic waveguide, and we discuss its fabrication process based on standard CMOS fabrication tools. Its characteristics are theoretically investigated and explained.

AMB2 • 11:00 Invited

Implications of ODN on Energy Consumption in Access Networks, Antonio Teixeira¹², Ali Shapari¹, ¹Univ. de Aveiro, Portugal; ²Nokia Siemens Networks, Portugal. The problem of installed fiber plants and the issue of energy consumption are two challenging points in the current technoeconomical environment. This paper addresses the investment and interface technology level in Optical Distribution Network (ODN).

Long Reach PON Fault Management and

Protection System, Maged A. Esmail^{1,2}, Habib

Fathallah^{1,2}; ¹Electrical Engineering, King Saud

Univ., Saudi Arabia; ²Prince Sultan Advanced

Technologies Res. Inst. (PSATRI), Saudi Arabia.

We propose a fault management and protection

system for the ring-and-spur long reach PON. We

use passive optical components in the field. We

found that our system has recovery time 0.5ms

SPMA2 • 11:00 Invited

SPMA3 • 11:30 Invited

Ultra High Capacity Transmission Based on

High-Order QAM for Future Optical Trans-

port Networks, Takayuki Kobayashi¹, Akihide

Sano¹, Akihiko Matsuura¹, Tadao Nakagawa¹, Eiji

Yoshida¹, Miyamoto Yutaka¹; ¹NTT Network In-

novation Laboratories, NTT, Japan. High-capacity

transmission using high-order QAM enhanced

by powerful DSP is being intensely investigated.

In this paper, we review recent high capacity

transmission approaches and propose a 400-Gb/s

superchannel configuration for future OTNs.

Chromatic Dispersion-Tolerant Higher-Order Multilevel Transmission with Optical Delay Detection, Nobuhiko Kikuchi'; 'Central Reseach Lab., Hitachi, Japan. We present a practical receiver-side chromatic dispersion (CD) compensation scheme for higher-order multilevel signaling using optical delay-detection, and up to 40-Gbit/s 16QAM signaling experiments have been demonstrated with large tolerance to CD (±40-km SSMF) and laser phase noise (1-MHz linewidth).

IMA3 • 11:30

absorbing boundaries.

Transmission Line Modeling of Nano-Plasmonic Devices, Osman S. Ahmed¹, Mohamed A. Swillam², Mohamed H. Bakr¹, Xun Li¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada; ²Physics, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. We demonstrate the application of the time domain transmission line method (TLM) to accurate modeling of surface plasmon polariton (SPP) structures. The constructed TLM allows for modeling of dispersive materials and perfect

AMB3 • 11:30

as an upper bound.

Energy Consump-Chrom

Harbour Salon A

Pier 5

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

10:30-12:30

SLMA • Applications of Slow/Fast Light

Luc Thévenaz; Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne, Switzerland, Presider

SLMA1 • 10:30 Invited

Progress in Slow/Fast/Stopped Light, Jacob Khurgin; John's Hopkins Univ., USA. The past 5 years have seen rapid developments of methods for manipulating the group velocity of light. In this talk we assess the current state of slow light versus fundamental limitations and attempt to identify promising application niches for slow and fast light.

10:30–12:30 SMB • Subwavelength and Plasmonic Sensors

Gilberto Brambilla, University of Southampton, UK, Presider

SMB1 • 10:30 Invited

Subwavelength Hot Spot Generation for Sensor Applications, Byoungho Lee¹, Sookyoung Roh¹, Dongho Oh¹, Jun-Bum Park¹, Eui-Young Song¹, Seong-Woo Cho¹, Il-Min Lee¹; 'Dept. of Electrical Engineering, Seoul Natl. Univ., Democratic People's Republic of Korea. We present various methods for the generation of subwavelength plasmonic hot spots for sensor applications. It is shown that the structured nano-apertures on the metal film exhibit extremely small hot spots with enhanced field intensity.

10:30–12:15 SOMB • 2um Fiber Lasers Bryce Samson, Nufern, USA, Presider

SOMB1 • 10:30 Invited

Resonantly Pumped 2 µm Holmium Fibre Lasers, Alexander Hemming¹, Shayne Bennetts¹, Nikita Simakov¹, Alan Davidson¹, John Haub¹, Adrian Carter²; IDSTO, Australia; ²Nufern, USA. We have demonstrated the first resonantly pumped double-clad holmium-doped fibre laser. An output power of 99W with 65% slope efficiency versus absorbed power was achieved at 2.12µm.

SLMA2 • 11:00 Invited

Movable Dynamic Grating-Based Optical Delay Line in Polarization Maintaining Fibers, Sanghoon Chin¹, Nikolay Primerov¹, Luc Thévenaz¹; 'Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne, Switzerland. A new type of all optical delay line is realized in fibers. A local dynamic grating reflector can be generated everywhere in the fiber, demonstrating >1 us delay for 650 ps pulses.

SMB2 • 11:00

Nanoparticle Identification from a Liquid Matrix Using the Maximum Entropy Method for SPR Reflectance, Jarkko J. Saarinen¹, Erik M. Vartiainen², Kai-Erik Peiponen³; ¹Center for Functional Materials, Abo Akademi University, Finland; ¹Department of Physics, Lappeenranta Univ. of Technology, Finland; ¹Department of Physics and Mathematics, Univ. of Eastern Finland, Finland. We show that surface plasmon resonance (SPR) reflectance measurement can be used to identify nanoparticles from a liquid matrix using the maximum entropy method once the optical properties of the host liquid are known.

SMB3 • 11:15

Vertical Wall Affinity Sensor with Polarization Diversity, Muhammad Alam¹, Stewart Aitchison¹, Mo Mojahedi¹; ¹Univ. of Toronto, Canada. We propose a highly sensitive biosensor consisting of a vertical metal plane separated from a vertical silicon layer by a narrow gap. The sensor provides high sensitivity and polarization diversity.

SOMB2 • 11:00 Invited

2um Fiber Lasers, Martin Richardson, Lawrence Shah, R. Andrews Sims, Christina C.C. Willis, Pankaj Kadwani, Joshua Bradford; CREOL, Univ. of Central Florida, USA. We review recent progress exploiting the unique characteristics of high power 2 um Tm fiber lasers in the spectral and the temporal domains. These developments offer new opportunities for applications in many areas.

SLMA3 • 11:30

All-optical Calculus Based on Dynamic Brillouin Grating Reflectors in Optical Fibers, Nikolay Primerov¹, Sanghoon Chin¹, Luc Thévenaz¹, Leonora Ursini², Marco Santagiustina²; ¹EPFL, Switzerland; ²Univ. of Padova, Italy. We experimentally demonstrate that all-optical signal calculus can be realized based on dynamic Brillouin gratings in optical fibers. Temporal integration and first-order differentiation were performed for optical pulse with various waveforms.

SMB4 • 11:30

Interrogation of Gold-Coated TFBG-SPR Refractometers Based on Differential Orthogonal Light States, Valerie Voisin¹, Christophe Caucheteur¹, Patrice Mégret¹, Jacques Albert², ¹SET, UMONS, Belgium; ²Department of electronics, Carleton Univ, Canada. A demodulation technique based on orthogonally polarized spectra of gold-coated tilted fiber Bragg gratings is proposed to measure the surrounding refractive index by comparing the differential amplitude of resonance peaks near a Plasmon resonance.

SOMB3 • 11:30

Tunable Operation of Tm-Doped Fiber Ring Laser Controlled by Microbend-Induced Fiber Grating, Hajime Sakata¹, Marie Ichikawa¹, Shungo Araki¹, Hiroyuki Nakagami¹; ¹Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Shizuoka Univ., Japan. We demonstrate a 1.9-µm band Tm-doped fiber ring laser by using bi-directional pumping with 1.6 µm laser diodes. The lasing wavelength is controlled by shifting the inter-resonance-mode passband due to a microbendinduced long-period fiber grating.

Sessions continue on page XX.

Access Networks and In-house

Communications

SPMA • High Spectral

Efficiency—Continued

Signal Processing in Photonics

Communications

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

AMB • Green Access and Operations—Continued

AMB4 • 11:45

In-service Measurement of Fiber Fault in WDM-PON, Jingjing Liu¹, Nianyu Zou¹, Zhe Kang¹, Dong Wang², Ping Li¹; ¹Research Institute of Photonics, China; ²Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications, Information & Electronics Technology Lab, China. A scheme for in-service measurement of fiber fault in WDM-PON is proposed, which can monitor all the fiber branches simultaneously without disturbing the service, and locate the failure point accurately by a selective OTDR.

AMB5 • 12:00 Invited

High Speed Short Range Links, S. Ralph; ¹Georgia Tech., USA. Abstract Not Available.

SPMA4 • 12:00

Performance of Digital Nyquist-WDM, Gabriella Bosco¹, Vittorio Curri¹, Andrea Carena¹, Pierluigi Poggiolini¹, Fabrizio Forghieri², ¹Politecnico di Torino, Italy; ²Cisco Photonics Italy, Italy. We investigate by simulation the performance of Nyquist-WDM signals generated using highspeed digital-to-analog converters (DACs) with either PM-QPSK or PM-16QAM modulation, taking into account speed and bandwidth properties of state-of-the-art DACs.

SPMA5 • 12:15

Real-Time Nyquist Pulse Modulation Transmitter Generating Rectangular Shaped Spectra of 112 Gbit/s 16QAM Signals, Rene Schmogrow¹, Marcus Winter¹, Matthias Meyer¹, David Hillerkuss¹, Bernd Nebendahl³, Joachim Meyer², Michael Dreschmann², Michael Huebner², Juergen Becker², Christian Koos¹, Wolfgang Freude¹, Juerg Leuthhold1; 1Institute of Photonics and Quantumelectronics, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany; ²Institute for Information Processing, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany; 3Agilent Technologies, Germany. A real-time softwaredefined transmitter generating Nyquist pulses with nearly rectangular spectra is demonstrated at 56 Gbit/s for PDM-QPSK and 112 Gbit/s for PDM-16QAM.

IMA • Modeling and Simulation I: Plasmonics— Continued

IMA4 • 11:45

High-Accuracy Calculations of Light Scattering by Plasmonic Cylinders Using the Legendre Pseudospectral Frequency-Domain (PSFD) Method, Chih-Yu Wang', Shih-Yung Chung', Chun-Hao Teng², Chung-Ping Chen⁴, Hung-chung', Chang¹; 'Electrical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ, Taiwan; 'Applied Mathematics, National Chiao Tung Univ, Taiwan. A high-order accurate pseudospectral frequency-domain (PSFD) method is used to analyze light scattering by plasmonic cylinders. Field coupling and enhancement within the gap of close spaced cylinders are examined.

IMA5 • 12:00

Polarizability of Single Split-Ring Nanoresonators at Optical Frequencies, Yury Terekhov¹, Anton V. Zhuravlev¹, Gennady V. Belokopytov¹; ¹Oscillations Department, M. V. Lomonosov Moscow State Univ, Russian Federation. Full polarizability matrix including magnetoelectric cross-components of single SRR was calculated by finite elements method. Three plasmon modes which defines resonance behavior of polarizability were identified.

IMA6 • 12:15

Low-loss Dielectric-coated Hollow Rectangular Plasmonic Waveguide supporting THz Guidance, B. M. Azizur Rahman', Anita Quadir', Huda Tanvir', Ken T. V. Grattan'; 'Electrical Electronic and Information Engineering, City Univ. London, UK. Modal characteristics of a THz waveguide using an H-field based finite element method is presented. It is shown that by introducing Teflon coating, propagation loss of a hollowcore rectangular plasmonic waveguide can be significantly reduced.

IMB • Nanophotonics: Waveguides, Optomechanics, and SOI-based Technologies— Continued

IMB5 • 11:45

Design and Fabrication of Thermo-Optic Tunable Guided-Mode Resonance Filters, Mohammad J. Uddin¹, Robert Magnusson¹; ¹Electrical Engineering, Univ. of Texas at Arlington, USA. A novel thermo-optic tunable guided-mode resonance filter is designed and fabricated. The fabricated filter has a spectral width of 12 nm, tuning range of 15 nm, and tuning efficiency of 0.15 nm per degree Celsius.

IMB6 • 12:00

Highly Efficient Broadband Silicon-on-Insulator Grating Couplers for the Short Wave Infrared Wavelength Range, Bart Kuyken', Nannicha Hattasan', Diedrik Vermeulen', Shankar K. Selvaraja', Wim Bogaerts', William Green', Roel Baets', Gunther Roelkens'; 'PRG Ghent, PRG Ghent Univ./Imec, Belgium; 'IBM TJ Watson Res. Ctr., USA. We demonstrate broadband siliconon-insulator fiber-to-chip grating couplers for the short wave infrared region. The devices show a peak coupling loss of -5.2 dB at 2150 nm and a 3 dB bandwidth of 160 nm.

IMB7 • 12:15

Polymer-Clad Silicon on Insulator Slot Modulator, Xi Chen¹, David Espinoza¹, Eric Dudley¹, Zheng Li¹, Moustafa Mohamed¹, Yonghao Cui¹, Won Park¹, Li Shang¹, Alan Mickelson¹; ¹Electrical Computer and Energy Engineering, Univ. of Colorado at Boulder, USA. A commercially fabricated slot waveguide is postprocessed with FIB deposited electrodes and polymer coating to function as a modulator. A model for modulation based on transmission measurements is used to optimize it within commercial rules.

12:30–13:30 Lunch Break (on your own)

Advanced Photonics: OSA Optics & Photonics Congress • 12–15 June 2011

Pier 5

Slow and Fast Light	Optical Sensors	Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SLMA • Applications of Slow/Fast Light— Continued SMB • Subwavelength and Plasmonic Sensors—Continued SOMB • 2um Fiber Lasers—Continued

SLMA4 • 11:45

Phase Locking of SBS Slow Light in a 2.2-km Single-Mode Fiber, Joseph E. Vornehm¹, Aaron Schweinsberg¹, Zhimin Shi¹, Robert Boyd^{1,2}; ¹Inst. Of Optics, Univ. of Rochester, USA; ²Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Ottawa, Canada. A stimulated Brillouin scattering (SBS) slow light system in a 2.2-km single-mode fiber was phase locked to a reference signal. Optical pulses of 6.5 ns duration were delayed 0.9 pulse width while maintaining lock.

SMB5 • 11:45

Ultra-Sensitive (Acoustic) Pressure Sensor with High Temporal Resolution, Balthasar Fischer¹, Ernst Wintner¹, ¹Photonics Institute, Univ. of Technology Vienna, Austria. A novel all-optical pressure sensor is presented. Based on a rigid Fabry-Pérot, the transducer detects refractive index changes induced by pressure fluctuations. This design is so sensitive that the miniaturized device is applicable as microphone.

SOMB4 • 11:45 Invited

Tm-doped Multi-component Glass Fibers for 2um Fiber Lasers, Shibin Jiang¹; ¹Advalue Photonics, USA. Highly Tm-doped silicate glasses and fibers exhibit a high slope efficiency of 68.3% and a gain per unit length of greater than 2dB/cm. Single frequency fiber lasers with laser linewidth less than 3kHz, Q-switched single frequency fiber lasers, and mode-locked fiber lasers near 2 micron wavelength were demonstrated using this newly developed fiber.

SLMA5 • 12:00 Invited

Microwave Photonics Applications Using Slow and Fast Light Effects, Juan Sancho¹, Juan Lloret¹, Ivana Gasulla¹, Salvador Sales¹, José Capmany¹; ¹ITEAM Res. Inst., Univ. Politecnica Valencia, Spain. We review the potential applicability of SFL techniques to the field of Microwave photonics. The main results obtained for several applications such as filtering, phased array antennas, arbitrary waveform generation and OEO will be analyzed.

SMB6 • 12:00

Infrared radiation detector interrogated by Optical Frequency Domain Reflectometer (OFDR), Kivilcim Yüksel¹, Christophe Caucheteur¹, Jean-Michel Renoirt², Patrice Mégret¹, Marc Debliquy², Marc Wullpart¹; ¹Electromagnetism and Telecommunications, U-MONS, Belgium; ²Material Science Unit, Univ. of Mons, Belgium. We experimentally demonstrated a fast infrared radiation sensor. The system is applicable in a quasi-distributed configuration to cover a large area using a single interrogation unit (OFDR) for early fire detection.

SMB7 • 12:15

Truly Continuous-Wave Spatial-Domain Cavity Ring-Down Technique Based on Frequency-Shifted Interferometry, Fei Ye¹, Bing Qi¹, Li Qian¹; ¹Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada. We present a novel spatial-domain cavity ring-down technique using frequency-shifted interferometry, by monitoring the intensity decay of a continuouswave beam circulating in a fiber-loop cavity. It was applied to fiber bend loss measurements.

12:30–13:30 Lunch Break (on your own)

Access Networks and In-house Communications

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

13:30-15:15 AMC • OFDM-PON Pandelis Kourtessis, UK, Presider

AMC1 • 13:30 Invited

The "Five W's" of OFDM for Optical Access: What, Why, Where, When and How? Neda Cvijetic1; 1NEC US, USA. The "Five W's" of OFDM-based optical access are addressed, covering technology principles and recent progress, application scenarios for future PON systems, the near-term development timeline, and the practical outlook for key DSP-based enabling technologies.

AMC2 • 14:00

A Novel Upstream Link Scheme for OOFDM-PON, Qingyi Guo¹, Kan He¹, Xun Li¹, Weiping Huang¹; ¹Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada. We propose an efficient OOFDM-PON scheme: orthogonal subcarrier multiplexing at the ONU with colorless laser diode, and all-optical FFT at the OLT for high speed demultiplexing. The deterioration caused by laser perturbation is also investigated.

AMC3 • 14:15

Dynamic Subcarrier Allocation for OFDMA-PONs with Monitoring Mechanism, Wansu Lim¹, Pandelis Kourtessis¹, Milos Milosavljevic¹, John Senior¹; ¹Optical Networks Group, Science and Technology Research Inst. (STRI), Univ. of Hertfordshire, UK. A new protocol design for 10G OFDMA-PONs is reported, demonstrating dynamic subcarrier allocation based on monitoring of each ONU's queuing status. 0.7 ms packet delay and 540 Mbps throughput were achieved for SLA0 ONUs.

AMC4 • 14:30 Invited

Benchmarking Comparison of Physical Laver Performance for Various Implementations of OFDM Access Networks, Ioannis Tomkos1, Elias Giacoumidis¹, Athanasios Kavatzikidis¹, Ivan Cano², Josep Prat²; ¹AIT, Greece; ²UPC, Spain. A survey of optical transmission techniques based on Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) is presented. The characteristics and power budget/transmission performance of these methods are evaluated on optical access networks.

SPMB3 • 14:30

Bank for Reduced-Guard-Interval Coherent Optical OFDM, Alex Tolmachev¹, Moshe Nazarathy1; 1EE, Technion, Israel. Smart multi-band signal processing yields substantial reduction of FDE FFT complexity for recent Reduced Guard Interval (RGI) techniques emerging in ultra-broadband long-haul OFDM, providing the simplest high-performance QPSK-OFDM system.

Low-Complexity Multi-Band Polyphase Filter

SPMB4 • 14:45

Compensation for Dispersion-Enhanced Phase Noise in Reduced-Guard-Interval CO-OFDM Transmissions, Qunbi Zhuge¹, David V. Plant¹; 1Electrical & Computer Engineering, McGill University, Canada. We propose a dual-polarization grouped maximum-likelihood algorithm to compensate for the dispersion-enhanced phase noise of reduced-guard-interval (RGI) CO-OFDM. The laser linewidth tolerance is increased to 2 MHz after a 4800 km transmission.

13:30-15:30 IMC • Modeling and **Simulation II: Periodic** Structures and Waveguides Hung-chun Chang, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan, Presider

Harbour Salon B

IMC1 • 13:30 Invited

Homogenization of Dielectric Rod-type Metamaterials, Didier Felbacq¹, Guy Bouchitte²; ¹Lab. Charles Coulomb, Univ. de Montpellier II, France; ²Lab. IMATH, Univ. du Sud-Toulon-Var, France. The scattering by a medium with dielectric is considered, when the wavelength is larger than the period. Various regimes are demonstrated: quasi-static homogenization, artificial magnetism near resonances, spatial dispersion.

IMC2 • 14:00

Analyzing Photonic Crystals with Arbitrary Unit Cells Using Boundary Integral Equations, Wangtao Lu^{1,2}, Ya Yan Lu³; ¹Joint Advanced Res. Ctr. of USTC and City Univ., China; ²Univ. of Science and Technology of China, China; 3City Univ. of Hong Kong, Hong Kong. An accurate boundary integral equation method is developed for analyzing 2D photonic crystals where the cylinders in the unit cells have arbitrary shapes and corners. It first calculates the so-called Neumann-to-Dirichlet map for unit cells.

IMC3 • 14:15

Analysis of Periodic Structures at Oblique Incidence Using an LOD-FDTD Method, Yuu Wakabayashi¹, Jun Shibayama¹, Junji Yamauchi¹, Hisamatsu Nakano¹; ¹Hosei Univ., Japan. A broadband mirror consisting of a subwavelength grating is analyzed using a locally one-dimensional FDTD method with the periodic boundary condition. A high reflectivity is obtained around wavelengths of 1.4µm and 1.9µm.

IMC4 • 14:30

Tailoring the Far Field of Bragg Reflection Waveguides, Nima Zareian¹, Amr S. Helmy¹, Payam Abolghasem¹; ¹Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. A comprehensive study of the far field of Bragg reflection waveguides is presented. Insight obtained by a newly developed Gaussian approximation of the near field provides a valuable tool for optimizing the far-field pattern.

IMC5 • 14:45

Full-Vectorial Finite-Difference Scheme for the Analysis of Thin-Layered Structures, Cheng-Han Du1, Yih-Peng Chiou12; 1Graduate Inst. of Photonics and Optoelectronics, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan; ²Dept. of Electrical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan. We develop a fullvectorial finite-difference formulation for layered structures. Fields and their derivatives across the layers are related by matrices. Sampled points can step over multiple layers. The computation is greatly saved.

13:30-15:30 **IMD** • Nanophotonics: Waveguides, Lasers, and SOI-**Based Technologies**

Dragomir Neshev; Australian Natl. Univ., Australia, Presider

IMD1 • 13:30 Invited

Generalized Bragg Reflection Waveguides for Monolithic Frequency Converters Using Second Order Nonlinearity, Amr S. Helmy1; 1ECE, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. Recent advances in phasematching using Bragg reflection waveguides are discussed. Limitations on the choice of materials are highlighted. Multilayer cores demonstrated as novel design which allows for relaxed constraints over the material choice.

IMD2 • 14:00

Engineering Circular Multiple Light Scattering For Polarization-Insensitive Planar Diffraction. Jacob Trevino¹, Luca Dal Negro^{2,1}; ¹Division of Material Science and Engineering, Boston Univ., USA; ²Electrical and Computer Engineering, Boston Univ., USA. Plasmonic aperiodic spirals, which are shown to support structural resonances carrying orbital angular momentum, are investigated by dark-field imaging with analytical multi-particle calculations in the framework of the Generalized Mie Theory.

IMD3 • 14:15

Comparison of Cascade, Baseline, and Lattice Architectures for Ultra-Compact RF Photonic Filters on SOI, Payam Alipour¹, Ali Asghar Eftekhar¹, Amir Hossein Atabaki¹, Qing Li¹, Siva Yegnanarayanan¹, Christi K. Madsen², Ali Adibi¹; ¹Georgia Inst. of Technology, USA; ²Texas A&M Univ., USA. We compare the cascade, baseline, and lattice architectures for a four-pole, fourzero photonic filter implemented using high-Q resonator-based components on SOI. These filters are fully reconfigurable and very compact (total area 0.15 mm2).

IMD4 • 14:30

Luneburg lens in Silicon-on-Insulator platform, Andrea Di Falco¹, Susanne C. Kehr¹, Ulf Leonhardt¹; ¹School of Physics and Astronomy, Univ. of St Andrews. UK. We discuss the design and experimental demonstration of an integrated Luneburg lens realized in Silicon-on-Insulator platform, via grey-scale lithography. The lens implements on-chip Fourier transform, independently on the angle of incidence.

IMD5 • 14:45

Effects of Scatterer Size and Concentration on the Spectral Features of Dye-Based Random Lasers, Natanael Cuando-Espitia¹, Juan Hernández-Cordero¹, Crescencio García-Segundo², Rosa Quispe-Sicha²; ¹Inst. de Investigaciones en Materiales, Mexico; 2Centro de Ciencias Aplicadas y Desarrollo Tecnológico, UNAM, Mexico. Random lasers varying concentration and size of SiO2 scatterers were analyzed. We report on the dependence of the spectral features (wavelength and full width at half maximum) on the size and concentration of the scatterers.

Sessions continue on page XX.

Integrated Photonics Research,

Silicon and Nano Photonics

13:30-15:30

Japan

SPMB • OFDM

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications

Nobuhiko Kikuchi, Hitachi Ltd,

Terabit/s Super-Channels Based on OFDM,

Juerg Leuthold¹, W. Freude¹, C. Koos¹, D. Hiller-

kuss¹, R. Schmogrow¹, S. Ben Ezra²; ¹Institute of

Photonics and Quantum Electronics (IPQ) &

Institute of Microstructure Technology (IMT)

at Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Karlsruhe,

Germany; ²Finisar Corporation, Nes Ziona,

Israel. OFDM emerges as a viable technology

for the generation of Terabit/s super-channels. We review the concepts behind electrical and all-optical OFDM and report on recent electrical 100 Gbit/s and 26 Tbit/s all-optical super-channel

Digital Signal Processing for Multi-gigabit

Real-time OFDM, Qi Yang¹; ¹State Key Labora-

tory of Optical Communication Technologies

and Networks, China. We summarize the digital

signal processing for multigigabit real-time op-

tical OFDM. Various OFDM procedures and

algorithms are discussed with a focus on OFDM

SPMB1 • 13:30 Invited

generation experiments.

receiver implementation.

SPMB2 • 14:00

Pier 7 & 8

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

13:30-15:30

SLMB • Applications of Slow/Fast Light II Marco Santagiustina, Univ. degli Studi di Padova, Italy, Presider

13:30-15:30

SMC1 • 13:30 Invited

SMC • Spectral and Biomedical Imaging Alex Vitkin, UHN Res., Canada, Presider

Sensors Based on Optical Fibre Microwires Coils and Related

Resonators, Gilberto Brambilla1; 1Optoelectronics Research Centre,

UK. This talk will review part of the work carried out recently

at the University of Southampton on the use of microfiber coils

13:30-15:30

SOMC • Novel Glass and Fluoride Fibers Ishwar Aggarwal; US NRL, USA, Presider

Glass for Optical Fibers, Ji Wang; Corning, USA. The talk will

review the requirement of key glass attributes for optical fiber

fabrication for both soft (multi-component) glasses, and high-silica

based glasses. Examples will be given in each case on how the glass

properties are tailored via composition and/or processing for suc-

SLMB1 • 13:30 Invited

Slow Light for Cancer Detection: Ultrasound-Modulated Optical Tomography Using Slow Light in Spectral Hole Burning Materials, Philip Hemmer¹, Stefan Kroll², Lihong Wang³, Huiliang Zhang¹, Mahmood Sabooni², Lars Rippe², Chulhong Kim³; ¹Texas A&M Univ., USA; ²Lund Univ., Sweden; ³Washington Univ. in St Louis, USA. Ultrasound modulated optical tomography allows optical imaging with ultrasound resolution in highly scattering tissue, with application to early tumor detection. Slow light provides additional time domain filtering to enhance detection sensitivity.

SLMB2 • 14:00

Demonstration of a Slow-Light Laser Radar with Two-Dimensional Scanning, Aaron Schweinsberg¹, Zhimin Shi¹, Joseph E. Vornehm¹, Robert Boyd^{1,2}; ¹Optics, Univ. of Rochester, USA; ²Physics, Univ. of Ottawa, Canada. We demonstrate a proof-of-concept system for steering a coherently-combined multi-aperture slow-light laser radar. Each aperture incorporates slow-light elements, using dispersive delay and SBS, to ensure power overlap at the target.

SLMB3 • 14:15 Optical Control of the Faraday Effect in a Slow-light

SMC2 • 14:00

for sensing.

Embedded Microfiber in Microchip for High Sensitivity Evanescent Field Absorbance Detection, Lei Zhang1, Limin Tong1; 1Zhejiang Univ., China. A 1.5-µm-diameter microfiber was embedded in a microchip for high sensitivity evanescent field absorbance detection. The sensitivity of the device was investigated by measuring the absorbance of Methylene Blue, achieving a detection limit of 2.8 µM.

SOMC2 • 14:00 Invited

SOMC1 • 13:30 Invited

cessful fiber optic applications.

US Manufacture of IR Fibers, Francoise Chenard¹; ¹IRflex Corporation, USA. IRflex is the only US company specializing in the production of fiber-optic devices for mid-infrared applications from 2-12 micron. Our innovative mid-infrared fiber enables the development and production of leading-edge critical devices.

Medium, Ifan Hughes¹, Paul Siddons¹, Lee Weller¹, Charles S. Adams1; 1Physics Dept., Durham Uni., UK. We demonstrate modified Faraday polarization rotation of an optical field controlled by a pump beam in hot rubidium vapour. Induced rotations of greater than $\pi/2$ rad are seen with a transmission of 95%.

SMC3 • 14:15

Tactical-grade Interferometric Fiber Optic Gyroscope Driven with a Narrow-Linewidth Laser, Seth W. Lloyd¹, Michel Digonnet¹, Shanhui Fan1; 1Electrical Engineering, Stanford Univ., USA. We report on the use of narrowband lasers in fiber optic gyroscopes using solid-core and microstructured air-core fiber coils. We present theoretical and experimental results and discuss the benefits over traditional fiber gyroscopes.

SLMB4 • 14:30 Invited

Optomechanically Induced Transparency, Albert Schliesser¹, Samuel Deleglise¹, Stefan Weis¹, Rémi Rivière¹, Emanuel Gavartin¹, Olivier Arcizet², Tobias Kippenberg¹; ¹EPFL, Switzerland; ²Inst. Néel, France. In analogy to electromagnetically induced transparency observed in atomic systems, we demonstrate that the transmission of a probe laser beam through an optomechanical device can be modulated using a second, "control" laser beam.

SMC4 • 14:30

In-line Evanescent-Wave Microfluidic Absorption Sensor Based on an Embedded Optical Microfiber Coil, Roberto Lorenzi^{1,2}, Yongmin Jung², Gilberto Brambilla²; ¹Department of Materials Science, Università degli Studi di Milano-Bicocca, Italy; ²Optoelectronic Research Centre, Univ. of Southampton, UK. We present the absorption spectra collected with an evanescent-field absorption sensor. The device comprises a fluidic channel with an embedded fiber coil resonator. Deviations from Beer-Lambert law will be discussed in terms of adsorption mechanism.

SMC5 • 14:45

High Finesse Fiber Bragg Grating Cavity and Its Applications in Temperature-invariable Strain Sensing, Xijia Gu¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Ryerson Univ., Canada. A novel fiber strain sensor based on a high finesse fiber Bragg grating cavity was demonstrated. The sensor responded linearly to applied strain, however is immune to temperature variation and thus solved strain-temperature duality problem.

SOMC3 • 14:30

Laser Sintering of c-YAG Fiber, Jonathan Goldstein¹, Geoff Fair¹, David Zelmon¹, Heedong Lee²; ¹Air Force Research Lab, USA; ²UES, USA. A small section of extruded green fiber of ceramic YAG has been densified by means of laser beam sintering with a 1.6W beam from a CO2 laser, sintered for approximately 1 minute.

SOMC4 • 14:45

Characterization of High-Purity Tellurite Glasses for Fiber Optics, Vitaly Dorofeev¹, Alexander Moiseev¹, Mikhail Churbanov¹, Victor Plotnichenko², Alexey Kosolapov², Evgeny Dianov²; ¹Inst. of Chemistry of High-Purity Substances of RAS, Russian Federation; ²Fiber Optics Research Center RAS, Russian Federation. High-purity TeO2-(WO3, La2O3, ZnO, Na2O, Bi2O3) optically homogeneous glasses with OH-groups absorption of 0.001 - 0.012 cm-1 (~3 $\mu m)$ and optical losses of 50-100 dB/km (1.56 $\mu m)$ were prepared. High quality optical fibers were made from them.

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

AMC • OFDM-PON—Continued

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

Access Networks and In-house

Communications

SPMB • OFDM—Continued

Signal Processing in Photonics

Communications

AMC5 • 15:00

Novel 16QAM Detection Scheme for Optical Access Networks, Nikolaos Sotiropoulos¹, Huug de Waardt1, A. Koonen1; 1Electrical Engineering, Eindhoven Univ. of Technology, Netherlands. In this paper, incoherent detection of a square 16QAM signal is demonstrated for the first time using simulations and the scheme's suitability for future optical access networks, along with conventional coherent detection, is explored.

SPMB5 • 15:00

Optimum Clipping for Optical OFDM with Limited Resolution DAC/ADC, Christian R. Berger¹, Yannis Benlachtar², Robert Killey²; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Carnegie Mellon University, USA; ²Electronic and Electrical Engineering, University College London, UK. We study the effects of clipping and quantization noise on the performance of an optical OFDM system. To this end we derive a closed-form formula that links optimum clipping with the bit resolution of signal converters.

SPMB6 • 15:15

Non-Iterative Interpolation-Based Phase Noise ICI Mitigation for CO-OFDM Transport Systems, Mohammad Ebrahim Mousa Pasandi¹, David V. Plant¹; ¹McGill University, Canada. We study the performance of a phase noise induced ICI compensation scheme based on linear interpolation for CO-OFDM transport systems. This practical approach does not suffer from error propagation while enjoying low computational complexity.

IMC • Modeling and Simulation II: Periodic Structures and Waveguides— Continued

IMC6 • 15:00

Simulation of Waveguide Corner and Cross by Complex Mode Matching Method, Rui Wang¹, Lin Ĥan¹, Jianwei Mu¹, Weiping Huang¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada. Radiation field emitting perpendicular to waveguide axis in waveguide corner and cross is simulated by complex mode matching method and validated by FDTD. Power conservation is demonstrated to establish self-consistency of the method.

IMC7 • 15:15

Ultra Broadband Mid-IR Detectors Using Multilayer Anti-reflection Coupling, Pao T. Lin12; ¹Materials Science and Engineering, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; ²Microphotonics Center, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA. Ultra broadband mid-IR detector is demonstrated in the spectral region at 2-4 um. The light coupler is composed of multilayer dielectric layers. A 60 enhancement of transmittance is achieved at light incident angles θ=00-750.

IMD • Nanophotonics: Waveguides, Lasers, and SOI-**Based Technologies—Continued**

IMD6 • 15:00

Adiabatic Couplers for Linear Power Division, Moustafa Mohamed¹, Zheng Li¹, Eric Dudley¹, Xi Chen¹, Li Shang¹, Won Park¹, Alan Mickelson¹; Electrical, Computer, and Energy Engineering, Univ. of Colorado at Boulder, USA. Adiabatic 3 dB couplers exhibit wide bandwidth and resistance to process and thermal variations. In this work, we investigate tradeoffs between sensitivity and overall length. The discussion includes plans for commercial fabrication.

IMD7 • 15:15

Optical Bio-Chemical Sensors on SNOW Ring Resonators, Mohammadreza Khorasaninejad¹, Anant M. P. Anantram², Simarjeet Saini¹; ¹Univ. of Waterloo, Canada; ²Univ. of Washington, USA. In this paper we propose novel ring resonator based bio-chemical sensors on silicon-nanowireoptical-waveguide and show that the sensitivity can be increased by an order of magnitude as compared to Silicon-on-insulator based ring resonators.

15:30–16:00 Coffee Break, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer

16:00-18:00

AMD • Hybrid and WDM-PON Ioannis Tomkos, AIT, Greece,

Presider

AMD1 • 16:00 Invited Test-bed Functionality of the SARDANA Hybrid NG-PON, Josep Prat¹, Victor Polo¹, J. A. Lazaro¹, F. Bonada¹, E. Lopez¹, B. Schrenk¹, M. Omella¹, F. Saliou², Q. T. Le², P. Chanclou², D. Leino³, Risto Soila³, S. Spirou⁴, L. Costa⁵, Antonio Teixeira⁵, Giorgio M. Tossi Beleffi⁶, D. Klonidis⁷, Ioannis Tomkos7; 1 Univ. Politecnica de Catalunya, Spain; ²Orange Labs, France; ³Tellabs, Finland; ⁴Intracom, Greece; 5IT, Portugal; 6ISCOM, Italy; 7AIT, Greece. The tests with broadband multimedia services of the SARDANA multi-layer prototype prove the feasibility of scalable hybrid DWDM/ TDM-PON FTTH networks with resilient optically-integrated ring-trees architecture.

AMD2 • 16:30 Invited

Extended-Reach Passive Optical Networks, A. Tran¹, Alan Lee², Thomas Chae¹, Kerry Hinton²; ¹Victoria Res. Lab., NICTA, Australia; ²Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Univ. of Melbourne, Australia. We review several techniques to extend the reach of PON beyond 60 km utilizing a repeater at the remote node and distributed Raman amplification. We also discuss practical deployment issues and economics of extendedreach PON

16:00-17:30 SPMC • Optical Techniques I Xiang Liu, Bell Labs, USA, Presider

SPMC1 • 16:00 Invited

All-Optical Signal Processing using Optical Nonlinearities, Alan Willner; Univ. of Southern California, USA. Optical nonlinearities can be used to transparently manipulate a high-speed optical data signal in amplitude, phase and wavelength. This paper will discuss various signal processing applications such as: constellation manipulation, traffic grooming and channel equalization.

SPMC2 • 16:30

16:00-17:00 IME • Devices and Components I Michael Watts; MIT, USA, Presider

IME1 • 16:00 Invited

CMOS Integrated Silicon Nanophotonics: An Enabling Technology for Exascale Computing, William Green¹, Solomon Assefa¹, Alexander Rylyakov¹, Clint Schow¹, Folkert Horst², Yurii Vlasov¹; ¹IBM Res., USA: ²IBM Zurich GMBH, Switzerland, We will present a CMOS integrated silicon nanophotonic technology, which can enable future Exa-scale supercomputers by connecting racks, modules, and chips together with ultra-low power massively parallel optical interconnects.

IME2 • 16:30

Post-Fabrication Tuning of Silicon Microring Resonators by Femtosecond Laser Modification, Daniel Bachman¹, Zhijiang Chen¹, Ashok M. Prabhu¹, Robert Fedosejevs¹, Ying Tsui¹, Vien Van¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Alberta, Canada. We investigated the feasibility of post-fabrication tuning of Silicon microring resonators by fs laser modification at 400nm wavelength. Red and blue shifts were obtained for different laser fluences, with a maximum resonance shift of 10nm/shot.

16:00-18:00 IMF • Nanophotonics: Photonic **Crystals and Nanowires** Andrea Melloni; Univ. of California at San Diego, Presider

IMF1 • 16:00 Invited

Light Propagation in 3-D Photonic Crystals, Susumu Noda, Kenji Ishizaki; Kyoto Univ., Japan. We introduce recent progress on the control of light propagation in three-dimensional (3-D) photonic crystals. We demonstrate 3-D guiding within photonic crystal-embedded waveguides. A novel controlling approach using the surface of crystals is also discussed.

IMF2 • 16:30

Experimental Demonstration of Ultra-Low Loss Coupling into Slow Light Slotted Photonic Crystal Waveguide on Silicon Nanomembrane, Che-Yun Lin¹, Xiaolong Wang², Swapnajit Chakravarty², Wei-Cheng Lai¹, Yi Zou¹, RayT. Chen¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Texas at Austin, USA; ²Omega Optics, USA. We experimentally demonstrate highly efficient coupling to a slotted photonic crystal waveguide using a mode converter and a photonic crystal impedance taper. Measurements show a -2.6dB insertion loss for coupling in/out of the slow light waveguide.

Sessions continue on page XX.

Real-Time Group Delay Monitoring of Ultrawide-Band Dispersive Devices by Low-Noise Incoherent Interferometry, Antonio Malacarne¹, Yongwoo Park¹, José Azaña¹; ¹INRS-EMT, Canada. Simple incoherent interferometry technique is demonstrated and applied for accurate realtime group-delay monitoring of a dispersioncompensating fiber and of a 10m-long chirped fiber grating over up to 70nm-bandwidth at 15frames/s update rate

Slow and Fast Light	Optical Sensors	Specialty Optical Fibers				
These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.						
SLMB • Applications of Slow/Fast Light II— Continued	SMC • Spectral and Biomedical Imaging— Continued	SOMC • Novel Glass and Fluoride Fibers— Continued				
SLMB5 • 15:00 Tunable Light-Storage for almost 1 Microsecond , <i>Thomas Sch-</i> <i>neider'</i> , <i>Stefan Preussler'</i> , <i>Kambiz Jamshidi'</i> ; ' <i>HFT</i> , <i>HfTL-Leipzig</i> , <i>Germany.</i> We describe the latest results of the investigation of a new method to store optical packets called Quasi-Light-Storage (QLS). We discuss the method and show experimental results with a delay-bandwidth product of around 700 Bit.	SMC6 • 15:00 Characterization of a Low-Cost Long-Period Fiber Grating Induced by a Polymeric Microstructure, Jorge A. Soto-Olmos ¹ , Juan Hernández-Cordero ² , Laura Oropeza-Ramos ¹ ; ¹ Departamento de Electrónica, Facultad de Ingeniería, Univ. Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico; ² Inst. de Investigaciones en Materiales, Univ. Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico. In this paper a low-cost long-period fiber grating induced by a polymeric microstructure is reported. Fabrication and characterization of the device and experimental results of the spectrum variations due to external pressures are presented.	SOMC5 • 15:00 Invited Fluoride Glass Fibers, Mohammad Saad'; 'IR-Photonics Canada Canada. There is an increasing demand on high quality optica fibers that transmit over 2 microns, where silica fibers are opaque for applications as divers as spectroscopy and sensing, laser powe delivery, fiber lasers, fiber amplifiers, defense (IRCM). The talk will focus on latest development of fluoride fibers.				
SLMB6 • 15:15 All-Optical Control of the Group Velocity, Central Frequency and Spectral Bandwidth of a Laser Pulse. Stefano Cavalieri ^{1,3}	SMC7 • 15:15 A Simple Bend Sensor Based on Multimode Interference and a Twin Core Fiber Mach. Zehnder Interferometer. Aissa Harbirat					

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A and Spectral Bandwidth of a Laser Pulse, Stefano Cavalieri^{1,3}, Emiliano Sali¹, Emilio Ignesti¹, Roberto Buffa², Lorenzo Fini^{1,3}, Marco Tognetti1; 1Physics, Univ. di Firenze, Italy; 2Physics, Univ. di Siena, Italy; 3LENS, Univ. di Firenze, Italy. We present recent results on different schemes (involving both coherent and incoherent interactions) that allow all-optical control of several properties of a large-spectral-bandwidth (up to 3.3 GHz) laser pulse propagating in an atomic medium.

Twin Core Fiber Mach-Zehnder Interferometer, Aissa Harhira¹, Jerome Lapointe¹, Raman Kashyap¹; ¹Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal, Canada. An optimized Bend Sensor based on a multimode interference combined with a twin-core fiber is proposed. The bend induced wavelength shifts on the interference fringes is experimentally monitored. Losses in multimode fiber are studied.

15:30–16:00 Coffee Break, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer

16:00-18:00

SLMC • Atomic and Rare-Earth Systems and Applications

John Howell, Univ. of Rochester, USA, Presider

SLMC1 • 16:00 Invited

Chip-Scale Platform for Quantum Interference-Based Slow Light in Atoms, Bin Wu¹, John Hulbert², Katie Hurd², Aaron Hawkins², Holger Schmidt1; 1UCSC, USA; 2Brigham Young Univ., USA. Hollowcore waveguides form the foundation of a new class of atomic spectroscopy chips that allows for large light-matter interactions at ultralow power levels. We will review the development of a chip-scale platform for large quantum interference effects in hot rubidium vapor.

16:00-18:00 SMD · SMD Presider to Be Announced

SMD1 • 16:00 Invited

Multispectral Imaging in Combustion Analysis, Marshall B. Long¹; ¹Mechanical Engineering and Materials Science, Yale Univ., USA. Optical techniques employing a variety of light scattering mechanisms and detection strategies are important tools for studying combustion. Developments in lasers and detectors have enabled increasingly detailed measurements in these complex systems.

16:00-18:00 SOMD • Microstructured Fibers Andreas Tunnermann, Friedrich Schiller

Univ., Jena, Germany

SOMD1 • 16:00 Invited

New Prospect of Tellurite Microstructured Fibers, Yasutake Ohishi¹; ¹Research Center for Advanced Photon Center, Toyota Technological Inst., Japan. Dispersion tailored microstructured fibers and nanowires are developed using tellurite glasses. We demonstrate low threshold single-mode supercontinuum generation by using a tellurite nanowire under the pump of a picosecond fiber laser.

SLMC2 • 16:30

Extended Frequency Operation of Slow Light in Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers, Sean O'Duill¹, Gadi Eisenstein¹; ¹Electrical Engineering, Technion, Israel. We present a scheme to extend the frequency operation of phase shifters based on slow light in semiconductor optical amplifiers. We show that phase-shifting can be performed on microwave signals at frequencies approaching 100 GHz.

SMD2 • 16:30 Invited

Infrared and Raman Spectroscopic Imaging for Histopathology, Rohit Bhargave; Univ. of Illinois, USA. We present a new approach to recognizing cell types and disease states in tissue using vibrational spectroscopic imaging. Theory, instrumentation, pattern recognition algorithms and applications in specific areas will be discussed

SOMD2 • 16:30 Invited

Multi-Material Optical Fiber Fabrication and Applications, Ayman Abouraddy¹; ¹Univ. of Central Florida, USA. Multi-material optical fiber fabrication and applications

Sessions continue on page XX.

Access Networks and In-house

Communications

Signal Processing in Photonics

Communications

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

AMD • Hybrid and WDM-PON— Continued

SPMC • Optical Techniques I— Continued

SPMC3 • 16:45

SPMC4 • 17:00

SPMC5 • 17:15

Scalable Photonic-Assisted Wideband Frequency Converter, Charles Middleton¹, Richard DeSalvo¹; ¹Harris Corporation, USA. We present a photonic-assisted wideband tunable RF frequency converter with low phase noise to provide RF to IF frequency translation, and demonstrate 121 dB⁺Hz⁴2/3 spur-free dynamic range at 20 GHz RF and 2 GHz IF.

Performance of a DSP Phase Control Method

for Phase Regenerators Based on Phase Sensi-

tive Amplification, Shu Zhang¹, John Cartledge¹;

¹Electrical and computer engineering, Queen's

University, Canada. A digital signal processor

based phase control method is investigated for all-

optical phase regeneration using phase sensitive

amplification. The phase Q factor is improved by

Modeling Polarization in a Bidirectional Fiber

System, William La1, Li Qian1; 1ECE, University of

Toronto, Canada. We present, for the first time,

methods to model the polarization of the output

lightwave of a bidirectional fiber-optic system, in

which the lightwave propagates through polarization control elements in both directions.

5.3-7.3 dB for a sampling rate of 312.5 MSa/s.

IME • Devices and Components I—Continued

IME3 • 16:45

Athermal Silicon Waveguides Using the Subwavelength Grating Effect, Jens H. Schmid¹, Marc Ibrahim², Pavel Cheben¹, Jean Lapointe¹, Siegfried Janz¹, Przemek J. Bock¹, Adam Densmore¹, Rubin Ma¹, Winnie N. Ye², Dan-Xia Xu¹; ¹Inst. for Microstructural Sciences, Natl. Res. Council Canada, Canada; ²Dept. of Electronics, Carleton Univ., Canada. We present a method for designing athermal silicon waveguide devices using the subwavelength grating effect. Photonic wire waveguides are patterned with periodic gaps and filled with SU-8 polymer to cancel the silicon thermo-optic effect.

IMF • Nanophotonics: Photonic Crystals and Nanowires— Continued

IMF3 • 16:45

Enhanced Light Emission from Silicon Using Photonic Crystal Nanocavities, Liam O'Faolain', Matteo Galli², Abdul Shakoor¹, Roberto Lo Savio², Simone Portalupi², Karl Welna¹, Dario Gerace², Giorgia Guizzetti², Lucio Claudio Andreani², Thomas Krauss¹, Alessia Irrera³, Giorgia Franzo³, Francesco Priolo¹; ¹SUPA, School of Physics and Astronomy, Univ. of St Andrews, UK; ²Dipartimento di Fisica ²¹, Volta²¹, Univ. Degli Studi di Pavia, Italy; ³MATIS-IMM-CNR, Italy. Using Photonic crystal nanocavities, we first dramatically enhance third harmonic generation from silicon. Then, by virtue of a strong Purcell factor, we significantly increase defect state photoluminescence and greatly suppress thermal quenching.

IMF4 • 17:00

Silicon Photonic Wire Bragg Grating for Onchip Wavelength (De)Multiplexing Employing Ring Resonators, Paul Muellner¹, Roman Bruck², Matthias Karl², Matthias Baus², Thorsten Wahlbrink², Raimer Hainberger¹; ¹Health & Environment, AIT Austrian Inst. of Technology GmbH, Austria; ²AMO GmbH, Germany. We present the design and experimental demonstration of a highly reflective silicon photonic wire Bragg grating operated for TM-polarized light at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

IMF5 • 17:15

Photonic Band Structure of Circular Photonic Crystals in Silicon-on-Insulator Slab by Surface Coupling Reflectivity Technique, Jian H. Lin¹, Danh Bich Do¹, Georg W. Rieger², Jeff F. Young², Hung-Chih Kan¹, Chia Chen Hsu^{1,3}, ¹Department of Physics, National Chung Cheng Univ, Taiwan; ²Dept. of Physics and Astronomy, Univ. of British Columbia, Canada; ³Graduate Inst. of Opto-Mechatronics, Natl. Chung Cheng Univ, Taiwan. We characterized the photonic band structure of a two dimensional (2D) circular photonic crystal (CPC) silicon membrane slab waveguide with surface coupling reflectivity (SCR) technique.

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AMD3 • 17:00 Invited

A Practical Coherent WDM PON, Yun C. Chung¹; ¹Dept. EE, KAIST, Republic of Korea. We review the recent progresses in the coherent WDM PON technologies achieved at KAIST. Using these technologies, we demonstrate the feasibility of implementing practical long-reach and high-split WDM PONs.

Pier 2 & 3	Harbour Salon A	Pier 5			
Slow and Fast Light	Optical Sensors	Specialty Optical Fibers			
These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.					
SLMC • Atomic and Rare-Earth Systems and Applications—Continued	SMD • SMD—Continued	SOMD • Microstructured Fibers—Continued			

SLMC4 • 17:00

atomic medium.

SLMC3 • 16:45

Simultaneous Two-Channel Slow Light, Anil K. Patnaik^{1,2}, Paul S. Hsu³, Sukesh Roy³, James R. Gord¹; ¹AFRL, USA; ²Physics, Wright State Univ., USA; ³Spectral Energies, LLC, USA. Simultaneous control of light speed in two channels in a single delay element of a rubidium vapor cell is demonstrated.

Control of Slow and Fast Light by Incoherent Interactions in Atomic Schemes, Stefano Cavalieri^{1,3}, Emilio Ignesti¹, Marco Tognetti¹, Roberto Buffa², Lorenzo Fini^{1,3}, Emiliano Sali¹, Federico Tommasi¹; ¹Physics, Univ. di Firenze, Italy; ²Physics, Univ. di Siena, Italy; ³LENS, Univ. di Firenze, Italy. We present recent theoretical and experimental results concerning both retardation and acceleration of light pulses in schemes involving a second 'control' laser field but that do not involve any coherent preparation of the

SMD3 • 17:00 Invited

Multi-Megahertz OCT: Technology, Recent Developments and Advantages, Thomas Klein¹, Wolfgang Wieser¹, Benjamin R. Biedermann¹, Christopher Eigenwillig¹, Robert Huber¹; ¹Ludwig-Maximilians-Univ. München, Germany. Fourier domain mode locked lasers enable unprecedented line rates in optical coherence tomography for completely new imaging protocols and data analysis approaches. The optical design and potential benefits for clinical diagnosis will be discussed.

SOMD3 • 17:00 Tutorial

Photonic Crystal Fibers, William Wadsworth'; 'University of Bath, UK. This tutorial covers the concepts and properties of photonic crystal fibers, also known as microstructured or holey fibers. The similarities and differences between PCFs and specialty step-index fibers are discussed, together with fabrication and applications.

SLMC5 • 17:15

Optical Precursors in Slow and Fast Light Media, Shengwang Du¹, Jiefei Chen¹, Michael M. Loy¹, George K. Wong¹, ¹Physics, Hong Kong Univ. of Science and Technology, Hong Kong. We observe optical precursors generated from slow and fast light cold atomic media. Using constructive interference between sequenced precursors, we produce optical transient pulses with peak powers of about 9 times the input power.

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Harbour Salon B

Harbour Salon C

Access Networks and In-house Communications

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Signal Processing in Photonics Communications Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

AMD • Hybrid and WDM-PON— Continued

AMD4 • 17:30 Invited

Optical Subsystems for Next Generation Access Networks, Jose A. Lazaro¹, V. Polo¹, B. Schrenk¹, F. Bonada¹, I. Cano¹, E. T. Lopez¹, C. Kazmierski², G. de Valicourt², R. Brenot², J. Bauwelinck3, X.-Z. Qiu3, P. Ossieur4, M. Forzati5, P.-J. Rigole⁶, I. T. Monroy⁷, E. Tangdiongga⁸, M. Morant⁹, L. Nicolau¹⁰, A. L. Teixeira¹⁰, D. Erasme¹¹, D. Klonidis¹², I. Tomkos¹², J. Prat¹, C. Kouloumentas¹³, H. Avramopoulos¹³; ¹Univ. Politècnica de Catalunya, Dept. TSC, Spain ²Alcatel-Thales III-V labs, a joint Laboratory of "Alcatel Lucent Bell Labs" and "Thales Research & Technology" Campus Polytechnique, France; 3INTEC/ IMEC-Ghent University, Gent, Belgium; 4Tyndall National Institute & Univ. College Cork, Ireland; ⁵Networking and Transmission Laboratory, Acreo AB, Sweden; ⁶IGNIS, Torshamnsgatan, Sweden; ⁷Danmarks Tekniske Universitet (DTU), Denmark; ⁸Technische Universiteit Eindhoven(TU/e), The Netherlands; ⁹Nanophotonics Technology Centre, Univ. Politécnica de Valencia, Spain; ¹⁰Institute of Telecommunications (IT), Portugal; 11 Institut Télécom, France; 12 Athens Information Technology (AIT), Peania, Greece; 13School of Electrical & Computer Engineering, National Technical University of Athens, Greece. Recent optical technologies are providing higher flexibility to next generation access networks: on the one hand, providing progressive FTTx and specifically FTTH deployment, progressively shortening the copper access network; on the other hand, also opening fixed-mobile convergence solutions in next generation PON architectures. It is provided an overview of the optical subsystems developed for the implementation of the proposed NG-Access Networks.

IMF • Nanophotonics: Photonic Crystals and Nanowires— Continued

IMF6 • 17:30

Temperature-enhanced Light Emission from Er-TeO2 Photonic Crystals, Pao T. Lin¹, Michiel Vanhoutte¹, Juejun Hu²; ¹Materials Science and Engineering, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; ²Materials Science and Engineering, Univ. of Delaware, USA. Photonic crystals are fabricated in Er-doped TeO2 films. Strong photoluminescence around 1530 nm is observed by 488-532 nm laser pumping. 98x enhanced emission is demonstrated after annealing the thin films at 600C.

IMF7 • 17:45

Thermal Radiation from Patterned Platinum Microstructures, Gabriel Vasile^{1,2}, Mustafa Arikan¹, Snorri Ingvarsson¹; 'Science Inst., Univ. of Iceland, Iceland; ²Natl. Inst. of Res.-Development for Cryogenics and Isotopic Technologies, Romania. We investigate thermal radiation from Pt microheaters with Au nanoparticles deposited. Polarization resolved thermal radiation was measured. Measurements show intensity of radiation is multiplied by factor of 2-3 for NP's deposited microheaters.

18:30–20:00 Advanced Photonics Congress and OIDA Welcome Reception, *Metro Ballroom West*

NOTES		

SOMD • Microstructured Fibers—Continued

Slow and Fast Light Optical Sensors Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SLMC • Atomic and Rare-Earth Systems and Applications—Continued

SLMC6 • 17:30

Optical Pulse Differentiation Based on a Resonant Slow & Fast Light System, Sanghoon Chin¹, Tae-Jung Ahn², Luc Thévenaz¹; ¹Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne, Switzerland; ²Photonics Engineering, Chosun Univ., Republic of Korea. We experimentally demonstrate that temporal differentiation of optical pulses can be realized in a slow & fast light system based on a resonance. The waveform of a 13 ns Gaussian pulse was experimentally first-order differentiated.

SMD4 • 17:30

SMD • SMD—Continued

A Near-Infrared LED-based Material Classification Sensor System, Oliver Schwaneberg^{1,2}, Uwe Köckemann¹, Holger Steiner¹, Norbert Jung¹; ¹Computer Science, Bonn-Rhine-Sieg Univ. of Applied Sciences, Germany; ²DFG Research Training Group 1564, Univ. of Siegen, Germany. In safety applications it is often desired that certain materials do not enter a dangerous area. This paper presents a nearinfrared LED-based sensor system for robust material classification and ranging up to a distance of 1,000mm.

SLMC7 • 17:45

Enhanced Echo Retrieval Efficiency Using Ultraslow Light, J. Hahn¹, Byoung S. Ham¹; ¹School of EE, Inha Univ., Republic of Korea. Using ultraslow light phenomenon, we report two-orders of magnitude enhanced photon echo efficiency in a rare-earth doped solid medium, where the enhancement is due to lengthened photonatom interaction time in a dilute optical medium.

SMD5 • 17:45

Resonant Cavity Enhanced LWIR Sensing in Polycrystalline Pb1-xSnxTe, Timothy W. Zens¹, Piotr Becla¹, Lionel Kimerling¹, Anu Agarwal¹; ¹Microphotonics Center, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA. Polycrystalline Pb1-xSnxTe LWIR photodetectors have been fabricated in resonant cavity structures on Si platforms. We describe the fabrication process and report detector performance demonstrating the feasibility of monolithic LWIR detectors-on-ROIC.

18:30–20:00 Advanced Photonics Congress and OIDA Welcome Reception, *Metro Ballroom West*

	NOTES		

Access Networks and In-house Communications

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications

Pier 7 & 8

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

7:30–18:00 Registration Open, Harbour Ballroom Foyer

8:00-10:00 ATuA • Basic Technologies for NG-PON

Josep Prat; Univ. Politecnica de Catalunya, Spain, Presider

ATuA1 • 8:00 Invited

Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers in Extended Reach PONs, Juerg Leuthold, W. Freude, C. Koos, R. Bonk, S. Koenig, D. Hillerkuss, R. Schmogrow; Institute of Photonics and Quantum Electronics (IPQ) & Institute of Microstructure Technology (IMT) at Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany. Design guidelines for semiconductor optical amplifiers (SOAs) in extended reach PON networks are discussed. Important parameters such as the input saturation power or the alpha fac-tor and their impact in PON networks are discussed.

ATuA2 • 8:30 Invited

WDM PON Based on Silicon Photonic Microring Modulators, Keren Bergman; ¹Columbia Univ., NY, USA. We demonstrate an optical access networks architecture uniquely enabled by CMOS compatible silicon micro-rings. The wavelength selective behavior of micro-ring modulators enables single-sideband modulation, which simultaneously generates downstream signals and centrally distributed carriers for upstream re-modulation.

ATuA3 • 9:00 Invited

Burst Mode, Overlapping Sub-Carrier Multiplexed (SCM) WDM PONs, David V. Plant¹, A. El-Sahn¹, Jonathan M. Buset¹, Bhavin J. Shastri¹; 1McGill Univ., Canada. A symmetric WDM PON architecture using an innovative overlapped-SCM scheme that maximizes the spectrum usage of a bandwidth-limited RSOA is demonstrated. In addition, burst mode receivers for this application are discussed.

8:30-9:30 SPTuA • Coding I Moshe Nazarathy, Technion -Israel Inst. of Technology, Israel, Presider

8:30-10:00 ITuA • Devices and Components II Peter Rakich; Sandia Natl. Labs, USA, Presider

8:30-10:00 ITuB • Nanophotonics: **Plasmonics and Applications I** Pierre Berini; Univ. of Ottawa, Canada, Presider

SPTuA1 • 8:30 Invited

Implementation and Evaluation by Hardware **Emulator of Soft-Decision Forward Error** Correction for 100G Systems, Kiyoshi Onohara¹, Yoshikuni Miyata¹, Kenya Sugihara¹, Takashi Sugihara¹, Kazuo Kubo¹, Hideo Yoshida¹, Kazuumi Koguchi¹, Takashi Mizuochi¹; ¹Mitsubishi Electric Corp., Japan. We discuss implementation and performance evaluation of LDPC(4608,4080) for 100Gb/s throughput by hardware emulator. We expect that an NCG of the LDPC code concatenated with enhanced FEC is 10.8 dB at a BER of 10-15.

SPTuA2 • 9:00

Alamouti Code against PDL in Polarization Multiplexed Systems, Sami Mumtaz¹, Ghaya Rekaya-Ben Othman¹, Yves Jaouen¹, Jingshi Li², Swen Koenig², Rene Schmogrow², Juerg Leuthhold²; 1Comelec, Telecom Paristech, France; 2Institute of Photonics and Quantumelectronics, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Germany. We theoretically and experimentally investigate the performance of the Alamouti polarization- time code to mitigate PDL. We show that due to the orthogonal structure of its codewords, it can entirely compensate PDL.

SPTuA3 • 9:15

On the Joint Optimization of Modulation and Channel Coding for High Data-Rate Optical **Communication Systems**, Paolo Leoni¹, Stefano Calabrò², Berthold Lankl¹, Bernhard Spinnler²; ¹Universität der Bundeswehr München, Ĝermanv: ²Nokia Siemens Networks GmbH & Co. KG, Germany. We present a method to jointly optimize modulation and channel coding for high datarate, non-differentially encoded optical systems, taking phase noise into account. Applied to 100G systems, it shows that constellation expansion might be beneficial.

ITuA1 • 8:30 Invited

Nano-Optomechanical Systems, Hong Tang¹; 1Yale Univ., USA. We describe the convergence of NEMS and nanophotonics in novel optomechanical circuits. Through active coupling of NEMS with high Q cavities, we demonstrate further scaling of NEMS in size, mass, sensitivity, frequency, and damping rate.

ITuA2 • 9:00

Compact and Widely Wavelength Tunable Lasers Based on Flexible Polymer Bragg Reflection Waveguide, Kyung-Jo Kim1, Jun-Whee Kim¹, Min-Cheol Oh¹; ¹Electrical Engineering, Pusan National University, Republic of Korea. Widely tuning and reproducible operation of tunable laser is demonstrated based on the extraordinary elastic property of flexible polymeric Bragg reflector. Compact tunable laser package is also demonstrated by incorporating a small PZT actuator.

ITuA3 • 9:15

High-Finesse Cavities Fabricated by Buckling Self-Assembly of a-Si/SiO2 Multilayers, Trevor Allen¹, Josh Silverstone¹, Ray DeCorby¹, Nakeeran Ponnampalam1; 1Univ. of Alberta, Canada. Microcavities were fabricated by controlled formation of delamination buckles within a-Si/SiO2 multilavers. Linewidth (~0.1 nm in the 1550 nm-range) and finesse (>600) are close to reflectance-limited predictions, indicating low-defect cavities.

ITuB1 • 8:30 Invited

Molding Light in Plasmonic and Metamaterial Structures, Dragomir N. Neshev1; 1Nonlinear Physics Centre, RSPE, Australian Natl. Univ., Australia. We present our advances on manipulation of light in metallic nanostructures, including arrays of nanoslits and left-handed fishnet metamaterials. In particular we show experimentally the nonlinear tuning of liquid crystal infiltrated metamaterials.

ITuB2 • 9:00

All Optical and Electro Optical Active Plasmonic Telecom Components, Sukanya Randhawa¹, Alexey V. Krasavin², Jan Renger¹, Anatoly Zayats2, S. Lazache3, Alex Bouhelier3, Romain Quidant1; 1Plasmon nano-optics, Inst. of Photonic Sciences, Spain; ²King's College, UK; ³Inst. Carnot de Bourgogne, France. We demonstrate numerically and experimentally all optical and electro optic switching of the SPP transmission at telecom wavelengths, utilizing a compact and highly sensitive ring resonator.

ITuB3 • 9:15

Metaflex - Metamaterials in Flexible Substrates at Visible Wavelengths, Andrea Di Falco¹, Thomas Krauss1; 1School of Physics and Astronomy, Univ. of St Andrews, UK. We discuss our recent results in the realization and characterization of Metaflex, for different plasmonic structures, including a novel mechanism yielding to ultra-narrow spectral features in flexible plasmonics.

Harbour Salon C

Pier 5

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

7:30–18:00 Registration Open, *Harbour Ballroom Foyer*

8:30–10:00 SLTuA • Slow/Fast Light in SOAs and Photonic Crystals

Thomas Krauss; Univ. of St. Andrews, UK, Presider

8:30–10:00 STuA • High Intensity and Broadband THz Sources Pater Labour Technical Univ. of Danmark

Peter Jepsen; Technical Univ. of Denmark, Denmark, Presider

8:30-10:00

SOTUA • Supercontinuum Fiber Lasers Alain Villeneuve, Genia Photonics Inc., Canada, Presider

SLTuA1 • 8:30 Invited

All-Optical Processing in III-V Photonic Crystals, Alfredo de Rossi¹, Sylvain Combrié¹, Pierre Colman^{1,3}, Chad Husko², Chee W. Wong², Isabelle Sagnes³, Isabelle Cestier⁴, Vardit Eckhouse⁴, Gadi Eisenstein⁴, ¹THALES Res. and Technology, France; ²Optical Nanostructure Lab, Columbia Univ, USA; ³Lab. de Photonique et de Nanostructure (CNRS UPR 20), France; ⁴Electrical Engineering Department, Technion, Israel. Efforts made to improve the Photonic Crystal Waveguides against linear and nonlinear losses have made the promises of this technology possible. We discuss some of the major achievements, particularly the demonstration of optical solitons on-chip.

SLTuA2 • 9:00

Frequency Unlimited Optical Delay Lines Based on Slow and Fast Light in SOAs, Perrine Berger^{1,2}, Jérôme Bourderionnet¹, Minhao Pu², Kresten Yvind³, Fabien Bretenaker², Daniel Dolfi¹, Mehdi Alouini¹; ¹Thales Res. and Technology, France; ²Lab. Aimé Cotton, CNRS-Univ. Paris Sud 11, France; ¹DTU Fotonik, Dept. of Photonics Engineering, Technical Univ. of Denmark, Denmark; ⁴Inst. de Physique de Rennes, UMR CNRS 6251, France. We experimentally demonstrate that upconverted coherent population oscillations (CPO) in SOA open the possibility to conceive integrated optical tunable delay lines beyond the carrier lifetime limit, up to THz frequencies.

SLTuA3 • 9:15

Nonlinear Coefficients in Slow Light Engineered Photonic Crystal Waveguides, Sourabh Roy¹, Marco Santagiustina¹, Pierre Colman², Sylvain Combrié², Alfredo de Rossi²; 'Dept. of Information Engineering, CNIT, Univ. of Padova, Italy; ²Thales Res. and Technology, France. The self-, cross- and four-wave mixing coefficients are determined in photonic crystal waveguides specially designed for slow light. A general dependence with wavelength is found.

STuA1 • 8:30 Invited

Filamentation THz generation in air, Leang Chin; Universite Laval, Canada. Experiments on THz pulse generation from single and multiple filaments in air using single or two-color technique will be discussed. Its application to sensing molecular rotational wave packet revival will be given. Stand-off detection of THz from a distance through monitoring nitrogen fluorescence in a filament was observed. The physics seems to be due to population trapping in the wake of strong field interaction with nitrogen molecules inside the filament.

STuA2 • 9:00

Transient Reflective Ultra-broadband THz Spectroscopy, David Cooke¹, Lyubov Titova², Tyler L. Cocke², Frederik C. Krebs², Al Meldrum², Frank Hegmann², Peter U. Jepsen⁴; ¹Physics, McGill University, Canada; ³Physics, University of Alberta, Canada; ³Risø National Laboratory, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark; ⁴Photonics Engineering, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark; we discuss recent experiments using a novel time-domain THz spectrometer using air plasmas to generate and detect ultra-broadband THz pulses. Using this novel setup, we map the ultrafast carrier response of organic and nanocrystalline semiconductors.

STuA3 • 9:15

Broadband Enhanced 26 MV/cm THz Radiation in Uniform Nano-slit Arrays, Mostafa Shalaby¹, Marco Peccianti^{1,3}, Luca Razzar¹, Gargi Sharma¹, Tsuneyuki Ozaki¹, Roberto Morandott¹¹, Hannes Merbold², Thomas Feurer², Anja Webeer⁴, Laura Heyderman⁴, Hans Sigg⁴, Bruce Patterson⁵; ¹INRS-EMT, Canada; ²Institute for GApplied Physics University of Bern, Switzerland; ³Institute for Chemical and Physical Processes, Italy; ⁴Laboratory for Micro- and Nanotechnology, Paul Scherrer Institut, Switzerland; ⁵5SwissFEL, Paul Scherrer Institut, Switzerland. We investigate a 1D uniform array of nano-slits capable to induce broadband plasmon-mediated field enhancement exceeding 100 in the range 0.2 to 2 THz, with a peak value of 760 at 0.2 THz.

SOTuA2 • 9:00

not available

SOTuA1 • 8:30 Invited

Characterization of Fiber Supercontinuum by Chromatic Scattering, Evgueni F. Martynovich¹, V. P. Dresvianski¹, A. A. Starchenko¹, S. M. Kobtsev², S. V. Kukarin², S. N. Bagayev³, ¹Irkutsk Branch of Institute of Laser Physics SB RAS, Russian Federation; ²Novosibirsk State University, Russian Federation; ³Institute of Laser Physics SB RAS, Russian Federation. Chromatic scattering has been proved to characterize the polarization state of the fiber supercontinuum spectral components during propagation in media. Applications are considered for novel technology of multi-layer data recording.

UV/Vis Supercontinuum and Apps, John Clowes; 1. Abstract

SOTuA3 • 9:15

Taper Topography Control of Instabilities and Rogue Waves in Supercontinuum Fibers, Benoit Barviau¹, Arnaud Mussot¹, Alexandre Kudlinski¹, John Dudley²; ¹University of Lille, France; ²FEMTO-ST, France. Longitudinal variation of dispersion and nonlinearity in tapered photonic crystal fiber dramatically improves the noise characteristics of supercontinuum generation. Experimental results are interpreted in terms of modified rogue wave dynamics.

Pier 7 & 8 Signal Processing in Photonics

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Access Networks and In-house Communications

ATuA • Basic Technologies for

Bandwidth Distribution with Adaptive

Threshold-based Optical Burst Assembly in

Long-Reach EPON, Burak Kantarci¹, Hussein

T. Mouftah1; 1School of Information Technol-

ogy and Engineering, Univ. of Ottawa, Canada.

Long-reach PONs (LR-PONs) suffer from high

delay due to long feeder distance. Here, we

present a new bandwidth distribution approach

which adopts multi-server polling in LR-EPON

and adaptive threshold-based burst assembly in

Contention Resolution Using Control Packet

Buffering in Optical Burst Switched Networks,

Ahmed I. Abdelrahman¹, Hossam Shalaby², Sherif

Rabia³; ¹Faculty of Engineering, Alexandria Univ.,

Egypt; ²Egypt Japan Univ. of Science and Technol-

ogy, Egypt; ³Faculty of engineering, Alexandria

Univ., Egypt. In this paper a novel contention

resolution technique based on control packet

buffering in OBS networks is proposed. This

buffering is implemented in the electronic

domain, thus avoiding complex optical domain

NG-PON—Continued

ATuA4 • 9:30

OBS networks.

ATuA5 • 9:45

solutions

Communications

ITuA • Devices and **Components II—Continued**

ITuA4 • 9:30

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

First Demonstration of Cavity-Resonator-Integrated Guided-Mode Resonance Filter, Kenji Kintaka¹, Tatsuya Majima², Junichi Inoue², Koji Hatanaka², Shogo Ura², Junji Nishii³; ¹Natl. Inst. of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Japan; ²Dept. of Electronics, Kyoto Inst. of Technology, Japan; 3 Research Inst. for Electronic Science, Hokkaido Univ., Japan. A guided-mode resonance filter integrated in a waveguide cavity resonator was designed and fabricated for miniaturization of aperture size. A high-reflection filter at around 850-nm wavelength was experimentally demonstrated for the first time.

ITuA5 • 9:45

Resonant Cavity Enhancement of Polycrystalline PbTe Films for Two-Color IR detectors on Si-ROICs, Timothy W. Zens¹, Jianfei Wang², Juejun Hu², Lionel Kimerling¹, Anu Agarwal¹; ¹Microphotonics Center, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; 2 Microphotonics Center Alumni, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA. Dual color (1.5 and 3.5 µm) resonant-cavity-enhanced IR photodetectors on a silicon platform have been demonstrated. We describe the fabrication process and report detector performance demonstrating the feasibility of monolithic IR detectors-on-ROIC.

ITuB • Nanophotonics: Plasmonics and Applications I— Continued

ITuB4 • 9:30

Hybrid Plasmonic Waveguide Devices for Silicon on Insulator Platform, Muhammad Alam¹, Stewart Aitchison¹, Mo Mojahedi¹; ¹Univ. of Toronto, Canada. Properties of the modes supported by the hybrid metal-low-high index waveguides are strongly polarization dependent. We present designs of a number of hybrid waveguide devices for silicon on insulator platform that utilizes this property.

ITuB5 • 9:45

Dielectric Strip Grating Embedded Trapezoidal Plasmonic Waveguide, Michelle Y. Xu¹, Stewart Aitchison1; 1Univ. of Toronto, Canada. Novel dielectric strip grating embedded trapezoidal SPP waveguides are designed, fabricated, and characterized in air and under index matching oil. The resonance has a 1100 nm/RIU sensitivity and is validated by calculation.

10:00–10:30 Coffee Break, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer

10:00-16:00 Exhibits Open, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer

NOTES

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SLTuA • Slow/Fast Light in SOAs and Photonic Crystals—Continued

STuA • High Intensity and Broadband THz Sources—Continued SOTuA • Supercontinuum Fiber Lasers— Continued

SLTuA4 • 9:30 Invited

Direct Observation of Temporal Solitons and Pulse Acceleration in III-V Semiconductor Photonic Crystal Waveguides, Timothy Karle', Paul Monnier', Sylvain Combrié', Alfredo de Rossi², Fabrice Rainer¹, Rama Raj¹, ¹LPN-CNRS, France, ²Thales Res. and Technology, France. Temporal mapping of 20pJ pulse propagation in a 2DPhC waveguide show of soliton formation. For high signal powers the photonic band is modified influencing the group velocity leading to an acceleration of the pulse propagation.

STuA4 • 9:30 Invited

High Power Terahertz Pulse Generation, Imaging, and Detection, Frank Hegmann; ¹. The generation of intense single-cycle THz pulses by tilted-pulse-front techniques for probing ultrafast nonlinear THz dynamics in semiconductors is described. Full-field imaging of THz Cherenkov waves and novel THz pulse detection methods are also discussed.

SOTuA4 • 9:30 Invited

Infrared Supercontinuum Fiber Sources, L. Brandon Shaw¹, Rafael Gattass¹, Jas Sanghera¹, Ishwar Aggarwal², ¹NRL, USA; ²Sotera Defense Solutions, USA. IR supercontinuum generation in chalcogenide glass fiber is reviewed. Modeling for optimizing supercontinuum generation, fiber design and fabrication, and experimental results are presented.

Tuesday 14June

10:00–10:30 Coffee Break, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer

10:00–16:00 Exhibits Open, Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foyer

	NOTES	

Access Networks and In-house Communications Signal Processing in Photonics Communications

Joint

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

10:30 -12:30

ATuB • Radio Over Fiber and OCDMA

Thomas Pfeiffer; Alcatel-Lucent, Germany, Presider

ATuB1 • 10:30 Invited

Techniques, Applications, and the Outlook of Radio-over-Fiber Networks, Anthony Ngoma¹; 'Corning Inc, USA. We discuss key RoF system challenges, including MIMO and mm-wave signal transmission at 60 GHz. We propose practical solutions and successfully demonstrate practical RoF system implementations capable of delivering > 30 Gb/s wireless data signals.

ATuB2 • 11:00

Research on OFDM-ROF system at Millimeter-wave Band Employing Optical External Modulator Generation, Zhe Kang¹, Nianyu Zou¹, Dong Wang², Jingjing Liu¹, Yingming Gao¹; ¹Dalian Polytechnic Univ., Res. Inst. of Photonics, China; ³Beijing Univ. of Posts and Telecommunications, Information and Electronics Technology Lab, China. A 40GHz Radio-over-Fiber system is proposed to transmit 2.5Gb/s 16QAM-OFDM wireless signals with only 20GHz RF source. Simulation results show that a reliable EVM value is obtained after 40km SMF transmission.

ATuB3 • 11:15

Tuesday 14 June

Wireless Convergence over Next Generation OFDMA-PONs, Milos Milosavljevic¹, Pandelis Kourtessis¹, John Senior¹; ¹Univ. of Hertfordshire, UK. This paper demonstrates the feasibility of optical/wireless convergence based on DoF propagation. Network modelling results confirm the transmission of 16 CPRI signals up to 100km OFDMA-PON infrastructures achieving 40 Gbit/s total agereeate rates.

ATuB4 • 11:30 Invited

OCDMA and OFDMA Technologies for NG-PON, Ken-ichi Kitayama¹; ¹Osaka Univ., Japan. OCDMA and OFDMA are promising for NG-PON2, aiming at a revolution change after 2015. OCDMA and OFDMA can implement new demands for soft-capacity ondemand, high data confidentiality, high bandwidth efficiency as well as low-power consumption. 10:30–11:45 SPTuB • Advanced Modulation

Rene Schmogrow, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany, Presider

SPTuB1 • 10:30 Invited

Ideal POL-QAM Modulation for Coherent Detection Schemes, Henning Buelow^{1,2}, ¹ZFZ/ON, Alcatel-Lucent, Germany; ²LIT, University Erlangen, Germany. The gain of POL-QAM at high OSNR can only be kept at low OSNR by increasing the complexity of the FEC decoder indicating that DSP effort has to be considered for a comparison versus PDM-QAM.

SPTuB2 • 11:00 Invited

Performance Evaluation of Coherent PS-QPSK (HEXA) Modulation, Gabriella Bosco¹, Andrea Carena¹; ¹Politecnico di Torino, Italy. We investigate the performance of the 8-point four-dimensional PS-QPSK (HEXA) modulation format in uncompensated WDM long-haul optical transmission systems, comparing it to standard 16-point PM-QPSK and 4-point PM-BPSK constellations.

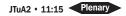
10:30-12:30

JTuA • IPR/SL Joint Session

John Howell, Univ. of Rochester, USA, Presider Thomas Krauss, Univ. of St. Andrews, UK, Presider

JTuA1 • 10:30 Plenary

Progress and Technical Challenges for Integrated Optics, Katsunari Okamoto'; ¹AiDi Corp., Japan. The paper reviews progress of integrated optics and discuss technical challenges of silicon photonics devices. It also describes a novel planar waveguide spectrometer based on Fourier transform spectroscopy.



JTuA3 • 12:00 Invited

Shaping the Future of Nanobiophotonics, Kishan Dholakia', Tomas Cizmar', Michael Mazilu', Joerg Baumgartl', Praveen Ashok', Xanthi Tsampoula', Frank Gunn-Moore'; 'Univ. of St Andrews, UK. We describe the emerging field of Nanobiophotonics with an emphasis on shaping light and integration. Examples of advances in super resolved imaging, optical manipulation, Raman analysis and cell transfection will be presented.

SPTuB3 • 11:30

A Modified CMA for PS-QPSK, Pontus Johannisson¹, Martin Sjödin¹, Magnus Karlsson¹; ¹Photonics Laboratory, Department of Microtechnology and Nanoscience, Chalmers University of Technology, Sweden. A modified constant modulus algorithm (CMA) is presented that allows polarization demultiplexing of polarizationswitched QPSK. The suggested algorithm has been found to work well on both numerical and experimental data.

ATuB5 • 12:00

Influence of the MAI Distribution over the BER Evaluation in a Multirate, Multiclass OOC-OCDMA System, Thiago R. Raddo¹, Anderson Sanches¹, José Valdemir dos Reis Jr¹, Ben-Hur V. Borges¹; ¹Electrical, Sao Paulo Univ., Brazil. We propose a BER expression based on binomial distribution for a multirate OCDMA system. We compare it with Poisson assumption for MAI and show the later underestimates the number of users for a given BER.

ATuB6 • 12:15

Point-to-point and Point-to-multipoint CDMA Access Network with Enhanced Security, Alfredo A. Ortega¹, Victor A. Bettachini¹, Jose Ignacio Alvarez-Hamelin¹², Diego F. Grosz¹², ¹Optoelectrónica, ITBA (Inst. Tech. de Buenos Aires), Argentina; ²CONICET (Argentinian Council of Scientific and Technological Res.), Argentina. We propose a network implementation with enhanced security at the physical layer by means of time-hopping CDMA, supporting cryptographically secure point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communication. W. Freude, C. Koos, L. Alloatti, D. Korn, R. Palmer, J.M.-Brosi; Institute of Photonics and Quantum Electronics (IPQ) & Institute of Microstructure Technology (IMT) at Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Germany. CMOS-compatible electro-optic modulators offering highest-speed signal processing with little power consumption are reviewed. Emphasis is given to slotted photonic crystal modulators fabricated by taking advantage of the silicon-organic hybrid platform.

Slotted Photonic Crystal Slow Light Modulators, Juerg Leuthold,

12:30-13:30 Lunch Break (on your own)

Harbour Salon A

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

10:30-12:30

STuB • THz Spectroscopy and Imaging Applications

David Cooke; McGill Univ., Canada, Presider

STuB1 • 10:30 Invited

Science and Technology in the Submillimeter with High Resolution Techniques, Frank C. De Lucia¹; ¹Physics, Ohio State University, USA. With emphasis on high-resolution systems, the interaction of the physics of the spectral region with the physics of applications will be discussed. It will be shown how this leads to optimal choices of system strategies.

STuB2 • 11:00

Ultrafast Imaging of Terahertz Pulse Generation by Cherenkov Radiation in LiNbO3, Zhenyou Wang'; 'Phsics department, University of Alberta, Canada. We demonstrate full-field imaging of terahertz waves induced by a point focused optical pulse in lithium niobate. The group velocities of the optical and THz pulses as well as the Cherenkov radiation angle are directly measured.

STuB3 • 11:15

Spatio-temporal Characteristics of THz Emission at the Subwavelength Scale via Optical Rectification, Sze Phing Ho^{1,4}, Matteo Clerici¹, Marco Peccianti^{1,2}, Fabrizio Buccheri^{1,3}, A. Busacca³, Tsuneyuki Ozaki¹, Jalil Ali¹, Roberto Morandotti¹; ¹INRS Énergie, Matériaux et Télécommunications, Canada; ²IPCF-CNR, UOS Roma., Italy; ³DIEET, University of Palermo., Italy; ⁴Nanophotonics Research Alliance, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia., Malaysia. Highly localized THz emission via optical rectification in thin nonlinear crystals is a promising method for subwavelength microscopy. We present here the peculiar THz spatio-temporal characteristics induced by the non-paraxial generation regime.

STuB4 • 11:30

Time and Frequency-resolved Terahertz Microscopy with a Photoconductive Near-field Probe, Jan Wallauer', Alex Ortner', Andreas Bitzer', Stefan Waselikowski', Markus Walther', 'Physics, University Freiburg, Germany. Using a photoconductive antenna as scanning THz near-field probe we demonstrate mapping of electric and magnetic fields close to microstructures. Our approach visualizes the near-fields with sub-ps temporal and sub-wavelength spatial resolution.

STuB5 • 11:45

Dielectric Properties of Heavy Oils Using Terahertz Time-Domain Spectroscopy, Amin Kabir¹, Ayesheshim Ayesheshim¹, Lyubov Titova¹, Zhenyou Wang¹, Patrice Abivin², Yuesheng Cheng², Kentaro Indo², Frank Hegmann¹; ¹Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Canada; ²Schlumberger DBR Technology Center, Canada. We investigate the terahertz dielectric properties of heavy oils as a function of temperature using terahertz time-domain spectroscopy. These results facilitate the study of temperature-dependent intermolecular interactions within heavy oils.

STuB6 • 12:00 Invited

Towards 1-mW THz Photoconductive Sources with Low-Cost Laser Drivers, Elliott Brown¹; ¹Wright State University, USA. A growing number of applications in the THz field require more power, efficiency, affordability, and reliability from time- and frequency-domains sources alike. We have developed efficient phoconductive switches and photomixers that can be driven by fiber mode-locked and cw-diode lasers, respectively. The average power of the PC switches is approaching 1 mW. 10:30-12:15

SOTuB • Chalcogenide and Tellurite Fibers John Ballato, Clemson Univ., USA, Presider

SOTuB1 • 10:30 Invited

Applications of Chalc Fibers, Dan Hewak¹, K. Kahn¹, C. C. Huang¹; ¹University of Southampton, UK. Chalcogenide glass optical fibers have been extensively studied since 1967, when sulphide based fibers and their potential applications were first proposed. In this paper we describe our current work on the fabrication and application of chalcogenide fiber and our vision for their practical implementation in the future.

SOTuB2 • 11:00 Invited

Chalcogenide Microstructured Optical Fibers for IR Photonics, Jean-Luc Adam¹, Johann Trolès¹, Laurent Brilland²; ¹U. of Rennes-CNRS, France; ²Perfos, France. Chalcogenide glasses show broad IR transparency and high NL refractive index. Singlemode chalcogenide microstructured fibers were obtained with losses around 0.3dB/m in the mid-IR. Fibers with small or large effective mode areas were demonstrated.

SOTuB3 • 11:30

Chromatic Dispersion Engineering in Chalcogenide Microporous Fibers for the Middle-infrared, Bora Ung⁴, Maksim Skorobogatiy⁴; ¹Engineering physics, Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal, Canada. Tuning of the microporosity in the core of chalcogenide fibers provides extensive dispersion engineering that allows red-shifting of zero-dispersion points and flattened dispersion profiles. The porosity also significantly lowers propagation losses.

SOTuB4 • 11:45

Bragg Grating in Sub-wavelength Chalcogenide Wires, Raja Ahmad¹, Martin Rochette¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, McGill University, Canada. We report the photo-inscription of Bragg gratings in chalcogenide (As2Se3) fibers tapered down to 1 μ m. A transmission dip of <-30 dB at a wavelength of 1573 nm is achieved after 9 minutes of exposure time with 633 nm light.

SOTuB5 • 12:00

Tungstate-Tellurite Optical Fibers for Special Applications, Alexey Kosolapov¹, Yuriy Yatsenko¹, Vitaly Nazaryants¹, Maxim Astapovich¹, Victor Plotnichenko¹, Alexander Moiseev², Vitaly Dorofev², Gennady Snopatin², Mikhail Churbanov², Evgeny Dianov²; Fiber Optics Research Center of RAS, Russian Federation; ²Institute of Chemistry of High-Purity Substances, Russian Federation. Different types of optical fibers with losses less than 100 dB/km were produced from high-purity tungstate-tellurite glasses. The microstructured fiber for supercontinuum generation in the range 1-5 μm with optical loss of 4 dB/m has been fabricated.

12:30-13:30 Lunch Break (on your own)

Joint

13:30-15:30 JTuB • Joint Poster Session

JTuB6

Localized Dynamic Brillouin Gratings Permanently Induced by Chaotic Signals, Marco Santagiustina¹, Leonora Ursini¹; ¹Dept. of Information Engineering, CNIT, Univ. of Padova, Italy. A method to permanently induce localized, dynamic Brillouin gratings is proposed and numerically demonstrated. It exploits the thumbtack correlation of chaotic lasers signals.

ITuR7

Novel Highly Nonlinear Composite Tellurite Microstructured Optical Fibers for SC Generation, Zhongchao Duan¹, Meisong Liao¹, Xin Yan¹, Weiqing Gao¹, Takenobu Suzuki¹, Yasutake Ohishi1; 1Toyota Technological Inst., Japan. We prepared a novel composite tellurite MOFs consisting of two different glasses as core and clad to freely control chromatic dispersion. Broad and flattened SC spectra were demonstrated in the fiber under femtosecond laser pumping.

JTuB8

Enhanced Low-Index Field Confinement by Radially Stratified Micro Optical Fibers, Wenfu Zhang^{1,2}, Jianwei Mu³, Weiping Huang³, Wei Zhao¹; ¹State Key Lab. of Transient Optics and Photonics, Xi'an Inst. of Optics and Precision Mechanics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China; ²Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, China; ³Electrical and Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada. The ring micro-fiber is studied. The calculating results show that light can be concentrated in nanometer-thin low-index ring regions with very high confinement efficiency.

JTuB9

High-Purity Tungstate-Tellurite Glasses and Single-Mode Fibers: Fabrication and Studies, Vitaly Dorofeev¹, Alexander Moiseev¹, Mikhail Churbanov¹, Billy Richards², Animesh Jha2, Alexey Kosolapov3, Evgeny Dianov3; 1Inst. of Chemistry of High-Purity Substances of RAS, Russian Federation; ²Inst. for Materials Res., Univ. of Leeds, UK; 3Fiber Optics Research Center RAS, Russian Federation. The singlemode optical fibers were fabricated from TeO2-WO3-La2O3-(Bi2O3) glasses with low content of impurities and absorption losses less then 100 dB/ km (1.56 µm). Rode-in-tube as well as monolith preform stretching techniques were used.

JTuB10

A Mode Coupled Erbium Doped Fiber Structure for All-Optical Regeneration of DPSK and OOK Signals, Scott Shepard¹, Richard Long²; ¹Louisiana Tech Univ., USA; ²CenturyLink, USA. We numerically demonstrate all-optical regenerators based on mode coupled EDFAs. These are phase transparent for DPSK signals and improve the SNR of OOK signals by over 3 dB.

JTuB11 Ring-Based WDM-PON with Suppression of Rayleigh Backscattering Interferometric Noise, Chi Wai Chow2, Chien-Hung Yeh1, Yu-Fu Wu2, Fu-Yuan Shih², Sien Chi²; ¹Industrial Technology Res. Inst., Taiwan; 2Natl. Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan. We demonstrate a ring-based WDM-PON. Rayleighbackscattering (RB) can be suppressed since the upstream signal and the RB are traveling in different directions. We also analyze the network

performance when upgrading to 40-Gb/s.

JTuB12

40 Gbps Long-Reach Access Network with Multi-Video Services Broadcasting, Chien-Hung Yeh1, Chi Wai Chow2, Lin-Gung Yang2, Yen-Liang Liu¹, Ci-Ling Pan³; ¹Industrial Technology Res. Inst., Taiwan; 2Natl. Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan; 3National Tsing Hus Univ., Taiwan. We propose and demonstrate the 40 and 10 Gb/s downlink and uplink traffic in long-reach PON architecture with multi-services broadcasting, such as CATV, DVB-T, IP-TV and HD-TV etc., in 100 km fiber access transmission.

ITuB13

Adjustment of Uplink Data Rate in RSOA-Based ONU in PON Access, Chien-Hung Yeh1, Chi Wai Chow², Lin-Gung Yang², Ci-Ling Pan³; ¹Industrial Technology Res. Inst., Taiwan; ²Natl. Chiao Tung Univ., Taiwan; 3Natl. Tsing Hua Univ., Taiwan. We first propose and investigate the dynamic uplink traffic rate adjustment employing RSOA-based optical network unit (ONU) in current PON and long reach PON systems, according to the injected power level of downlink signal.

JTuB14

Modeling and Design Optimization of Discrete Mode Lasers for High Speed Single-Mode Operation in Optical Communication Networks, Yu Li¹, Yanping Xi¹, Weiping Huang¹; ¹Electrical & Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada. Static and dynamic characteristics of discrete mode laser are investigated theoretically by a rigorous time-domain traveling-wave model. Design optimization is carried out on key parameters of the laser for single-mode operation in optical networks.

JTuB15

Optimization of CMOS-Compatible Hybrid Plasmonic Waveguides for Nonlinear Applications, Ke-Yao Wang¹, Amy C. Foster¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Johns Hopkins Univ., USA. We demonstrate the design and optimization of three CMOS-compatible hybrid plasmonic waveguide structures for nonlinear interactions. Our proposed hybrid waveguide structure provides the largest nonlinear phase shift compared to other designs.

JTuB16

Enhanced Absorption of Ultrathin Film a-Si Solar Cell Based on Ultrathin Metal Grating, Sangjun Lee¹, Sangin Kim¹, Jaejin Lee¹, Hanjo Lim¹; ¹Ajou Univ., Republic of Korea. We present enhanced absorption of solar cell composed of an ultrathin absorbing layer embedded between a metal reflector and an ultrathin metal grating. Absorption improvement for both TE and TM polarizations is achieved.

JTuB17

Surface Roughness Effect on Q-Factor of Ge Whispering Gallery Mode Microdisk Resonator, Seongjae Cho¹, Sukmo Koo¹, Kyungwan Yoo¹, Evan R. Pickett¹, Namkyoo Park¹, Theodore I. Kamins¹, Byung-Gook Park¹, James S. Harris¹; Electrical Engineering, Stanford Univ., USA. In this paper, surface roughness effect on Q-factor on Ge whispering gallery mode microdisk resonator is thoroughly investigated by 2-D and 3-D FDTD simulations with variations on roughness indices.

JTuB18

Refractive Index Profiling of an Optical Waveguide with Optical Path Perturbation, KaiHsun Tsai1, San-Yu Ding1, Wan-Shao Tsai1; 1Dept. of Applied Materials and Optoelectronics Engineering, Natl. Chi-Nan Univ., Taiwan. Two-dimensional index profile of an optical fiber was reconstructed with the measured differential optical fields by perturbing the optical path in the end-fire coupling measurement. Good results were obtained compared with the known index profile.

JTuB19

Design Optimization of High Performance Single-mode Fabry-Perot Lasers Based on Quantum Dot Materials, Lanxin Deng¹, Lin Han¹, Yanping Xi¹, Xun Li¹, Weiping Huang¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada. The inhomogeneous and homogeneous broadening of quantum-dot Fabry-Perot laser is discussed by a rate-equation model. With optimum values, the single longitudinal-mode laser is designed and the requirement of the inhomogeneous broadening is discussed.

JTuB20

Benzocyclobutene Multimode Interference Power Splitters Fabricated by Ultraviolet Laser Illumination, Yu-Shuan Chang¹, Wan-Shao Tsai2, Way-Seen Wang3,1; 1Graduate Inst. of Photonics and Optoelectronics, National Taiwan Univ., Taiwan; ²Dept. of Applied Materials and Optoelectronics Engineering, Natl. Chi-Nan Univ., Taiwan; 3Dept. of Electrical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan. Various MMI power splitters fabricated by laser illumination on benzocyclobutene are compared. With suitable beam expansion ratios, experimental results show the devices can be fabricated with high accuracy, short time, and good controllability.

JTuB3

JTuB1

negative absorption.

JTuB2

Hong Guo¹; ¹School of Electronics Engineering and Computer Science, Peking Univ., China. Simultaneous slow and fast light requires rf field [Opt. Lett. 35, 64 (2010)], which is inconvenient. We suggest that the rf field can be replaced by lights and thus, the phenomena can be realized optically.

Fast Light in Erbium Doped Fibers Based on

Coherent Population Oscillations with Non-

linear Negative Absorption, Francisco Arrieta-

Yáñez¹, Sonia Melle¹, Óscar G. Calderón¹; ¹Optics,

Superluminal propagation of signals (wavelengths

1536,787 nm) in erbium-doped fibers without

additional pump is demonstrated. We explain

this phenomenon within the coherent population

oscillations model in a medium with nonlinear

Amplitude-Preserving Tunable Pulse Delay in

AlGaInAs-InP Active Ring-Resonators, Andrea

Melloni¹, Antonio Canciamilla¹, Carlo Ferrari¹,

Francesco Morichetti¹, Gabor Mezosi², Marc Sorel²;

¹Policom - Dipartimento di Elettronica e Infor-

mazione, Politecnico di Milano, Italy; 2School of

Engineering, Univ. of Glasgow, UK. We report on

the use of active waveguides to compensate for

losses in reconfigurable delay lines based on ring

resonators. Pulse delay in both transparency and

Simultaneous Slow and Fast Light, Bin Luo¹,

amplification regimes is demonstrated.

Universidad Complutense de Madrid, Spain.

JTuB4

Destructive Interference of Dark Resonances in a Room Temperature Tripod System, Santosh Kumar¹, Thomas Laupretre², Fabien Bretenaker², Rupamanjari Ghosh¹, Fabienne Goldfarb²; ¹Jawaharlal Nehru Univ., India; ²Lab. Aime Cotton, France. We explore the response of a tripod system in 4He* under excitation by perpendicularly polarized pump and probe beams in the presence of a transverse magnetic field. Destructively interfering dark resonances are observed and interpreted.

JTuB5

Few-cycle Self-Induced-Transparency Solitons, Yuan Yao Lin¹, I-Hong Chan¹, Ray-Kuang Lee¹; ¹Inst. of Photonics Technologies, National Tsing Hua Univ., Taiwan. We reveal the existence of few-cycle optical self-induced-transparency soliton family in a two-level absorbing system in slow- and fast-light regime. The effects of number of cycles on area theory and pulse group velocity are elucidated.

Pier 4/Harbour Ballroom Foyer

Joint

JTuB • Joint Poster Session—Continued

JTuB21

Numerical Simulations of Temperature Dependence of High-Efficiency Multi-Junction Solar Cells Under Concentrated Sunlight, Jeffrey Wheeldon¹, Alex W. Walker¹, Olivier Theriault¹, Mark Yandt¹, Karin Hinzer¹; ¹Univ. of Ottawa, Canada. The temperature dependence of GaInP/ GaAs/Ge multi-junction solar cells are numerically modeled. The temperature dependence of the solar cell dark current and the spectral sensitivity of the solar cell are demonstrated.

JTuB22

Automatic Extraction of Chirp Parameter of DFB Laser, Lin Han', Yefeng Wen', Weiping Huang'; 'Electrical and Computer Engineering, McMaster Univ., Canada. A new method is proposed for extracting DFB laser chirp parameter by fitting the side-band strengths ratio curve obtained from spectrum measurement. It is validated by comparing with the result obtained from fiber dispersion measurement.

JTuB23 High Power Pulse Trains Envelop Severance in Quasi-Phase-Matched Waveguide, Shih-Chiang Lin¹; ¹-SHOU Univ, Taiwan. A method of 2-ps pulse trains generation in QPM waveguide is proposed. The mechanism of pulse train envelop severance, due to group velocity mismatched, is studied.

JTuB24

Step Index POF Link Power Budget Calculation Today and Tomorrow, Olaf Ziemann, S. Loquai, Roman Kruglov; Univ. of Nueremberg, Germany. The correct calculation of the optical power budget is very important for the present standardization. This paper will present a present example and will show options for future improvements with optimized components.

15:30-16:00 Coffee Break,	Pier 4/ Harbour Ballroom Foye
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N	OTES

Access Networks and In-house Communications

ATuC • Inhouse: Fiber and

ATuC1 • 16:00 Invited

and will present the current status.

ATuC2 • 16:30 Invited

Converged In-home Networks Using 1-mm

Core Size Plastic Optical Fiber, Eduward

Tangdiongga¹, Davide Visani^{1,2}, Hejie Yang¹, Yan

Shi¹, Chigo M. Okonkwo¹, Henrie van den Boom¹,

Giovanni Tartarini², A. Koonen¹; ¹Electrical

Engineering, COBRA Res. Inst., TU Eindhoven,

Netherlands; ²DEIS, Univ. of Bologna, Italy.

Broadband wireline and wireless transmission

system over 1-mm core size 50-m long POF is discussed. Transmission capacity of 2.2 Gbit/s DMT and 528-MHz UWB wireless signals is

achieved, having performance complying with

Juerg Leuthold; KIT, Germany,

Options for a 1 Gbit/s Standard POF Inter-

face Report on the German Standardization

Activities, Olaf Ziemann¹, Christian-Alexander

Bunge¹, Juri Vinogradov¹, S. Loquai¹, Roman

Kruglov¹; ¹Univ. Nueremberg, Germany. A German

standardization group works since Sep. 2009 on

a guideline for a future 1 Gbit/s POF interface.

This paper will summarize the recent activities

16:00-18:00

Wireless

Presider

ATuC3 • 17:00 Invited

requirements.

Ultra-broadband Optical Wireless for Indoor Applications, Thas A. Nirmalathas^{1,2}, Ke Wang^{1,2}, Christina Lim¹, Efstratios Skafidas^{1,2}; ¹Dept of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Univ. of Melbourne, Australia; ²Victoria Res. Lab., NICTA, Australia. In this paper, we demonstrate an experimental 4x12.5 Gb/s ultra-broadband optical wireless system incorporating wavelength division multiplexing.

SPTuC2 • 16:30

Structure of a Digital Feedback Clock Recovery for Parallelized Receivers, Daniel Schmidt¹, Berthold Lankl¹; ¹University of the Federal Armed Forces, Germany. High speed receivers must process several samples in parallel. For such a parallelized receiver architecture an implementation of a digital feedback timing recovery scheme is proposed.

Pier 7 & 8

Signal Processing in Photonics

Communications

Gabriella Bosco, Politecnico di

Integrated Carrier Phase and Frequency

Estimation for Coherent Detection based on

Multi-Symbol Differential Detection (MSDD),

Moshe Nazarathy¹, Netta Sigron¹, Igor Tselniker¹;

¹EE, Technion, Israel. We present new results

on MSDD carrier recovery for optical coherent

detection. The frequency and phase estimation

functions are jointly accomplished with lowest

complexity, high performance and automatic

adaptation to the channel statistics.

Torino, Italy, Presider

SPTuC1 • 16:00 Invited

16:00-17:30

SPTuC • DSP

SPTuC3 • 16:45

SPTuC4 • 17:00

Combined CD and DGD Monitoring Based on Data-Aided Channel Estimation, Fabian N. Hauske', Yabin Ye', Idelfonso Tafur Monroy², Fabio Pittala^{1,2}, Neil Guerrero Gonzalez²; ¹European Research Center, Huawei Technologies Duesseldorf GmbH, Germany; ²DTU Fotonik, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark. By use of a training sequence, fast and robust CD and DGD estimation is demonstrated for a 112 Gbit/s PDM-QPSK system over a wide range of combined channel impairments.

Adaptive Single-Carrier Frequency-Domain Equalization for 100G Coherent Optical Communications, Omid Zia-Chahabi¹, Raphaël Le Bidan¹, Michel Morvan¹, Christophe Laot¹; ¹Institut Telecom/Telecom Bretagne, France. We investigate the principle and performance of fractionallyspaced adaptive single-carrier frequency-domain equalization for 16-QAM 100G coherent optical communications. The proposed solution is shown to be robust against linear impairments.

16:00–18:00 ITuC • Photonic Integration I *Valery Tolstikhin; OneChip*

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

Photonics Inc., Canada, Presider

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research,

Silicon and Nano Photonics

ITuC1 • 16:00 Invited

Large-Scale Monolithic Integration of PM-QPSK Modulation Architecture in 500 Gb/s Transmitters, Scott Corzine¹, Peter Evans¹, Matthew Fisher¹, Andrew Dentai¹, Ranjani Muthiah¹, Randal Salvatore¹, Adam James¹, Pavel Studenkov¹, Eva Strzelecka¹, Thomas Vallaitis¹, Forrest Sedgwick¹, Matthias Kuntz¹, Vikrant Lal¹, Masaki Kato¹, Maura Raburn¹, Augi Spannagel¹, Wayne Williams¹, Shashank Agashe¹, Arnold Chen¹, Damien Lambert¹, John Thomson¹, Doug Christini¹, Don Pavinski¹, Parmijit Samra¹, Jianping Zhang¹, Tiangong Liu¹, Babak Behnia¹, Jeffrey Bostak¹, Vince Dominic¹, Alan Nilsson¹, Brian Taylor¹, Jeff Rahn¹, Gilad Goldfarb¹, Vinayak Dangui¹, Mike Van Leeuwen¹, Han Sun¹, Kuang-Tsan Wu¹, Matthew Mitchell¹, Jacco Pleumeekers¹, Mark Missey¹, Radha Nagarajan¹, Rick Schneider¹, James Stewart¹, Mike Reffle¹, Tim Butrie¹, Charles Joyner¹, Charles Joyner¹, Mehrdad Ziari¹, Fred Kish¹, Dave Welch¹; ¹Infinera, USA. We describe the monolithic integration of 10 InP-based phase-modulated transmitter channels employing polarization multiplexing and quadrature phase-shift keying coherent modulation format to provide an aggregate 500Gb/s bandwidth on a single chip.

ITuC2 • 16:30 Invited

InP-Based Transmitter PICs, Hiroyuki Ishii¹, Hiromi Oohashi¹; ¹NTT Photonics Laboratories, Japan. InP-based photonic integrated circuits (PICs) that contain semiconductor lasers are promising as compact high-performance transmitters for future photonic networks. Recent activity on InP-based transmitter PICs is described.

ITuC3 • 17:00 Spot-Size Converter: A Generic Building Block for Regrowth-Free Multi-Guide Vertical Integration in InP, Fang Wu¹, Valery Tolstikhin¹, Yury Logvin¹, Chris Brooks¹, ¹OneChip Photonics Inc, Canada. A wide-band spot-size converter for low-loss and alignment tolerant coupling to a single-mode fiber that also allows for on-chip wavelength splitting and routing is reported. The design, fabrication and characterization of the device are presented.

16:00–18:00 ITuD • Nanophotonics: Plasmonics and Applications II

Jeremy Baumberg; Univ. of Cambridge, UK, Presider

ITuD1 • 16:00 Invited

Active and Passive Surface Plasmon Photonics, Pierre Berini¹; ¹SITE, Univ. of Ottawa, Canada. Recent progress on integrated surface plasmon components is reviewed. Passive and active plasmonic functions, such as modulation, amplification and lasing, detection, and sensing are dicussed.

ITuD2 • 16:30

A Silicon Lens for Integrated Free-Space Optics, David Fattal¹, Jingjing Li¹, Zhen Peng¹, Marco Fiorentino¹, Raymond G. Beausoleil¹; ¹HP Labs, USA. We introduce a CMOS-compatible planar lens made of a hexagonal array of silicon posts, with a diameter distribution tailored to produce an arbitrary transmitted wavefront, opening the way to the integration of 3-D optical systems.

ITuD3 • 16:45

Guided-Mode-Resonance Enabled Absorption in Amorphous Silicon for Thin-Film Solar Cell Applications, Tanzina Khaleque', Jaewoong Yoon', Wenhua Wu', Mehrdad Shokooh-Saremi', Robert Magnusson'; ¹Electrical Engineering, Univ. of Texas at Arlington, USA. Nanoscale patterns with 300-nm periods fabricated on thin films of amorphous silicon on glass substrates. Around 50% integrated absorption enhancement compared to unpatterned silicon reference samples is observed for the 400–950-nm wavelength range.

ITuD4 • 17:00

Filter Response of Feedback Plasmonic Junctions, Mohamed A. Swillam¹, Amr S. Helmy¹; ¹ECE/Physics, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. We propose a novel filter structure for plasmonic circuits. The proposed structure is based on creating a feedback junction. The unique characteristics of the structure are analyzed using a simple and accurate analytical model.

Sessions continue on page XX.

34

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Harbour Salon A

Pier 5

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

16:00-18:00

SLTuB • Methods and Fundamentals

Byoung Ham, Inha Univ., South Korea, Presider

SLTuB1 • 16:00 Invited

Understanding Propagation Loss in Slow Light Waveguides, Sebastian A. Schulz¹, William Whelan-Curtin¹, Isabella H. Rey¹, Thomas Krauss¹; ¹School of Physics and Astronomy, Univ. of St Andrews, UK. Engineering dispersion and loss in photonic crystal waveguides allows us to control propagation up to moderate group indices. Novel results on 'over-engineered' waveguides give insights into loss vs. both propagation constant and group index.

16:00-18:15

STuC • Terahertz Waveguides, Applications, and Device Technology

Markus Walther; Univ. Freiburg, Germany, Presider

STuC1 • 16:00 Invited

The Transition from a TEM-like Mode to a Plasmon-like Mode in a Parallel Plate Waveguide, Jingbo Liu¹, Rajind Mendis¹, Daniel Mittleman¹; ¹Rice University, USA. We experimentally characterize the spatial mode inside a finite-width parallel-plate waveguide using a subwavelength probe. We observe a transition from a TEM-like spatial mode at low frequencies to a plasmon-like mode at high frequencies. 16:00-18:00

SOTuC • Fiber Sensors

Alexis Mendez; MCH Engineering, USA, Presider

SOTuC1 • 16:00 Invited

Challenges in deploying fiber based systems for oil and gas sensing, *Domino Taverner*; ¹.

SLTuB2 • 16:30

Coupled-Resonator Optical Waveguides (CROWs) Based on Grating Resonators with Modulated Bandgap, Hsi-Chun Liu¹, Christos Santis¹, Amnon Yariv^{1,2}; Electrical Engineering, California Inst. of Technology, USA; ²Applied Physics, California Inst. of Technology, USA. We theoretically study CROWs based on modulated grating resonators. The defect sections between resonators control the coupling coefficients and frequency detuning. The transmission spectra of CROWs rely on a proper choice of the defect length.

SLTuB3 • 16:45

Slow Light Using Cross Gain Modulation in a Quantum Dash Semiconductor Optical Amplifier, Sean O'Duill¹, Vissorian Mikhelashvili¹, Johann P. Reithmaier², Gadi Eisenstein¹; 'Electrical Engineering, Technion, Israel; 'Technische Physik, Univ. of Kassel, Germany. We report on measurements of phase shifting using cross gain modulation in a quantum dash semiconductor optical amplifier.

SLTuB4 • 17:00

Extraction of CROW Parameters Using Scattering Tree, Roman Novitski¹, Jacob Scheuer¹, Ben Z. Steinberg¹; ¹Tel-Aviv Univ, Israel. We present a method for extracting the coupling coefficients and the resonant frequency detunings of a coupled resonator optical waveguide (CROW) from its discrete impulse response calculated from the frequency response of the through port.

STuC2 • 16:30

Suspended Core Subwavelength Fibers for Practical Low-loss Terahertz Guidance, Bora Ung¹, Mathieu Roze², Anna Mazhorova¹, Markus Walther³, Maksim Skorobogativ¹; ¹Engineering physics, Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal, Canada², ²Materials Research Center, University of Freiburg, Germany. We describe fabrication of polymer suspended core fibers (porous & non-porous cores) for terahertz guiding, and their characterization via near-field THz microscopy. These novel fibers enable convenient handling and mode isolation from perturbations.

STuC3 • 16:45

Suspended Core Polyethylene Fiber for Bio-sensing Applications in the Terahertz Region, Anna Mazhorova¹, Mohammed Zourob², Maksim Skorobogatiy¹; ¹Genie Physique, Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal, Canada; ²Institut National de la Recherche Scientifique, Canada. For the first time we demonstrate the possibility of using suspended core polyethylene fibers for the sensing of E.coli. Diameter of fiber is 5.1 mm, it has 150 µm suspended core which is strongly isolated from the environment

STuC4 • 17:00

Industrial Applications of Pulsed Terahertz Radiation, *Philip Taday'; 'TeraView Limited, UK.* Terahertz pulsed applications have long been thought to be a physics laboratory tool. In this paper I discuss recent advancements in bring terahertz sensors in real world practical applications in industry.

SOTuC2 • 16:30

Optical fibers with hermetic coating for high temperature applications, Valery Kozlov¹, Joo Koh¹, Kevin Bennett¹, Paul Sanders², Trevor MacDougall²; ¹Science and Technology, Corning Inc., USA; ²Qorex LLC, USA. Optical fibers with carbon coating and high temperature protective coating were tested at temperatures up to 200C and hydrogen pressures up to 400psi to study carbon coating hermetic properties at elevated temperatures.

SOTuC3 • 16:45

Development of a Novel Cladding-doped Optical Fiber with Au Metal Nano-particles for Surface Plasmon Resonance Sensor Applications, Seongmin Ju¹, Pramod R. Watekar², Seongmook Jeong¹, Youngwoong Kim¹, Hyong Sun Kim¹, Poram Jeon¹, Cheol Jin Kim³, Won-Taek Han¹; ¹Craduate Program of Photonics and Applied Physics/Department of Information and Communications, Gwangju Institute of Science and Technology, Republic of Korea; ¹School of Electronics Engineering, VIT University, India; ³Department of Ceramic Engineering, Gyeongsang National University, Republic of Korea. A novel optical fiber having its cladding doped with Au metal nanoparticles was developed. The enhanced surface plasmon resonance without using metal thin film on the fiber surface was obtained.

SOTuC4 • 17:00

Visible Light Emitting Optical Fibers using Up-Conversion, Michael Bass^{3,2}, John Ballato¹; ¹Clemson University, USA; ²University of Central Florida, USA; ³bdDisplays, LLC, USA. Optical fibers are described that emit visible light along their length when particulate up-converters in the cladding are excited by light from semiconductor light sources propagating in the core and leaking into the cladding.

Sessions continue on page XX.

Access Networks and In-house Communications

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

ATuC • Inhouse: Fiber and Wireless—Continued

SPTuC • DSP—Continued

Pier 7 & 8

Signal Processing in Photonics

SPTuC5 • 17:15

Complexity Analysis of Block Equalization Approach for PolMux QAM Coherent Systems, Mehrez Selmi¹, Philippe Ciblat¹, Yves Jaouën¹, Christophe Gosset¹; ¹Telecom ParisTech, France. The computational load of block CMA equalizers is addressed. Compared to the adaptive CMA, we show block approaches increase the convergence speed by ~10 but only the complexity by ~4 in 112Gbit/s PolMux 16QAM systems.

ITuC • Photonic Integration I— Continued

Harbour Salon B

Integrated Photonics Research,

ITuC4 • 17:15

Single Step Epitaxial Growth of Ge-on-Si for Active Photonic Devices, Rodolfo E. Camacho-Aguilera¹, Jonathan Bessette¹, Yan Cai¹, Xiaoman Duan¹, Jifeng Liu², Lionel Kimerling¹, Jurgen Michel¹; ¹DMSE, MIT, USA; ²Dartmouth College, USA. Germanium for integrated photonic devices has been grown selectively on Si, using a single step epitaxial process, eliminating the standard highly dislocated Ge or SiGe buffer layer to accommodate the Ge-Si lattice mismatch.

ITuC5 • 17:30

High n-type Doping for Ge Lasers, Jonathan Bessette¹, Rodolfo E. Camacho-Aguilera¹, Yan Cai¹, Lionel Kimerling¹, Jurgen Michel¹; ¹MIT, USA. We present evidence of enhanced n -type doping of epitaxial Ge-on-Si for integrated light emitting devices. SIMS, Hall Effect, and photoluminescence measurements confirm dopant concentrations as high as 4 × 1019 cm-3 with efficient PL emission.

ITuC6 • 17:45

Novel Designs for On-chip Mid-Infrared Detectors Integrated with Chalcogenide Waveguides, Vivek Singh¹, Juejun Hu², Timothy W. Zens¹, Jianfei Wang¹, Pao T. Lin¹, Jacklyn Wilkinson³, Spencer Novak³, J. David Musgraves³, Lionel Kimerling¹, Kathleen Richardson3, Anu Agarwal1; 1Dept. of Materials Science and Engineering, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; ²Dept. of Materials Science and Engineering, Univ. of Delaware, USA; ³School of Materials Science and Engineering, COMSET, Clemson Univ., USA. We present novel designs and corresponding simulation results showing a reduction in reflection for a waveguideintegrated, on-chip detector for the mid-infrared regime, using chalcogenide glass waveguides integrated with a PbTe detector.

ITuD • Nanophotonics: **Plasmonics and Applications II—Continued**

ITuD5 • 17:15

Ultra-small Highly Birefringent Slot-Microfiber, Fei Xu1; 1Nanjing Univ., China. We present the wave guiding properties of the proposed ultra-small highly birefringent slotmicrofiber. Birefringence as large as 4×10-2 at 1550 nm can be obtained with microfibers 1 µm in diameter.

ITuD6 • 17:30

Organic and Hybrid Plasmonic Nanostructures for Energy Conversion, Garv P. Wiederrecht'; ¹Center for Nanoscale Materials, Argonne Natl. Lab., USA. Recent advances for photoinduced charge separation in nanostructures are discussed. Both organic and organic plasmonic hybrid nanostructures are described. Ultrafast electronic coupling in the hybrid nanostructures is also observed.

ITuD7 • 17:45

On-chip Nanofocusing Using a Hybrid Plasmonic-Dieletric Tapered Waveguide, Ye Luo1, Ali Adibi1, Maysamreza Chamanzar1, Ali Asghar Eftekhar1; 1School of ECE, Georgia Inst. of Technology, USA. We present a novel on-chip plasmonic nanofocusing technique based on tapering the metal layer of a hybrid Si-Au waveguide. Input optical energy becomes strongly concentrated and highly localized at the metallic tip.

ATuC4 • 17:30 Background Light Induced Noise and Its Effects on Indoor Gigabit Optical Wireless Communication Systems, Ke Wang^{1,2}, Ampalavanapillai Nirmalathas^{1,2}, Christina Lim², Efstratios Skafidas^{1,2}; ¹National ICT Australia-Victoria Research Laboratory (NICTA-VRL), Univ. of Melbourne, Australia; ²Dept. of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Univ. of Melbourne, Australia. We experimentally study the receiver sensitivity and power-penalty due to shot noise induced by the background light in indoor gigabit optical wireless communication systems. This noise typically causes several dB power-penalties in the system.

ATuC5 • 17:45

36

Securing Free Space Optics Communications through Optical Chaos, Fabrizio Chiarello¹, Marco Santagiustina¹, Leonora Ursini¹; ¹Dept. of Information Engineering, CNIT, Univ. of Padova, Italy. A free space optical chaotic communication system for the secure transmission of a digital message at hundreds Mb/s is presented. The performance of the system is investigated including the indoor infrared channel impairments.

18:30–21:30 Advance Photonics Congress Reception and Banquet, Hart House, Univ. of Toronto

Communications Silicon and Nano Photonics

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Pier 5

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SLTuB • Methods and Fundamentals— Continued

STuC • Terahertz Waveguides, Applications, and Device Technology—Continued

SOTuC • Fiber Sensors—Continued

SLTuB5 • 17:15 Electromagnetic Energy Velocity in Slow Light, Marco Santagiustina'; 'Dept. of Information Engineering, CNIT - Univ. of Padova, Italy. Group and electromagnetic energy velocities in structural and material slow light are compared. They are equal for structural

SLTuB6 • 17:30

on energy velocity.

On Fast Light and Signal Detection Latency, Levent Kayili¹, Mo Mojahedi¹; ¹Edward S. Rogers Sr., Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. Through the calculation of time-varying error probability, we show that a reduction in signal latency can be obtained in a practical active medium with negative group velocity (negative group delay) in the presence of noise.

slow light; the enhancement of linear and nonlinear effects depends

STuC5 • 17:30

Ultrafast THz Pulse Shaping: Generation of Half-cycle Pulse from Multi-cycle THz Pulse, Mostafa Shalaby¹, Marco Peccianti¹², Luca Razzar², Gargi Sharma¹, Tsuneyuki Ozaki¹, Roberto Morandotti¹, ¹INRS-EMT, Canada; ²Institute for Chemical and Physical Processes, Italy; ³Italian Institute of Technology, Italy. Using optical pump / THz probe technique in InP, we demonstrate ultrafast licing of a multi-cycle THz pulse into single- and half-cycle THz pulses.

SLTuB7 • 17:45

Myths and Reality of the "Slow" and "Fast" Light, Valeri Kovalev^{1,2}, Nadezhda E. Kotova^{1,2}, 'Physics, Heriot-Watt Univ., UK; ²P.N. Lebedev Physical Inst., Russian Federation. Experimentally observed pulse delays usually attributed to the group velocity phenomenon cannot be such since not all necessary conditions for this phenomenon are met. Observations are accountable for by nonlinearity of resonant absorption or gain.

STuC6 • 17:45

Characteristics of Terahertz Antenna Pulsed Sources Made on Fe-Implanted InGaAsP/InP Photoconductive Materials, Andre Fekces^{1,3}, Maxime Bernier^{1,3}, Martin Chicoine^{2,3}, François Schiettekatte^{2,3}, Paul Charette¹, Richard Arès^{1,3}, Denis Morris^{1,3}, ¹Institut interdisciplinaire d'innovation technologique - 3IT, Université de Sherbrooke, Canada, ²Département de physique, Université de Montréal, Canada; ²Regroupement québécois sur les matériaux de pointe - RQMP, Canada. Pulsed terahertz emitters were fabricated on Fe-implanted InGaAsP/InP photoconductive materials. The THz signals are detected by electro-optic sampling using fs-pulses at 790 nm or at 1.55 µm. Characteristics of this new THz source are discussed.

STuC7 • 18:00

Dynamics of Noise in THz Photomixers as a Receiver Sensor, Barmak Heshmat¹, Hamid Pahlevaninezhad¹, Jinye Zhang¹, Thomas Edward Darcie¹; ¹University of Victoria, Canada. We present an analytical estimation and experimental measurement of noise spectral density and noise average power in THz photomixers as receivers in heterodyne THz sensing. This includes generation-recombination, thermal, and flicker noise.

18:30–21:30 Advance Photonics Congress Reception and Banquet, Hart House, Univ. of Toronto

SOTuC5 • 17:15 Tutorial

Optical fiber sensors and their Specialty Fiber Needs, Alexis Mendez¹; ¹MCH Engineering, LLC, USA. This tutorial will review the basic principles, applications, and specialty fiber needs for optical fiber sensors. key technical trends will be identified along with relevant commercial opportunities and challenges. Signal Processing in Photonics Communications

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

7:30-17.00 Registration Open, Harbour Ballroom Foyer

9:00-10:00

SPWA • Nonlienearities Robert Killey, Univ. College London, UK, Presider

8:30-10:00 IWA • Modeling and Simulation III: Lasers and Emitters

Aziz Rahman, City University of London, Presider

IWA1 • 8:30 Invited

Active Device Modeling and Simulation: Multi-Stable Micro-Lasers for an All Optical Switching, Dmitry N. Chigrin¹, Sergei V. Zhukovsky^{1,2}; ¹Faculty of Electrical, Information, and Media Engineering, Bergische Univ. Wuppertal, Germany; 2Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. Multistability in microstructures can pave the way towards designing an all-optical memory cells suitable for applications in integrated optics. We review general theoretical principles behind the multistable microlaser operation and applications.

SPWA1 • 9:00 Invited

Nonlinearity Compensation using Digital Backward Propagation, Eduardo Mateo¹, Fatih Yaman¹, Ting Wang¹, Guifang Li²; ¹NEC Laboratories America, USA; ²CREOL, The college of Optics and Photonics. University of Central Florida, USA. Compensation of fiber impairments using advanced DPS techniques will play a fundamental role in future communications systems. In particular, technologies for nonlinearity compensation using digital backward propagation are discussed in this paper.

IWA2 • 9:00 Invited

Janssen¹; ¹Delft Univ. of Technology, the Netherlands, Netherlands. It will be shown that the incoherent emission can be computed very efficiency by applying the reciprocity principle. We shall furthermore consider the optimization of the structures.

8:30-10:00

IWB • Active Nanophotonics, Quantum **Dots, and Nanocavities**

Gary Wiederrecht, Argonne National Laboratory, USA, Presider

IWB1 • 8:30 Invited

Extruding Opals: Self-Assembling Active Soft NanoPhotonics on the Kilometre Scale, Jeremy Baumberg1; 1University of Cambridge, UK. A new technique produces kilometre-scale single-domain opaline photonic crystals from standard polymers by novel solvent-less nano-assembly. Stretching these unusual elastomeric opals induces new scattering color and enables many applications.

IWB2 • 9:00

Nanoscale Photonic Transistor, Alexey V. Krasavin¹, Anatoly Zayats1; 1Department of Physics, King's College London, UK. We combine a highly-efficient nanoscale photonic guiding approach with a robust modulation principle, utilising novel electro-optical material and numerically demonstrate a nanoscale photonic modulator having an unprecedented length of ~100 nm

Optical Field Molding within Near-Field Coupled Twinned Nanobeam Cavities, Benoit Cluzel^{2,1}, Kevin Foubert^{1,2}, Loic Lalouat², Emmanuel Picard¹, Jean Dellinger², David Peyrade³, Frederique de Fornel², Emmanuel Hadji¹; ¹INAČ/SP2M, CEA, France; ²LICB, CNRS, France; 3LTM, CNRS, France. Twinned high Q nanobeam cavities can be optically coupled while being placed in the optical near-field of each other. They form then a new optical system which supports discrete field maps addressable by wavelength selection.

IWB4 • 9:30

IWB3 • 9:15

Photoluminescence of Strain-Engineered CdSe/Cd(0.5)Zn(0.5)S Core/Shell Colloidal Quantum Dots, Jaime Brar¹, Vincent Veilleux², Peter Krug³, Karin Hinzer¹, Claudine Allen², Henry P. Schriemer¹; ¹SITE, Univ. of Ottawa, Canada; ²COPL, Univ. Laval, Canada; ³Univ. of New South Wales, Australia. Photoluminescence (PL) measurements were performed to gain insight into bleaching processes, to determine relative quantum efficiency, temperature dependence of the PL and the contribution of carrier-phonon scattering processes to thermal broadening.

IWB5 • 9:45

Quantum-Tuned Two-Junction Solar Cells, Xihua Wang¹, Ghada Koleilat¹, Edward Sargent¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Toronto, Canada. We report quantum-size-effect tuned tandem solar cells. Our two-junction photovoltaic devices employ light-absorbing material of a single composition and use two rationally-selected nanoparticle sizes to harvest the sun's broad spectrum.

Wednesday 15 June

SPWA2 • 9:30

Reducing the Complexity of Electronic Pre-compensation for the Nonlinear Distortions in a Directly Modulated Laser, Abdullah S. Karar¹, John Cartledge¹, James Harley², Kim Roberts²; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, Queen's University, Canada; ²Ciena Corporation, Canada. A simplified expression relating the required input current for a directly modulated laser to a target output optical power is obtained and used experimentally in mitigating the laser nonlinear distortion by digital signal processing.

SPWA3 • 9:45

Reduction of Nonlinear Impairments in Fiber Transmission System Using Fiber Diversity, Sina Naderi Shahi¹, Shiva Kumar¹; ¹ECE, McMaster University, Canada. A multi-fiber architecture combined with optical/electrical equalizers is proposed to mitigate nonlinearity in fiber-optic systems. Transmission reach at BER of 2.1×10^-3 is quadrupled in 8-fiber configuration as compared to single-fiber system.

IWA3 • 9:30

Numerical Simulation of Dicke Superradiance in a Semiconductor Laser Device, Xuhan Guo¹, Kevin A. Williams¹, Vojtech F. Olle¹, Adrian Wonfor¹, Richard V. Penty¹, Ian H. White¹; ¹Dept. of Engineering, Univ. of Cambridge, UK. This paper reports a theoretical model for Dicke Superradiance in semiconductor laser devices. Simulations agree well with previously-observed superradiance properties and are used to optimize driving conditions and device geometry.

IWA4 • 9:45

Erbium-Doped Chalcogenide Glass Micro-Disks as Monolithic Mid-IR Laser Sources, Faleh M. Altal¹, Clara Dimas¹, Juejun Hu^{2,3}, Anu Agarwal², Lionel Kimerling²; ¹Materials Science and Engineering, Masdar Inst. of Science and Technology, United Arab Emirates; ²Microphotonics Center, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; ³Department of Materials Science & Engineering, Univ. of Delaware, USA. The feasibility of Mid-Infrared (MIR) lasing in Erbium-doped Gallium Lanthanum Sulfide (GLS) micro-disks was investigated. Based on state-of-the-art Chalcogenides micro-disk resonators parameters, lasing was simulated and shown to be possible.

Fully-Vectorial Methods for Emitting Devices, Paul Urbach¹, O.

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

7:30–17.00 Registration Open, Harbour Ballroom Foyer

8:30–10:00 SLWA • Nonlinear Optics and Waveguide Technologies

Toshihiko Baba, Yokohama National Univ., Japan, Presider

SLWA1 • 8:30 Invited

Nonlinear Optics at the Single-Photon Level Inside a Hollow Core Fiber, Sebastian Hofferberth¹; ¹Dept. of Physics, Harvard Univ, USA. Cold atoms inside a hollow core fiber provide an unique system for studying optical nonlinearities at the few-photon level. We present our experimental apparatus and discuss results regarding all-optical switching at ultra-low light levels.

SLWA2 • 9:00

Slow and Fast Light in High-Birefringence Fiber Parametric Amplifiers, Marco Santagiustina'; ¹Dept. of Information Engineering, CNIT, Univ. of Padova, Italy. Slow and fast light effects in high-birefringence fibers are theoretically predicted. Delay can be controlled through the pump polarization.

SLWA3 • 9:15

Decay Time in a Cavity in Slow or Fast Light Regime, Thomas Laupretre¹, Rupamanjari Ghosh², Sylvain Schwartz³, Fabienne Goldfarb¹, Fabien Bretenaker¹; ¹Laboratoire Aime Cotton, France; ²Jawaharlal Nehru Univ, India; ³Thales Res. and Technology France, France. We measure the photon lifetime in a cavity containing 4He* creating slow or fast light. This lifetime is shown to depend on the group velocity of light. Ultimate performances of fast light gyros are discussed.

SLWA4 • 9:30

Light Storage Enhancement by Reducing the Brillouin Bandwidth, Stefan Preussler¹, Kambiz Jamshidi¹, Andrzej Wiatrek¹, Thomas Schneider¹, ¹Inst. fuer Hochfrequenztechnik, Hochschule fuer Telekommunikation Leipzig, Germany. To achieve higher storage times for a new method for the storage of optical pulses called Quasi-Light-Storage we reduced the SBS gain bandwidth. In our experiments we achieved an enhancement of 40%.

SLWA5 • 9:45

Saturation and Delay in Broadband Brillouin Slow-Light, Andrzej Wiatrek¹, Kambiz Jamshidi¹, Stefan Preussler¹, Thomas Schneider¹; ¹Inst. Jür Hochfrequenztechnik, DTAG HJT Leipzig, Germany. In this contribution we investigate the influence of gain saturation on the pulse width and the pulse delay. It is shown that saturation can lead to a pulse width compression while increasing the delay time.

8:30–10:00 SWA • Biochemical Sensors I

Mário Ferreira; Univ. of Aveiro Portugal, USA, Presider

SWA1 • 8:30 Invited

Ink-Jet-Printed Optofluidic SERS for Molecular Analysis, Ian M. White¹; ¹Fischell Department of Bioengineering, University of Maryland, USA. We present ink-jet fabrication of optofluidic surface enhanced Raman spectroscopy (SERS) devices with no micro/nanofabrication required. This novel, ultra-low-cost technique enables on-demand fabrication of SERS devices for lab and field use.

SWA2 • 9:00

Efficient Raman Sensor for Nanoparticles using Hollow Core Photonic Crystal Fiber, Jacky S. W. Mak¹, Abdiaziz A. Farah¹, Feifan Chen¹, Amr S. Helmy¹; ¹The Edward S. Rogers Sr. Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada. Strong Raman modes of the semiconductor core, thiol agents, and their interfacial compound in colloidal CdTe quantum dots were observed and compared for the first time in aqueous solution through efficient Raman scattering in HC-PCE.

SWA3 • 9:15

Low-Loss Tunable All-in-Fiber Filter for Raman Spectroscopy, Anna Chiara Brunetti¹, Lara Scolari², Toke Lund-Hansen¹, Karsten Rottwitt¹; ¹DTU Fotonik, DTU, Technical University of Denmark, Denmark; ²NKT Photonics A/S, Denmark. We show a novel in-line low-loss thermally tunable Rayleigh-rejection filter for Raman spectroscopy, based on a solid-core Photonic Crystal Fiber (PCF) filled with a high-index material.

SWA4 • 9:30

High Density Ink Jet Printing of Bio-molecules for Photonic Crystal-based Microarray Applications, Wei-Cheng Lai', Kathryn Moncivais², Swapnajit Chakravarty³, Xiaolong Wang³, Che Yun Lin⁴, Zhiwen J. Zhang³, Ray T. Chen¹; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, The University of Texas at Austin, USA; ²Division of Medicinal Chemistry, College of Pharmacy, The University of Texas at Austin, USA; ²Omega Optics Inc, USA. High density inkjet printing of protein solutions was investigated for photonic crystal based microarray applications. Spacing of 60m has been demonstrated between unique inkjet-printed spots on a silicon substrate.

SWA5 • 9:45

Ultra Broadband Mid-IR Detectors Using Multilayer Anti-reflection Coupling, Pao T. Lin¹, ¹Materials Science and Engineering, MIT-EAPS, USA. Ultra broadband mid-IR detector is demonstrated in the spectral region at 2-4 um. The light coupler is composed of multilayer dielectric layers. A 60 % enhancement of transmittance is achieved at light incident angles 0=00-750.

8:30–9:45 SOWA • 1um Fiber Lasers John Clowes, Fianium, USA, Presider

SOWA1 • 8:30 Invited

Commercial fiber lasers, Mike O'Conner; ¹. 'IPG Photonics Corp. USA. Fiber laser development for defense applications fall into two primary areas: spectrally broad, and spectrally narrow fiber lasers. The former are useful for tactical, close-range applications, and are used as single lasers, or as multiple lasers which are incoherently combined. The latter are being developed for long-range applications, and narrow linewidth is required for either coherent or spectral combining of multiple beams. In this paper, we discuss the recent advances in both types of fiber lasers.

SOWA2 • 9:00

Generation of Sub-200-fs Microjoule Pulses From an All-fiber CPA System, Dirk Mortag¹, Thomas Theeg¹, Katharina Hausmann^{1,2}, Lars Grüner-Nielsen⁴, Kim G. Jespersen⁴, Dieter Wand^{1,2}, Uwe Morgner^{2,3}, Dietmar Kracht^{1,2}, Jörg Neumann^{1,2}, 'Laser Zentrum Hannover e.V., Germany; 'Centre for Quantum Engineering and Space-Time Research - QUEST, Germany; 'Institut für Quantenoptik, Leibniz Universität Hannover, Germany; 'OFS Denmark, Incubation Center, Denmark. We report on an all-fi[[#12#]]ber-integrated CPA system generating microjoule pulses. It incorporates a [[#12#]] fiber stretcher with negative third-order dispersion to achieve minimum pulse durations of 189 fs after compression with a grating arrangement.

SOWA3 • 9:15 Invited

All-solid Photonic Bandgap Fiber Lasers, Christina B. Olausson¹, Akira Shirakawa², Jens K. Lyngso¹, Kim P. Hansen¹, Jes Broeng¹, Ken-ichi Ueda²; ¹NKT Photonics A/S, Denmark; ²Institute for Laser Science, University of Electro-Communications, Japan. Solid core photonic bandgap fibers exhibit a unique spectral filtering effect with efficient out-of-band suppression. This is used for artificial gain shaping and ASE filtering in high power fiber lasers for operation at unconventional wavelengths.

10.00–10.30 Coffee Break, Harbour Ballroom Foyer

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

10:30–12:15 SPWB • Coding II

Alexei Pilipetski, Tyco Tellecommunications, USA, Presider

SPWB1 • 10:30 Invited

On the Implementation of Soft-Decision Decoders for High-Speed Optical Transmission, *Ivan Djordjevic*¹; ¹Electrical and *Computer Engineering, University of Arizona, USA.* We describe large-girth LDPC codes suitable for high-speed optical transmission and several reduced-complexity (RC) LDPC-decoding algorithms. We evaluate quantization effect BER performance degradation and discuss corresponding FPGA implementation.

SPWB2 • 11:00

Quasi-Cyclic LDPC based on PEG Construction for Optical Communications, Sami Mumtaz¹, Ghaya Rekaya-Ben Othman¹, Yves Jaouen¹; ¹Comelec, Telecom Paristech, France. A new construction of quasi-cyclic LDPC codes based on the progressive edgegrowth algorithm is presented. These codes perform better than most LDPC codes proposed for optical transmissions and design parameters can be chosen without constraint.

SPWB3 • 11:15

BICM and TCM Comparison in 100 Gbps Optical Coherent Links in Nonlinear Regime, Tommaso Foggi¹, Roberto Magri²; ¹CNIT, Italy; ²Ericsson S.p.A., Italy. The popular single-carrier QPSK modulation format is compared with 8PSK BICM and TCM schemes in 100 Gbps optical links in linear and nonlinear regime, with or without inline dispersion compensation.

SPWB4 • 11:30

Wednesday 15 June

Soft Differential Decoding with Non-redundant Error Correction for Dispersion Managed Optical Transmission System, Zhuhong Zhang¹, Fabin N. Hauske², Chuandong Li¹, Yanjun Zhu³, Yanming Li³, Fei Zhu³, Yusheng Bai², ¹Ottawa Re⁴D Center, Huawei Technologies, Canada, ²Europe Research Center, Huawei Technologies, Germany; ³US Re⁴D Center, Huawei Technologies, USA. Considering DSP implementation constraints, we demonstrate that soft differential decoding with NEC provides the best performance when co-propagating 100G PDM-QPSK with 10G OOK channels over dispersion managed links at 50GHz channel.

SPWB5 • 11:45

Physical Layer Constraints in Dynamic Optical Mesh Networks at Higher Bit-rates, Danish Rafique¹, Andrew D. Ellis¹; ¹Tyndall National Institute, Ireland, Ireland. We demonstrate that addition of higher-order modulation formats and increased network flexibility significantly degrades the through traffic due to severe X effects, in a WDM optical transport network employing dynamic 28Gbaud -mQ transponders.

SPWB6 • 12:00

Experimental Demonstration of PDL Mitigation using Polarization-Time Coding in PDM-OFDM Systems, Sami Mumtaz¹, Jingshi Li², Swen Koenig², Yves Jaouen¹, Rene Schmogrow², Ghaya Rekaya-Ben Othman¹, Juerg Leuthhold²; ¹Comelec, Telecom Paristech, Paris, France; ²Institute of Photonics and Quantumelectronics, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT), Karlsruhe, Germany. For the first time, we demonstrate experimentally that PDL can be highly mitigated by the use of Polarization-Time coding in OFDM transmissions. We show that Silver code performs better than Golden and Alamouti codes.

10:30–12:30 IWC • Photonic Integration II

Richard Soref; AFOSR, USA, Presider

IWC1 • 10:30 Invited

CMOS Photonics Platform for 25 Gbit/s Optical Transceivers, Peter De Dobbelaere; ¹Luxtera, USA. We present a mature CMOS photonics technology platform for design, simulation and manufacturing of optical transceivers. The capability is illustrated with some examples and a roadmap towards higher speed, denser data transmission and closer integration.

IWC2 • 11:00 Invited

A Silicon Photonics Platform with Heterogeneous III-V Integration, Wim Bogaerts¹, Shankar K. Selvaraja¹, Hui Yu¹, Thijs Spuessens¹, Pauline Mechet¹, Stevan Stankovic¹, Shahram Keyvaninia¹, Joris Van Campenhout², Philippe Absi², Gunther Roelkens¹, Dries Van Thourhout¹, Roel Baets¹, ¹Information Technology - Photonics Research Group, Ghent Univ. - Imec, Belgium; ²Imec v.z.w., Belgium. We present a silicon photonics platform combining silicon processing and heterogeneously integrated III-V materials. This enables passive and active photonic functions on silicon, such as waveguides, filters, modulators, photodetectors and lasers.

IWC3 • 11:30

1310 nm Evanescent Hybrid III-V/Si Laser Based on DVS-BCB Bonding, Stevan Stankovic¹, Gunther Roelkens¹, Dries Van Thourhout¹, Richard Jones², Matthew Sysak², John Heck², ¹INTEC, Ghent Univ. - Imec, Belgium; ²Photonics Technology Lab, Intel Corp., USA. We present an evanescently-coupled, hybrid III-V/Silicon Fabry-Perot laser based on adhesive (DVS-BCB) bonding, operating at 1310 nm. Maximum optical power in a continuous-wave regime is 3 mW and the threshold current density is 2.41 kA/cm2.

IWC4 • 11:45

Optimally Coupled Hybrid III-V Photonics Crystal Wire Cavity CW Lasers on Passive SOI Waveguides, Yacine Halioua^{1,2}, Alexandre Bazin¹, Timothy Karle¹, Paul Monnier¹, Isabelle Sagnes¹, Rama Raj¹, Fabrice Rainer^{1,2}, ¹CNRS-LPN, France, ²Intec-Photonics group, Ghent Univ, Belgium; ³Univ. Paris Diderot, France. CW Laser operation of an efficiently coupled III-V wire cavity to a silicon wire is demonstrated. Transmission characteristics of the system are explored via pump-probe experiments revealing high coupling efficiency (>80%).

10:30-12:15

IWD • Modeling and Simulation IV: Coupled Waveguides and Resonators

Ya Yan Lu, City University of Hong Kong, China, Presider

IWD1 • 10:30 Invited

Coupled Mode Theory for Optical Waveguides, Weiping Huang', Jianwei Mu¹; ¹McMaster Univ, Canada, Canada. Resonant coupling to radiation field in optical waveguides has been simulated by complex coupled mode theory. Salient features of complex mode theory are demonstrated by investigation of transmission spectra in short/long period gratings.

IWD2 • 11:00

Adiabatic Wavelength Conversion in Travelling-Wave and Resonant Photonic Structures, Yuzhe Xiao¹, Govind P. Agrawal¹, Drew N. Maywar²; 'Inst. of Optics, Univ. of Rochester, USA; 'Electrical, Computer, and Telecommunications Engineering Technology, Rochester Inst. of Technology, USA. We present a simple and intuitive linear system model to study adiabatic wavelength conversion in integrated photonic structures and to reveal how this process affects the shape and spectrum of optical pulses.

IWD3 • 11:15

Analytical Method for Designing Strongly Coupled Microring Resonator Networks, Alan Tsay¹, Vien Van¹; ¹Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Univ. of Alberta, Canada. We present a method for synthesizing strongly coupled microring networks of general 2D coupling topologies. The method is based on the power coupling formalism of coupled microrings and can be used to design broadband filters.

IWD4 • 11:30

Microcavity Filter Design Using Convex Optimization Methodology, Mohamed A. Swillam¹, Osman S. Ahmed², Mohamed H. Bakr², Xun Li²; ¹ECE/Physics, Univ. of Toronto, Canada; ²ECE, McMaster Univ, Canada. We propose a novel and efficient approach for filter design using multiple microcavities. This approach is suitable of large number of coupled cavities and can be exploited to get wide range of responses.

IWD5 • 11:45

Generating a Frequency-Bin Entangled Comb of Photon Pairs via Four-Wave Mixing in a Silicon-on-Insulator Microring Resonator, Jun Chen^{1,2}, Zachary H. Levine¹, Jingyun Fan^{1,2}, Alan Migdall^{1,2}, ¹Natl. Inst. of Standards and Technology, USA; ²Joint Quantum Inst., Univ. of Maryland, USA. We present a quantum theory for generation of frequency-bin entangled comb of photon pairs via four-wave mixing in a Silicon-on-Insulator microring resonator. We also provide design principles of such a microring through numerical simulations.

Sessions continue on page XX.

Harbour Salon A

Pier 5

Slow and Fast Light

Optical Sensors

Specialty Optical Fibers

Liang Dong, Clemson Univ., USA, Presider

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

10:30-12:15

SLWB • Slow/Fast Light Systems

Holger Schmidt, Univ. of California at Santa Cruz, USA, Presider

SLWB1 • 10:30 Invited

Dynamic Manipulations of Light Pulses in an Optically Dense Coherent Medium, *Irina Novikoval*; ¹ College of William and Mary, USA. We present experimental and theoretical studies of EIT-based quantum memory that go beyond three-level system and account for enhanced nonlinear interactions at high optical depth.

SLWB2 • 11:00

Magnetically Induced Simultaneous Slow and Fast Light by Phase Control, Bin Luo¹, Hong Guo¹; ¹School of Electronics Engineering and Computer Science, Peking Univ., China. A-type atom coupled by additional driving light and radio frequency (RF) field can generate controllable simultaneous slow and fast light at two frequencies. Distortions by radiative dampings are discussed and compensation method is suggested.

SLWB3 • 11:15

Designer Media and Pulses for Optimally Long-Lived and Reversible Energy Storage, *Scott Glasgow*¹; ¹Brigham Young Univ., USA. Given a dielectric resonance structure and geometry, we outline design of pulses stored most reversibly. Given a pulse and medium geometry, we outline design of a resonance structure for most reversible pulse storage.

SLWB4 • 11:30

Simplified Brillouin fiber slow light systems in loss regime using step current modulation, Sanghoon Chin¹, Luc Thévenaz¹; 'Ecole Polytechnique Federale de Lausanne, Switzerland. We propose a simple technique to realize Brillouin slow light in nearly transparent regime. A current-modulated semiconductor laser by a step function is used as Brillouin pump to generate a Brillouin loss doublet.

SLWB5 • 11:45

Noise Figure of Slow Light Cascaded SOA based Microwave Photonic Phase Shifters, Juan Lloret¹, Juan Sancho¹, Ivana Gasulla¹, Francisco Ramos¹, Salvador Sales¹, José Capmany¹; ¹iTE Research Inst., Spain. The noise figure of Slow and Fast Light Microwave Photonic phase shifters made up by SOA followed by optical filtering stages is experimentally evaluated. Noise figure results show compression when adding the third cascaded stage.

10:30–12:30 SWB • Biochemical Sensors II

Tomoyuki Yoshie, Duke Univ. USA, Presider

SWB1 • 10:30 Invited

Photonic Crystal Biosensor Chip for Label-Free Detection of Bacteria, Martin Kristensen', Asger Kriger', Nathaniel Groothoff', Jaime García-Rupérez', Veronica Toccafondo', Javier García-Castello', Maria Jose Baňuls', Sergio Peransi-Llopis', Angel Maquieira'; 'ASE and IFA, Aarhus University, Denmark; ²UPV, Spain. Narrow polarization-mixing resonances in planar photonic crystals are studied as candidate components for label-free refractive index sensors for detecting bacteria causing sepsis through the identification of DNA strands.

SWB2 • 11:00

Crossed-polarization Analysis of Guided Modes in Photonic Crystal Slab Biosensors, Ryan D. Schilling^{1,2}, Deniz Aydin^{1,2}, Hooman Akhavan¹, Mohamed El Beheiry², Ofer Levi^{2,2}, ¹Institute of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada; ²Edward S. Rogers Sr. Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada. We present the crossed-polarization analysis of guided resonance modes in photonic crystal slab biosensors. A good agreement between experimental resonance peaks and theoretical modeling is presented, revealing high-Q values in these biosensors.

SWB3 • 11:15

Optical Resonance Sensing in Surface Bloch Modes on Woodpile Photonic Crystals, Shu-Yu Su¹, Lingling Tang¹, Tomoyuki Yoshie¹; ¹ECE, Duke University, USA. Low loss and high sensitivity are confirmed in surface Bloch modes on (100) and (001) dielectric woodpile photonic crystals. A flat-top (100) woodpile surface is also designed for optical resonance sensing.

SWB4 • 11:30

Photonic Crystal Sensor for monitoring the vibration of a laser beam, Andy Y. Fuhi'; ¹Physics, National Cheng Kung Univ., Taiwan. Photonic crystals based on polymer dispersed loquid crystals are fabricated using continuous multi-exposures of two-beam interference. It can be applied for use as a beam-vibration sensor for laser beams. Details are reported.

SWB5 • 11:45

Sensing Technique for the Development of Real-time and Lowcost Biosensors Using Photonic Bandgap Structures, Jaime Garcia-Ruperez¹, Javier Garcia-Castello¹, Veronica Toccafondo¹, Antoine Brimont¹; ¹Nanophotonics Technology Center, Universidad Politecnica Valencia, Spain. We present experimental sensing results achieved using a novel technique based on the use of photonic bandgap structures where only the output power from a broadband source is monitored, providing a real-time and low-cost system.

SOWB1 • 10:30 Invited

SOWB • Hollow Core Fibers

10:30-12:15

Low Loss Antiresonant Hollow core Fibres, Francesco Poletti¹, J. R. Hayes¹, D. J. Richardson¹; ¹Optoelecotrnics Research Centre, Southampton University, UK. We study the loss mechanisms in novel antiresonant hollow-core fibres and demonstrate the importance of optimising the air-cladding thickness and reducing the node size. Based on these rules we fabricate fibres with wide-bandwidth and low-loss.

SOWB2 • 11:00

Stimulated Rotational Raman Scattering in a Deuterium-filled Hollow-Core Photonic Bandgap Fiber, Charlotte Falk^{1,2}, Jan Hald¹, Karsten Rottwitt², Jan C. Petersen¹; ¹Danish Fundamental Metrology, Denmark; ²DTU Fotonik, Denmark. Pure rotational stimulated Raman scattering is generated in a 10 m hollow-core photonic bandgap fiber filled with deuterium at 20 bar. About 50% of the transmitted power is converted to the first Stokes line.

SOWB3 • 11:15

Confinement Loss of Tube Lattice and Kagome Fibers Luca Vincetti¹, Valerio Setti¹, Maurizio Zoboli¹, ¹Information Engineering, University of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy. Confinement loss of two kinds of broad band hollow core fibers, the tube lattice fibers and the kagomé fibers, are numerically investigated and compared.

SOWB4 • 11:30

Hollow-Core Fiber for Transmission of CO2 Laser Radiation, Alexey Kosolapov¹, Andrey Pryamikov¹, Alexander Biriukov¹, Maxim Astapovich¹, Vladimir Shiryaev², Gennady Snopatin², Victor Plotnichenko¹, Mikhail Churbanov², Evgeny Dianov¹; ¹Fiber Optics Research Center of RAS, Russian Federation; ²Institute of Chemistry of High-Purity Substances, Russian Federation. A new, technologically simple structure of hollow-core optical fiber is proposed; the propagation of CO2 laser radiation in a hollow-core chalcogenide glass fiber is demonstrated.

SOWB5 • 11:45 Invited

Gas Raman Lasers in Hollow-core Fibers, Fetah Benabid¹; ¹University of Bath, UK. We review the recent progress on hollow-core photonic crystal fibers and its integrated form of photonic microcells in both their design and fabrication and in their applications in Raman fibre lasers.

Harbour Salon B

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

IWD • Modeling and Simulation IV: Coupled Waveguides and Resonators—Continued

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

IWC • Photonic Integration II—Continued

IWC5 • 12:00

Heterogeneous Integrated InGaAsSb Detectors on SOI Waveguide Circuits for Short-Wave Infrared Applications, Nannicha Hattasan', Gassenq Alban', Bart Kuyken', Laurent Cerutti', Jean-Batiste Rodriguez', Eric Tournie', Gunther Roelkens', 'Univ. of Gent - INTEC, Belgium; ²Univ. Montpellier 2, France. We present evanescently coupled, heterogeneous integrated InGaAsSb photodetectors on SOI waveguide circuits for short-wave infrared applications. A responsivity of 0.13 A/W is obtained at a wavelength of 2.17µm. The dark current is 3.5 µA at -1V

IWC6 • 12:15

Hybrid Transmitter Cells for DWDM Systems, Hua Zhang¹, Matt Pearson¹, Serge Bidnyk¹, Ashok Balakrishnan¹; ¹Enablence Technologies Inc., Canada. A compact 10 Gb/s transmitter cell for 100 Gb/s DWDM transmission has been successfully developed using hybrid PLC technology. It is confirmed that the hybrid transmitter cell provides high performance on output power and wavelength stabilization.

IWD6 • 12:00

Design of One-Dimensional Photonic Crystal Coupled Resonator Optical Waveguides Embedded in Air-Slot Waveguide, Yuki Kawaguchi¹, Kunimasa Saitoh¹, Masanori Koshiba¹; ¹Hokkaido Univ, Japan. We propose design methods of slow-light slot waveguide based on one-dimensional photonic crystal coupled resonator optical waveguides (1-D PC-CROWs). We show that slot waveguides proposed here realize small group velocity and low-loss simultaneously.

12:30-1:30 Lunch Break (on your own)

NOTES

Slow and Fast Light	Optical Sensors	Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SWB • Biochemical Sensors II—Continued

SLWB • Slow/Fast Light Systems— Continued

SLWB6 • 12:00

Loss-induced dead-zone in CROW rotation sensor, Roman Novitski¹, Jacob Scheuer¹, Ben Z. Steinberg¹, ¹Tel-Aviv Univ., Israel. We study the properties of a lossy coupled resonator optical waveguide subjected to rotation. A loss-induced dead-zone is found at low rotation rates while no impact is found for high rotation rates.

SWB6 • 12:00

Liquid filled hollow core photonic bandgap fiber sensor, Hang Qu¹, Bora Ung¹, Maksim Skorobogatiy¹; ¹Ecole Polytechnique de Montreal, Canada. We propose a low-refractive-index-contrast hollowcore Bragg fiber sensor operating with a resonant sensing principle. Clear transmission spectrum shifts are obtained when filling the fiber with liquid analytes of different refractive indices.

SWB7 • 12:15

Optical Current Transducers Incorporating Polymeric Integrated Optical Chip, Min-Cheol Oh¹, Woo-Sung Chu¹, Kyung-Jo Kim¹, Jun-Whee Kim¹; 'Electrical Engineering and Cogno-Mechatronics Engineering, Pusan National University, Republic of Korea. Various optical devices are integrated on a single chip to construct optical current transducers based on polarization rotated reflection interferometry, which consists of couplers, polarizers, polarization converters, and TO phase modulators.

12:30-1:30 Lunch Break (on your own)

NOTES	

Harbour Salon B

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

13:30-15:30

SPWC • Transmission Systems *Presider???????*

SPWC1 • 13:30 Invited

Digital Signal Processing for Coherent Optical Communications: Current State of the Art and Future Challenges, Kim Roberts²; ¹Ciena, Canada. This paper reviews examples of signal processing for current coherent transmission systems and the challenges faced by system designers to realize increased bit rates.

13:30-15:30

IWE • Photonic Integration III Christopher Doerr; Bell Laboratories, Alcatel-Lucent, USA, Presider

IWE1 • 13:30 Invited

Silicon Mid-Infrared Photonic Integrated Circuits, Richard Soref¹; ¹Sensors Directorate, Air Force Res. Lab., USA. A review of recent progress in Si-based MIR on-chip components and PICs is given. We survey new OEIC technologies, hybrid and monolithic laser/detector integration, waveguiding, plasmo-photonics, and spectrometer-on-a-chip applications.

13:30-15:30

IWF • Devices and Components III

Joyce Poon; Univ. of Toronto Canada, Presider

IWF1 • 13:30 Invited

Silicon-Organic Hybrid (SOH) Electro-Optical Devices, Christian Koos¹, Luca Alloatti¹, Dietmar Korn¹, Robert Palmer¹, David Hillerkuss¹, Jingshi Li¹, Anna Barklund², Raluca Dinu², Joerg Wieland², Maryse Fournier³, Jean-Marc Fedeli³, Hui Yu⁴, Wim Bogaerts⁴, Pieter Dumon⁴, Roel Baets⁴, Wolfgang Freude¹, Juerg Leuthhold¹; ¹Inst. of Photonics and Quantum Electronics (IPQ), Karlsruhe Inst. of Technology (KIT), Germany; ²GigOptix Inc., USA; ³CEA / LETI, France; ⁴Photonics Research Group, Ghent Univ, Belgium. Silicon-organic hybrid integration enables electro-optical devices that combine high modulation speed with low power consumption. We give an overview on SOH modulator concepts, underlying material systems, and recent experimental demonstrations.

SPWC2 • 14:00 Invited

Capacity Limits of Optical Fibre Based Communications, Andrew Ellis; ¹. Abstract not available.

IWE2 • 14:00 Invited

Integrated-optic OFDM Demultiplexers Using Silica PLC-Based DFT and FFT Circuits, Koichi Takiguchi'; 'NTT Photonics Labs., NTT Corp., Japan. I report recent advances on our integrated-optic OFDM demultiplexers. I describe the configuration, operating principle, and characteristics of the demultiplexers, which consist of optical FFT and DFT circuits fabricated with PLC technology.

IWF2 • 14:00 Invited

Germanium on Silicon Lasers and Detectors, Jurgen Michel¹; ¹Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA. This paper discusses the most recent advances of Germanium photodetectors and lasers that can be monolithically integrated into a Silicon CMOS process.

SPWC3 • 14:30 Invited

Optical Fiber Capacity at its Limits: From Spectrally Efficient Modulation to Spatial Multiplexing, Peter Winzer¹; ¹Alcatel-Lucent Bell Labs, USA. We will discuss the state-of-the-art in highspectral-efficiency optical transmission systems as well as their theoretical and practical scalability limits. We will then examine spatial multiplexing as an energy- and cost-efficient method to scale beyond WDM.

IWE3 • 14:30

Integrated GaN Photonic Circuits on Silicon (100) for Second Harmonic Generation, Chi Xiong¹, Wolfram Pernice¹, Kevin Ryu², Carsten Schuck¹, Kingyan Fong¹, Tomas Palacios², Hong Tang¹; 'Electrical Engineering, Yale Ulnio, USA; 'Electrical Engineering, Massachuseths Inst. of Technology, USA. Second order optical nonlinearity is demonstrated in silicon architecture through heterogeneous integration of single-crystalline gallium nitride on silicon (100) substrates. The χ 2 nonlinear susceptibility is measured to be as high as 16.4±7.0 pm/V.

IWE4 • 14:45

Deep-level Mediated Silicon Micro-ring Power Monitors, Dylan Logan¹, Philippe Velha², Marc Sorel², Richard De La Rue², Andrew Knights¹, Paul E. Jessop¹; 'Engineering Physics, McMaster Univ., Canada, 'Electronics and Electrical Engineering, Univ. of Glasgow, UK; ³Wilfrid Laurier Univ., Canada. Deep-level mediated photodiode power monitors were integrated onto the ports of a silicon waveguide micro-rings operating at 1550 nm. Demonstrated feasibility of rapid, on-chip diagnostic measurements is presently optimized to 20 mA/W/dB.

IWF3 • 14:30

Waveguide-based Mid-Infrared Up-Conversion Detectors, Kai-Daniel F. Büchter¹, Harald Herrmann¹, Wolfgang Sohler¹; ¹Applied Physics, Univ. of Paderborn, Germany. Nonlinear optical upconversion detectors for 3.4 µm radiation are realized using Ti:PPLN waveguides. Both, sum-frequency and difference-frequency generation are investigated. Overall power conversion efficiencies of more than 8% are achieved.

IWF4 • 14:45

Nonlinear Notch Blue-Shift in AlGaAs Bragg Grating Waveguides, Pamela Tannouri¹, Micheal J. Strain², Matco Clerici¹, Marco Peccianti^{1,3}, Alessia Pasquazi¹, Sze Phing Hol^{1,4}, Ian Rowe¹, Ka trazyna Rutkowska^{1,5}, Marc Sore¹, Roberto Morandotti¹; ¹INRS-EMT, Canada; ²Univ. of Glasgow, UK; ³IPCF-CNR, Italy; ⁴Univ. Teknologi, Malaysia; ⁵Warsaw Univ. of Technology, Poland. We present an investigation on the nonlinear dynamics of intense pulses in an AlGaAs Bragg waveguide and we report the experimental observation of an intensity dependent blue-shift of the Bragg notch spectral line. **Optical Sensors**

Specialty Optical Fibers

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

13:30-15:30

SWC • Photonic Crystal Sensors

Limin Tong, Zhejiang University, China, Presider

SWC1 • 13:30 Invited

Metamaterials, Plasmonics, and Nanofluidics for Ultrasensitive Spectroscopy and Bio-detection, Hatice Altug^{1,2}, Ahmet Ali Yanik^{1,2}, A. E. Cetin¹, A. Artar¹, M. Huang¹; ¹Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Boston University, USA; ²Photonics Center, Boston University, USA. We will present on-chip integrated plasmonic and metamaterial systems for ultrasensitive spectroscopy and biodetection. We will also introduce opto-fluidic systems for targeted analyte delivery as well as for optical trapping and manipulation.

SWC2 • 14:00

Self-optimized Metal Coatings for Fiber Plasmonics by Electroless Deposition, Aliaksandr Bialiayeu¹, Christophe Caucheteur², Nur Ahamad², Anatoli Ianoul², Jacques Albert¹; ¹Electronics, Carleton U, Canada; ²Electromagnetism and Telecom Unit, Université de Mons, Belgium; ³Chemistry, Carleton U, Canada. Observation of the polarization dependent loss spectrum of a tilted fiber Bragg grating during electroless deposition of gold on the fiber allows the process to be stopped exactly when the surface Plasmon resonances are maximized.

SWC3 • 14:15

Role of Localized Surface Plasmon Resonance in Various Nano-structures for Sensing, Taerin Chung¹, Sookyoung Roh¹, Byoungho Lee¹; ¹Inter-University Semiconductor Research Center and School of Electrical Engineering, Seoul National University, Republic of Korea. We numerically investigate the role of localized surface plasmon resonance produced at diverse nano-structures when illuminating visible light for enhanced sensing. The comparisons of optical properties in various nanostructures are illustrated.

SWC4 • 14:30

A New Optical Bio-sensor: Wet-chemical Synthesis and Surface Treatment of Nanocrystalline Zn 1-xS: Mn 2x, Elham Mohagheghpour¹, Reza Salimi², Hassan Sameie², Fathollah Moztarzadeh¹, Mahdi Roohnikan², Mohammad Ali Mokhtari Farsi², Yalda Ebrahimi², Hossein Eivaz Mohammadloo³, Mohammadreza Tahriri¹; ¹Faculty of Biomedical Engineering, Amirkabir University of Technology, Islamic Republic of Iran; ²Faculty of Polymer and Color Engineering, Amirkabir University of Technology, Islamic Republic of Iran; Cans: Mn nanocrystals were prepared via microemulsion route and the new optical bio-sensors were synthesized after surface treatment. These sensors can detect Avidin concentration in biological mediums by measuring the red emission decreasing rate.

SWC5 • 14:45

High Refractive-index-contrast Polymer Waveguide Platform for Excitation and Sensing in Aqueous Environments, Bjorn Agnarsson¹, Hamid Keshmiri¹, Jennifer Halldorsson¹, Kristjan Leosson¹; ¹Department of Physics, Science Institute, Iceland. A polymer waveguide platform, applicable to a wide range of biophotonic applications, which rely on evanescent-wave sensing or excitation in aqueous solutions, is presented. The platform offers a high level of integration and functionality.

13:30-15:15

SOWC • Poled and Polarizing Fibers

John Marciante, Univ. of Rochester, USA, Presider

SOWC1 • 13:30 Invited

Highly Polarizing Single-Mode Optical Fiber for Sensing Applications, *Bill Jacobsen'*, *Abdel Soufiane'*; *Verrillon Inc, USA.* We demonstrate a high performance, highly manufacturable Single-Polarization Fiber (PZF), which offers a wide polarization bandwidth, very high polarization extinction ratio, and consistent performance within lot and from-lot-to-lot. We will also discuss on-going R&D projects involving PZF.

SOWC2 • 14:00

Relating DC-Field to Induced Nonlinear Susceptibility in Periodically Poled Silica Fiber, Christopher A. Sapiano', Stewart Aitchison', Li Qian'; Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada. The relationship between DC-fields and effective second order nonlinearity is studied. DCinduced processes are modeled and fitted against equivalent natural second order processes. Insight is provided into the disparity between bulk glass and fiber.

SOWC3 • 14:15

Observation of Background Fluorescence in a Poled Fiber, Eric Y. Zhu¹, Zhiyuan Tang^{1,2}, Edward A. Lee Kim-Koon¹, Li Qian¹, Lukas G. Helt², Marco Liscidini^{2,3}, John E. Sipe², Costantino Corbari⁴, Albert Canagasabey^{4,5}, Morten Ibsen⁴, Peter G. Kazansky⁴; 'Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada; 'Physics, University of Toronto, Canada; 'Dipartimento di Fisica "A. Volta", Universit degli Studi di Pavia, Italy; 'Optoelectronics Research Centre, University of Southampton, UK; ⁵School of Physics, University of Sydney, Australia. We observe broadband fluorescence (1260-1610 nm) in a peridically-poled silica fiber pumped at 775 nm; it is a noise contribution to correlated photon pair generation. The fluorescence is significantly lower in an identical, but unpoled, fiber.

SOWC4 • 14:30

Tapered Fiber Devices with Azopolymer Coating, Amado Manuel Velázquez-Benítez¹, Juan Hernández-Cordero¹; ¹Instituto de Investigaciones en Materiales, UN, Mexico. Azopolymer coated fiber devices are demonstrated for in-fiber polarization control using an external laser beam. When placed in a fiber cavity, photo-induced birefringence on these devices modifies the spectral and polarization of fiber lasers.

SOWC5 • 14:45

Optically Tunable Bandpass Filter Using Series-connected Photonic Liquid Crystal Fibers, Jia-Hong Liou¹, Ta Lin¹, Yan-Jhen Huang², Chia-Rong Lee², Chin-Ping Yu¹; ¹Department of Photonics, NSYSU, Taiwan, ²Institute of Electro-Optical Science and Engineering, National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan. We demonstrate an optically tunable bandpass filter based on two series-connected photonic liquid crystal fibers filled with different LCs. By using photoresponsive LCs, 115-nm bandwidth tunability can be achieved by 5-second blue-laser irradiation.

Harbour Salon B

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SPWC • Transmission Systems—Continued

IWE • Photonic Integration III—Continued

SPWC4 • 15:00

Low Cost 112G Direct Detection Metro Transmission System with Reduced Bandwidth (10G) Components and MLSE Compensation, Alik Gorshtein^{1,2}; ¹Electrical and computer engineering, Ben Gurion University of the Negev, Israel; ²MultiPhy Networks Ltd., Israel. MLSE compensation for reduced bandwidth optoelectronic components, CD, and D at multi-wavelength 4x28G transmission with direct detection is proposed. Inclusive comparison analysis with conventional hard decision systems is presented.

SPWC5 • 15:15

A Novel Dispersion and D Tolerant Clock Phase Detector, Han Sun¹, Kuang-Tsan Wu¹; ¹Infinera Canada, Canada. A novel clock phase detector is presented and shown to be tolerant to chromatic dispersion and D. The phase detector can be used in a clock recovery circuit for demodulation of 100Gb coherent transmission system.

IWE5 • 15:00

Integration of a Tunable, Optical Delay Generator in a Silicon Photonics Platform, Kambiz Jamshidi', Stefan Meister', Aws Alsaadi', Hans Joachim Eichler', Thomas Schneider', 'High Frequency Technology, Deutsche Telekom Univ. of Applied Sciences, Germany; ²Inst. für Optik und Atomare Physik, Technical Univ. of Berlin, Germany. We propose an integrated optical delay generator based on Frequency-to-Time conversion. The required dispersions are produced by micro ring resonators based on SOI nano wires. Our design can provide delays up to 500 nanoseconds.

IWE6 • 15:15

Stripe-based Collimating Silica Planar Waveguide for a Freespace Wavelength Selective Cross Connect, Nazirul Afham Idris¹, Keisuke Sorimoto¹, Daiki Tanaka¹, Hiroyuki Tsuda¹; ¹Keio Univ., Japan. We propose an integrated beam collimating silica waveguide with stripe-based structure for the use in wavelength selective cross connect (WSXC). The coupling loss of the device is below 0.15 dB within the ideal propagation distance.

IWF • Devices and Components III— Continued

IWF5 • 15:00

Ultrafast Pulse Compression in Integrated Two-Photon Amplifiers, Amir Nevet¹, Alex Hayat¹, Meir Orenstein¹; ¹Technion, Israel. We demonstrate experimentally compression of femtosecondscale pulses by two-photon gain in an electrically-driven AlGaAs waveguide. Dynamic control of pulse width from 240 to 140 fs is achieved by varying the current injection levels.

IWF6 • 15:15

Noise Reduction Effect of Semiconductor Optical Amplifier Using Fiber Bragg Grating, Yoshinobu Maeda'; 'School of Science and Engineering, Kinki Univ., Japan. A negative feedback semiconductor optical amplifier was realized in an InGaASP-InP amplifier using a fiber Bragg grating. The negative feedback optical amplification effect can be utilized to recover signal loss with a lower error probability.

15.30–16.00 Coffee Break, Harbour Ballroom Foyer

NOTES

Harbour Salon A

Pier 5

Specialty Optical Fibers

SOWC • Poled and Polarizing Fibers—Continued

Optical Sensors

These concurrent sessions are grouped across two pages. Please review both pages for complete session information.

SWC • Photonic Crystal Sensors—Continued

SWC6 • 15:00

Guided Mode Resonance Sensors for the Monitoring of Film Growth in Atomic Layer Deposition, Adriana Szeghalmi^{1,2}, Mato Knez², Ernst Bernhard Kley¹, ¹Institute of Applied Physics, Friedrich Schiller University Jena, Germany, ²Max-Planck Institute of Microstructure Physics, Germany. Guided mode resonance optics consisting of linear gratings are highly sensitive optical sensors. Their use for monitoring the film growth during atomic layer deposition will be discussed based on rigorous coupled wave approach calculations.

SWC7 • 15:15

Large Blueshift of Resonance Wavelength Simulated With a Small Refractive-index Change of a Nanoporous Waveguide, Zhi-mei Qi¹; 'State Key Laboratory of Transducer Technology, Institute of Electronics, CAS, China. Simulation of refractive-index sensitivity of nanoporous waveguide resonance sensors reveals an extraordinary feature, that is, a large blueshift of the resonance wavelength induced by a small change in refractive index of the surrounding liquid.

SOWC6 • 15:00

Enhanced Optical Parametric Gain by Cascading Periodically Poled Fiber Segments, Lijun Zhang¹, Li Qian¹; ¹ECE, University of Toronto, Canada. Numerical modeling shows that cascading multiple segments of periodically poled fiber without phase control can nonetheless improve non-degenerate optical parametric gain with high yield if sufficient idler filtering is applied in between segments.

15.30–16.00 Coffee Break, Harbour Ballroom Foyer

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Pier 7 & 8

Signal Processing in Photonics Communications

16:00–17:30 SPWD • Optical Techniques II *Ivan Djordjevic, Univ. of*

Arizona, USA, Presider

SPWD1 • 16:00

Photonic Temporal Integration of Broadband Microwave Waveforms over Nanosecond Time Windows, Mohammad H. Asghari¹, Yongwoo Park¹, José Azaña¹; ¹Energie, Materiaux et Telecommunications, Institut National de la Recherche Scientifique (INRS), Canada. By cascading an ultrafast time-limited intensity integrator with a discrete-time integrator, a new method for integration of microwave/optical intensity signals is experimentally demonstrated with unprecedented processing time-bandwidth product >140.

SPWD2 • 16:15

Amplitude and Timing Jitter Performance of Spectrally Periodic Phase Filters for Optical Pulse Rate Multiplication, Antonio Malacarne¹, José Azaňa¹; ¹NRS-EMT, Canada. We analyze amplitude and timing jitter performance in commonly believed equivalent phase filters for Talbot based optical pulse rate multiplication demonstrating different behaviors than classical Talbot filtering versus spectral periodicity.

SPWD3 • 16:30

Optical Equalization of D-Induced Penalties in 112 Gbit/s Metro Networks, Matthias Westhäuser¹, Christian Remmersmann¹, Stephan Pachnicke¹, Peter M. Krummrich¹; ¹Chair for High Frequency Technologies, TU Dortmund, Germany. We investigate the performance of optical equalization of distortions induced by polarization mode dispersion (D) in 112 Gbit/s metro networks using FIR filters. The D-induced mean OSNR penalties are reduced to < 0.1 dB.

SPWD4 • 16:45

Proposal of a Reconfigurable Ultrafast Optical Pulse Shaping Technique Using Multi-Arm Optical Differentiators, Mohammad H. Asghari', José Azaña'; 'Energie, Materiaux et Telecommunications, Institut National de la Recherche Scientifique (INRS), Canada. We propose and numerically evaluate a simple, reconfigurable ultrafast optical pulse shaping technique using multi-arm time differentiators with programmable weights that can be implemented using available integrated-waveguide/in-fiber technologies.

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

16:00–17: IWG • Devices and Components IV

Presider????????????

IWG1 • 16:00 Invited

Quantum Information Processing on Photonic Chips, Dirk Englund; ¹.

Harbour Salon A

Optical Sensors

16:00–18:00 SWD • Speckle and Nonlinear Based Imaging Ofer Levi, Univ. of Toronto, Canada, Presider

SWD1 • 16:00 Invited

Temporal and Spatial Speckle Contrast in Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) — Imaging Tissue Structure and Function, Alex Vitkin, Mcmaster Univ.; Canada. In this talk, I will discuss speckle as another source of contrast in OCT images. Specifically, research into both its temporal and spatial behaviour will be described.

Pier 5

Specialty Optical Fibers

16:00–17:30 SOWD • Novel Applications and Effects

Ji Wang, Corning, USA, Presider

SOWD1 • 16:00 Invited

Fiber-based Synchronized Programmable Laser System for Biomedical, Industrial and Defense Applications, Alain Villeneuve, Bryan Burgoyne, Youngjae Kim, Alexandre Dupuis, Guido Pena, Joseph Salhany, Daniel Cote, Steve Begin, Guy Lamouche, Francis Théberge; 'Genia Photonics Inc., Canada. We present a fiber-based fully programmable Synchronized picosecond programmable Laser, composed of a fixed wavelength master-oscillator power amplifier and a fully programmable tunable in wavelength and adjustable in pulse width, and repetition rate Programmable Laser.

IWG2 • 16:30

New Photonic components for Quantum Information Science, Alberto Politi', Jonathan C. Matthews', Anthony Laing', Alberto Peruzzo', Konstantinos Poulios', Jasmin Meinecke', Damien Bonneau', Pete Shadbolt', Pruet Kalasuwar', Xiao-Qi Zhou', Maria Rodas Verde', Mirko Lobino', Terry Rudolph', John G. Rarity', Mark Thompson', Jeremy L. O'Brien'; 'Physics, Univ. of Bristol, UK; 'Inst. for Mathematical Sciences, Imperial College London, UK. New photonic components are required to exploit the integrated architecture for Quantum Information science. We demonstrate quantum interference in MMI couplers and twoparticle quantum walks in coupled waveguides, showing unique quantum behaviour.

IWG3 • 16:45

Infrared Colloidal Quantum Dot Chalcogenide Films for Integrated Light Sources, Neil Patel¹, Scott Geyer², Jennifer Scherer², Moungi Bawendi², Nathan Carlie³, J. David Musgraves³, Kathleen Richardson³, Juejun Hu⁴, Pao T. Lin¹, Piotr Becla¹, Clara Dimas⁵, Anu Agarwal¹, Lionel Kimerling¹; ¹Dept. of Materials Science and Engineering, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; 2Dept. of Chemistry, Massachusetts Inst. of Technology, USA; 3School of Materials Science and Engineering, Clemson Univ., USA; 4Dept. of Materials Science and Engineering, Univ. of Delaware, USA; 5 Masdar Inst. of Science and Technology, United Arab Emirates. Quantum dots and chalcogenide glasses form the basis for photoluminescent films which are fabricated in microcavities to enhance light emission for coupling into waveguides.

SWD2 • 16:30 Invited

Wonderful World of Weak Values, John Howell¹, David Starling¹, Ben Dixon¹, Andrew Jordan¹; ¹Univ. of Rochester, USA. An introduction to weak values will be given along with experimental results in precision beam deflection, signal to noise ratio, phase amplification and precision frequency measurements.

SOWD2 • 16:30

Impact of Draw Inhomogeneitites on the Loss and Mode Content of Large-Mode-Area Fibers, John Marciante', Andrew Sarangar²; 'Institute of Optics, University of Rochester, USA; 'Electro-Optics Program, University of Dayton, USA. Inhomogeneities in the draw process cause variations in fiber diameter, leading to optical scattering. Beam-propagation simulations reveal that loss is acceptable for 1% RMS variations, but that good beam quality requires RMS variations below 0.1%. Signal Processing in Photonics Communications

SPWD • Optical Techniques II— Continued

SPWD5 • 17:00

Fully Optimized Long Period Fiber Grating Designs for Ultrafast Optical Differentiation, Reza Ashrafi¹, Mohammad H. Asghari¹, José Azaña¹; ¹Institut National de la Recherche Scientifique - Energie, Matériaux et Télécommunications (INRS-EMT), Canada. We propose a novel design for arbitrary-order optical differentiation based on a especially-apodized long period fiber grating operated in transmission to fully optimize the energetic efficiency and processing speed of the device.

SPWD6 • 17:15

Sequences for Impairment Mitigation in Coherent SPE-OCDMA, Yi Yang¹, A. Brinton Cooper III¹, Jacob Khurgin¹, Jin Kang¹; ¹ECE, The Johns Hopkins University, USA. Robust performance of spectrally phase encoded OCDMA with key impairments depends on the encoding sequences, according to correlation properties and pulse shapes.

Harbour Salon C

Integrated Photonics Research, Silicon and Nano Photonics

IWG • Devices and Components IV—Continued

IWG4 • 17:00

Compact FIR Filter Architecture for Tunable Optical Dispersion Compensation in Silicon Photonics, Abdul Rahim', Stefan Schwarz', Jürgen Bruns', Christian Schäffer', Klaus Petermann'; 'Institute of High Frequency Engineering, Univ. of Technology, Germany; 'High Frequency Engineering and Optoelectronics, Univ. of Federal Armed Forces, Germany. This paper presents the dispersion behavior of a 4-port asymmetric Mach-Zehnder-Interferometer, which can be used as a building block for a novel, compact and easy to control dispersion compensating filter.

IWG5 • 17:15

Femtosecond Three-Photon Counting in a Photomultiplier Tube, Amir Nevet¹, Alex Hayat¹, Meir Orenstein¹; ¹Technion, Israel. We demonstrate experimentally ultrafast threephoton counting by three-photon absorption in a photomultiplier tube, which may serve as a unique tool for ultrafast quantum state characterization as well as for ultrasensitive temporal measurements.

Closing Remarks • 17:30

Harbour Salon A

Optical Sensors

SWD • Speckle and Nonlinear Based Imaging—Continued

SWD3 • 17:00

Quantum Ghost Imaging Through Turbulence, Ben Dixon¹; ¹Physics, University of Rochester, USA. We investigate the effect of turbulence on quantum ghost imaging. We use entangled photons in several experimental configurations and demonstrate that for a novel configuration, the effect of turbulence can be greatly diminished.

SWD4 • 17:15

Beating the Classical Imaging Resolution Limit by Phase-sensitive Optical Parametric Amplifier, Zun Huang¹, Doug French², Igor Jovanovic², Hsueh-Yuan Pao³; ¹ECE, Purdue University, USA; ³Mechanical and Nuclear Engineering, Pennsylvania State University, USA; ³Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, USA. When an optical parametric amplifier (OPA) operated as a phasesensitive amplifier (OPA) is used for point source imaging, the angular resolution improvement can defeat the classical Rayleigh limit, and approach the de Broglie resolution.

SWD5 • 17:30

Enhanced Speckle Microstrain Measurements in PDMS Doped with SiO2 Nanoparticles, Celso Briones¹, Alejandro Hernández-Suárez¹, Natanael Cuando-Espitia¹, Juan Hernández-Cordero¹, Francisco M. Sánchez-Arévalo¹; ¹Reología y Mecánica de Materiales, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico. Measurements of microstrain levels in PDMS membranes doped with SiO2 nanoparticles were obtained using digital image correlation (DIC). The mechanical behavior of PDMS can be analyzed using the enhanced speckle pattern obtained from the samples.

SWD6 • 17:45

3D Fluorescent Imaging with Highly Nonlinear Photosensitive Materials, Evgueni F. Martynovich¹, D. S. Glazunov¹, A. V. Kuznetsov¹, E. V. Pestriakov², A. V. Kirpichnikov², S. N. Bagayev²; ¹Irkutsk Branch of Institute of Laser Physics SB RAS, Russian Federation, ²Institute of Laser Physics SB RAS, Russian Federation. Permanent 3D fluorescent structures were induced with single laser shots with energy < 1 microjoule. Mechanism of nonlinear photosensitivity is explained. Proposed materials can be used in different areas of photonics, sensors and optical memory.

Specialty Optical Fibers

SOWD • Novel Applications and Effects—Continued

SOWD3 • 17:00

FM-to-effect induced by Mode interference in Low NA Large-Mode-Area Fiber, Dangpeng Xu¹; ¹China academy of engineering physics, China. The mode interference effect in LMA fiber was studied, the results showed that the effect can induce mode and spectral distortion, especially for phase modulated pulse, the temporal waveform can generate modulations on the top of the pulse.

SOWD4 • 17:15

Photonic Crystal Fiber for the Simultaneous Transmission of Information and Solar Energy, Scott Shepard¹, Heath Berry²; ¹Louisiana Tech University, USA; ¹Radiance Technologies, Inc., USA. Photonic crystal fiber permits exciting possibilities for the simultaneous transmission of power and information over future distribution networks. We analyze the information and power distribution capabilities that can currently be achieved.

Key to Authors and Presiders

(Bold denotes Presider or Presenting Author)

A

Abdelrahman, Ahmed Ibrahim-AWA5 Abivin, Patrice-STuB5 Abolghasem, Payam-IMC4 Abouraddy, Ayman-SOMD2 Absil, Philippe-IWC2 Adam, Jean-Luc-SOTuB2 Adams, Charles S-SLMB3 Adibi, Ali-IMD3, ITuD7 Agarwal, Anu-IMB1, ITuA5, ITuC6, IWA4, IWG3, SMD5 Agashe, Shashank-ITuC1 Aggarwal, Ishwar-SOMC, SOTuA4 Agnarsson, Bjorn-SWC5 Ahamad, Nur-SWC2 Ahmad, Raja-SOTuB4 Ahmed, Osman Sayed Mohammed-IMA3, IWD4 Ahn, Tae-Jung-SLMC6 Aitchison, Stewart-ITuB4, ITuB5, SMB3, SOWC2 Akhavan, Hooman-SWB2 Al-saadi, Aws-IWE5 Alam, Muhammad-ITuB4, SMB3 Alban, Gassenq-IWC5 Albert, Jacques-SMB4, SWC2 Albeyoglu, Kadir-ATuA4 Ali, Jalil-STuB3 Alipour, Payam-IMD3 Allen, Claudine-IWB4 Allen, Trevor-ITuA3 Alloatti, Luca-IWF1 Alouini, Mehdi-SLTuA2 Altal, Faleh Mohammad-IWA4 Altug, Hatice-SWC1 Alvarez-Hamelin, Jose Ignacio-AWB6 Anantram, Anant M. P.-IMD7 Andreani, Lucio Claudio-IMF3 Araki, Shungo-SOMB3 Arcizet, Olivier-SLMB4 Arikan, Mustafa-IMF7 Arrieta-Yáñez, Francisco-JTuB1 Artar, A.-SWC1 Arès, Richard-STuC6 Asghari, Mohammad H.-SPWD1, SPWD4, SPWD5 Ashok, Praveen-JTuA2 Ashrafi, Reza-SPWD5 Assefa, Solomon-IME1 Astapovich, Maxim-SOTuB5, SOWB4 Atabaki, Amir Hossein-IMD3 Aydin, Deniz-SWB2 Ayesheshim, Ayesheshim-STuB5 Ayhan, Tolga-ATuA4 Azaña, José-SPWD1, SPWD2, SPWD4, SPWD5

В

Bachman, Daniel-**IME2** Baets, Roel-IMB6, IWC2, IWF1 Bagayev, S. N-SOTuA2, SWD5 Bagheri, Mahmood-**IMB2** Bai, Yusheng-SPWB4 Bakr, Mohamed H-IMA3, IWD4 Balakrishnan, Ashok-IWC6 Ballato, John-**SOTuC4** Barklund, Anna-IWF1 Barviau, Benoit-SOTuA3 Bass, Michael-SOTuC4 Baumberg, Jeremy-**ITuD, IWB1** Baumgartl, Joerg-JTuA2 Baus, Matthias-IMF4 Bawendi, Moungi-IWG3 Bazin, Alexandre-IWC4 Beausoleil, Raymond G-ITuD2 Becker, Juergen-SPMA5 Becla, Piotr-IWG3, SMD5 Beggs, Daryl M-JMA2 Begin, Steve-SOWD1 Behnia, Babak-ITuC1 Beleffi, Giorgio M. Tossi-ATuD1 Belokopytov, Gennady V-IMA5 Benabid, Fetah-SOWB5 Benlachtar, Yannis-SPMB5 Bennett, Kevin-SOTuC2 Bennetts, Shavne-SOMB1 Berger, Christian R.-SPMB5 Berger, Perrine-SLTuA2 Bergman, Keren-AWA2 Berini, Pierre-ITuB, ITuD1 Bernier, Maxime-STuC6 Berry, Heath-SOWD4 Bessette, Jonathan-ITuC4, ITuC5 Bettachini, Victor A-AWB6 Bhargave, Rohit-SMD2 Bialiayeu, Aliaksandr-SWC2 Bidnyk, Serge-IWC6 Biedermann, Benjamin R-SMD3 Biriukov, Alexander-SOWB4 Bitzer, Andreas-STuB4 Bock, Przemek J-IME3 Bogaerts, Wim-IMB6, IWC2, IWF1 Bonada, F.-ATuD1 Bonneau, Damien-IWG2 Borges, Ben-Hur V-AWB5 Bosco, Gabriella-SPMA4, SPTuB2 Bostak, Jeffrey-ITuC1 Bouchitte, Guy-IMC1 Bouhelier, Alex-ITuB2 Bourderionnet, Jérôme-SLTuA2 Boyd, Robert-SLMA4, SLMB2 Brambilla, Gilberto-SMC1, SMC4 Brar, Jaime-IWB4 Bretenaker, Fabien-JTuB4, SLTuA2, SLWA3 Brilland, Laurent-SOTuB2 Brimont, Antoine-SWB5 Briones, Celso-SWD4 Broeng, Jes-SOWA3 Brooks, Chris-ITuC3 Brown, Elliott-STuB6 Bruck, Roman-IMF4 Brunetti, Anna Chiara-SWA3 Bruns, Jürgen-IWG4 Buccheri, Fabrizio-STuB3 Buelow, Henning-SPTuB1 Buffa, Roberto-SLMB6, SLMC3 Bunge, Christian-Alexander-AWC1 Burgoyne, Bryan-SOWD1 Busacca, A.-STuB3 Buset, Jonathan M-AWA3 Butrie, Tim-ITuC1 Büchter, Kai-Daniel Frank-IWF3

С

Cai, Yan-ITuC4, ITuC5 Calabrò, Stefano-SPTuA3 Calderón, Óscar G-JTuB1 Camacho-Aguilera, Rodolfo E-**ITuC4**, ITuC5 Canagasabey, Albert-SOWC3

Canciamilla, Antonio-IMB1, JTuB2 Cano, Ivan-ATuC4 Capmany, José-SLMA5, SLWB5 Carena, Andrea-SPMA4, SPTuB2 Carlie, Nathan-IWG3 Carter, Adrian-SOMB1 Cartledge, John-SPWA2, Caucheteur, Christophe-SMB4, SMB6, SWC2 Cavalieri, Stefano-SLMB6, SLMC3 Cerutti, Laurent-IWC5 Cestier, Isabelle-SLTuA1 Cetin, A. E-SWC1 Chae, Thomas-ATuD2 Chakravarty, Swapnajit-IMF2, SWA4 Chamanzar, Maysamreza-ITuD7 Chan, I-Hong-JTuB5 Chanclou, P.-ATuD1 Chandrasekhar, S.-SPMA1 Chang, Hung-chun-IMA4, IMC Chang, Yu-Shuan-JTuB20 Charette, Paul-STuC6 Cheben, Pavel-IME3 Chen, Arnold-ITuC1 Chen, Chung-Ping-IMA4 Chen, Feifan-SWA2 Chen, Jiefei-SLMC5 Chen, Jun-IWD5 Chen, RayT.-IMF2, SWA4 Chen, Xi-IMB7, IMD6 Chen, Zhijiang-IME2 Chenard, Francoise-SOMC2 Cheng, Yuesheng-STuB5 Chi, Sien-JTuB11 Chiarello, Fabrizio-AWC5 Chicoine, Martin-STuC6 Chigrin, Dmitry N-IWA1 Chin, Leang-STuA1 Chin, Sanghoon-SLMA2, SLMA3, SLMC6, SLWB4 Chiou, Yih-Peng-IMC5 Cho, Seong-Woo-SMB1 Cho, Seongjae-JTuB17 Chow, Chi Wai-JTuB11, JTuB12, JTuB13 Christini, Doug-ITuC1 Chu, Woo-Sung-SWB7 Chung, Shih-Yung-IMA4 Chung, Taerin-SWC3 Chung, Yun C.-ATuD3 Churbanov, Mikhail-JTuB9, SOMC4, SOTuB5, SOWB4 Ciblat, Philippe-SPMC5 Cizmar, Tomas-JTuA2 Clerici, Matteo-IWF4, STuB3 Clowes, John-SOTuA1 Cluzel, Benoit-IWB3 Cocker, Tyler L-STuA2 Colman, Pierre-SLTuA1, SLTuA3 Combrié, Sylvain-SLTuA1, SLTuA3, SLTuA4 Cooke, David-STuA2, STuB Cooper III, A. Brinton-SPWD6 Corbari, Costantino-SOWC3 Corzine, Scott-ITuC1 Costa, L.-ATuD1 Cote, Daniel-SOWD1 Cuando-Espitia, Natanael-IMD5, SWD4 Cui, Yonghao-IMB7 Curri, Vittorio-SPMA4 Cvijetic, Neda-ATuC1

D

Dadap, Jerry I-IMB3 Dal Negro, Luca-IMD2 Dangui, Vinayak-ITuC1 Darcie, Thomas Edward-STuC7 Davidson, Alan-SOMB1 De Dobbelaere, Peter-IWC1 de Fornel, Frederique-IWB3 De La Rue, Richard-IWE4 De Lucia, Frank C-STuB1 de Rossi, Alfredo-SLTuA1, SLTuA3, SLTuA4 de Waardt, Huug-ATuC5 DeCorby, Ray-ITuA3 DeSalvo, Richard-Debliquy, Marc-SMB6 Deleglise, Samuel-SLMB4 Dellinger, Jean-IWB3 Deng, Lanxin-JTuB19 Densmore, Adam-IME3 Dentai, Andrew-ITuC1 Dholakia, Kishan-JTuA2 Di Falco, Andrea-IMD4, ITuB3 Dianov, Evgeny-JTuB9, SOMC4, SOTuB5, SOWB4 Digonnet, Michel-SMC3 Dimas, Clara-IWA4, IWG3 Ding, San-Yu-JTuB18 Dinu, Raluca-IWF1 Dixon, Ben-SWD1, SWD2 Djordjevic, Ivan-SPWB1 Do, Danh Bich-IMF5 Doerr, Christopher-IWE Dolfi, Daniel-SLTuA2 Dominic, Vince-ITuC1 Dorofeev, Vitaly-JTuB9, SOMC4, SOTuB5 dos Reis Jr, José Valdemir-AWB5 Dreschmann, Michael-SPMA5 Dresvianski, V. P-SOTuA2 Driscoll, Jeffrey B-IMB3 Du, Cheng-Han-IMC5 Du, Shengwang-SLMC5 Duan, Xiaoman-ITuC4 Duan, Zhongchao-JTuB7 Dudley, Eric-IMB7, IMD6 Dudley, John-SOTuA3 Dumon, Pieter-IWF1 Dupuis, Alexandre-SOWD1

Ε

Ebrahimi, Yalda-SWC4 Eckhouse, Vardit-SLTuA1 Eftekhar, Ali Asghar-IMD3, ITuD7 Eggleton, Benjamin-JMA1 Eichler, Hans Joachim-IWE5 Eigenwillig, Christopher-SMD3 Eisenstein, Gadi-SLMC2, SLTuA1, SLTuB3 Eivaz Mohammadloo, Hossein-SWC4 El Beheiry, Mohamed-SWB2 El-Sahn, A.-AWA3 Ellis, Andrew D-SPWB5 Ellis, Andrew-SPWC2 Englund, Dirk-IWG1 Esmail, Maged Abdullah-ATuB3 Espinoza, David-IMB7 Evans, Peter-ITuC1

Fair, Geoff-SOMC3 Falk, Charlotte-SOWB2 Fan, Jingyun-IWD5 Fan, Shanhui-SMC3 Farah, Abdiaziz A.-SWA2 Fathallah, Habib-ATuB3 Fattal, David-ITuD2 Fedeli, Jean-Marc-IWF1 Fedosejevs, Robert-IME2 Fekecs, Andre-STuC6 Felbacq, Didier-IMC1 Ferrari, Carlo-IMB1, JTuB2 Ferreira, Mário-SWA Feurer, Thomas-STuA3 Fini, Lorenzo-SLMB6, SLMC3 Fiorentino, Marco-ITuD2 Fischer, Balthasar-SMB5 Fisher, Matthew-ITuC1 Foggi, Tommaso-SPWB3 Fong, Kingyan-IWE3 Forghieri, Fabrizio-SPMA4 Foster, Amy C-JTuB15 Foubert, Kevin-IWB3 Fournier, Maryse-IWF1 Franzo, Giorgia-IMF3 French, Doug-SWD3 Freude, Wolfgang-IWF1, SPMA5 Fuh, Andy Y. G.-SWB4

G

Galli, Matteo-IMF3 Gao, Weiqing-JTuB7 Gao, Yingming-AWB2 Garcia-Castello, Javier-SWB5 Garcia-Ruperez, Jaime-SWB5 García-Castelló, Javier-SWB1 García-Rupérez, Jaime-SWB1 García-Segundo, Crescencio-IMD5 Gasulla, Ivana-SLMA5, SLWB5 Gattass, Rafael-SOTuA4 Gavartin, Emanuel-SLMB4 Gerace, Dario-IMF3 Geyer, Scott-IWG3 Ghosh, Rupamanjari-JTuB4, SLWA3 Giacoumidis, Elias-ATuC4 Glasgow, Scott-SLWB3 Glazunov, D. S-SWD5 Goldfarb, Fabienne-JTuB4, SLWA3 Goldfarb, Gilad-ITuC1 Goldstein, Jonathan-SOMC3 Gord, James R-SLMC4 Gorshtein, Alik-SPWC4 Gosset, Christophe-SPMC5 Grattan, Ken T. V.-IMA6 Green, William-IMB6, IME1 Grillanda, Stefano-IMB1 Groothoff, Nathaniel-SWB1 Grosz, Diego F-AWB6 Grote, Richard-IMB3 Grüner-Nielsen, Lars-SOWA2 Gu, Xijia-SMC5 Guerrero Gonzalez, Neil-SPMC3 Guizzetti, Giorgia-IMF3 Gunn-Moore, Frank-JTuA2 Guo, Hong-JTuB3, SLWB2 Guo, Qingyi-ATuC2 Guo, Xuhan-IWA3

Н

Hadji, Emmanuel-**IWB3** Hahn, J.-SLMC7 Hainberger, Rainer-IMF4 Hald, Jan-SOWB2 Halioua, Yacine-**IWC4** Halldorsson, Jennifer-SWC5 Ham, Byoung S.-SLMC7 Han, Lin-IMC6, JTuB19, JTuB22 Han, Won-Taek-SOTuC3 Hansen, Kim P-SOWA3 Harhira, Aissa-SMC7 Harley, James-SPWA2 Harris, James S-JTuB17 Hatanaka, Koji-ITuA4 Hattasan, Nannicha-IMB6, IWC5 Haub, John-SOMB1 Hauske, Fabian N-SPMC3 Hauske, Fabin N-SPWB4 Hausmann, Katharina-SOWA2 Hawkins, Aaron-SLMC1 Havat, Alex-IWF5, IWG5 Hayes, J. R-SOWB1 He. Kan-ATuC2 Heck, John-IWC3 Hegmann, Frank-STuA2, STuA4, STuB5 Helmy, Amr S.-IMC4, IMD1, ITuD4, IWB, SWA2 Helt, Lukas G-SOWC3 Hemmer, Philip-SLMB1 Hemming, Alexander-SOMB1 Hernández-Cordero, Juan-IMD5, SMC6, SOWC4. SWD4 Hernández-Suárez, Alejandro-SWD4 Heron, Ronald-ATuA2 Herrmann, Harald-IWF3 Heshmat, Barmak-STuC7 Hess, Ortwin-IMA2 Hewak, Dan-SOTuB1 Hevderman, Laura-STuA3 Hillerkuss, David-IWF1, SPMA5 Hinton, Kerry-ATuD2 Hinzer, Karin-IWB4, JTuB21 Ho, Sze Phing-IWF4, STuB3 Hofferberth, Sebastian-SLWA1 Horst, Folkert-IME1 Howell, John-SWD1 Hsu, Chia Chen-IMF5 Hsu, Paul S-SLMC4 Hu, Juejun-IMB1, IMF6, ITuA5, ITuC6, IWA4, IWG3 Huang, C. C-SOTuB1 Huang, M.-SWC1 Huang, Weiping-ATuC2, IMC6, IWD1, JTuB14, JTuB19, JTuB22, JTuB8 Huang, Yan-Jhen-SOWC5 Huang, Zun-SWD3 Huber, Robert-SMD3 Huebner, Michael-SPMA5 Hughes, Ifan-SLMB3 Hulbert, John-SLMC1 Hurd Katie-SLMC1

L

Husko, Chad-SLTuA1

Ianoul, Anatoli-SWC2 Ibrahim, Marc-IME3 Ibsen, Morten-SOWC3 Ichikawa, Marie-SOMB3 Idris, Nazirul Afham-**IWE6** Ignesti, Emilio-SLMB6, SLMC3 Indo, Kentaro-STuB5 Ingvarsson, Snorri-IMF7 Inoue, Junichi-ITuA4 Irrera, Alessia-IMF3 Ishii, Hiroyuki-**ITuC2**

1

Jacobsen, Bill-**SOWC1** James, Adam-ITuC1 Jamshidi, Kambiz-**IWE5**, SLMB5, SLWA4, SLWA5

Janssen, O.-IWA2 Janz, Siegfried-IME3 Jaouen, Yves-SPTuA2, SPWB2 Jaouën, Yves-SPMC5 Jeon, Poram-SOTuC3 Jeong, Seongmook-SOTuC3 Jepsen, Peter Uhd-STuA, STuA2 Jespersen, Kim G-SOWA2 Jessop, Paul E-IWE4 Jha, Animesh-JTuB9 Jiang, Shibin-SOMB4 Johannisson, Pontus-SPTuB3 Jones, Richard-IWC3 Iordan, Andrew-SWD1 Jose Bañuls, Maria-SWB1 Jovanovic, Igor-SWD3 Joyner, Charles-ITuC1 Ju, Seongmin-SOTuC3 Jung, Norbert-SMD4 Jung, Yongmin-SMC4

K

Kabir, Amin-STuB5 Kahn, K.-SOTuB1 Kalasuwan, Pruet-IWG2 Kamins, Theodore I-ITuB17 Kampfrath, Tobias-JMA2 Kan, Hung-Chih-IMF5 Kang, Jin-SPWD6 Kang, Zhe-ATuB4, AWB2 Kantarci, Burak-AWA4 Karar, Abdullah S.-SPWA2 Karl Matthias-IMF4 Karle, Timothy-IWC4, SLTuA4 Karlsson, Magnus-SPTuB3 Kashyap, Raman-SMC7 Kato, Masaki-ITuC1 Kavatzikidis, Athanasios-ATuC4 Kawaguchi, Yuki-IWD6 Kavili, Levent-SLTuB6 Kazansky, Peter G-SOWC3 Kazovsky, Leonid-ATuA4 Kehr, Susanne C-IMD4 Keshmiri, Hamid-SWC5 Keyvaninia, Shahram-IWC2 Khaleque, Tanzina-ITuD3 Khorasaninejad, Mohammadreza-IMD7 Khurgin, Jacob-SLMA1, SPWD6 Kikuchi, Nobuhiko-SPMA2 Killey, Robert-SPMB5 Kim, Cheol Jin-SOTuC3 Kim, Chulhong-SLMB1 Kim, Hyong Sun-SOTuC3 Kim, Jun-Whee-ITuA2, SWB7 Kim, Kyung-Jo-ITuA2, SWB7 Kim, Sangin-JTuB16 Kim, Youngjae-SOWD1 Kim, Youngwoong-SOTuC3 Kimerling, Lionel-IMB1, ITuA5, ITuC4, ITuC5, ITuC6, IWA4, IWG3, SMD5 Kintaka, Kenji-ITuA4 Kippenberg, Tobias-SLMB4 Kirpichnikov, A. V-SWD5 Kish, Fred-ITuC1 Kitayama, Ken-ichi-AWB4 Klein, Thomas-SMD3 Kley, Ernst Bernhard-SWC6 Klonidis, D.-ATuD1 Knez, Mato-SWC6 Knights, Andrew-IWE4 Kobayashi, Takayuki-SPMA3 Kobtsev, S. M-SOTuA2 Koenig, Swen-SPTuA2 Koguchi, Kazuumi-SPTuA1 Koh, Joo-SOTuC2 Koleilat, Ghada-IWB5

Koo, Sukmo-JTuB17 Koonen, A.-ATuC5, AWC2 Koos, Christian-IWF1, SPMA5 Korn, Dietmar-IWF1 Koshiba, Masanori-IWD6 Kosolapov, Alexey-JTuB9, SOMC4, SOTuB5, SOWB4 Kotova, Nadezhda E-SLTuB7 Kourtessis, Pandelis-ATuC3, AWB3 Kovalev, Valeri-SLTuB7 Kozlov, Valery, Mr.-SOTuC2 Kracht, Dietmar-SOWA2 Krasavin, Alexey V-ITuB2, IWB2 Krauss, Thomas-IMF3, ITuB3, JMA2, SLTuA, SLTuB1 Krebs, Frederik C-STuA2 Kristensen, Martin-SWB1 Kroll, Stefan-SLMB1 Krug, Peter-IWB4 Kruglov, Roman-AWC1 Krummrich, Peter M-SPWD3 Krüger, Asger-SWB1 Kubo, Kazuo-SPTuA1 Kudlinski, Alexandre-SOTuA3 Kuipers, Kobus-JMA2 Kukarin, S. V-SOTuA2 Kumar, Santosh-ITuB4 Kumar, Shiva-SPWA3 Kuntz, Matthias-ITuC1 Kuyken, Bart-IMB6, IWC5 Kuznetsov, A. V-SWD5 Kwon, Min-Suk-IMB4 Köckemann, Uwe-SMD4

L

La, William-Lai, Wei-Cheng-IMF2, SWA4 Laing, Anthony-IWG2 Lal, Vikrant-ITuC1 Lalouat, Loic-IWB3 Lambert, Damien-ITuC1 Lamouche, Guy-SOWD1 Lankl, Berthold-SPMC2, SPTuA3 Laot, Christophe-SPMC4 Lapointe, Jean-IME3 Lapointe, Jerome-SMC7 Laupretre, Thomas-JTuB4, SLWA3 Lazache, S.-ITuB2 Lazaro, J. A-ATuD1 Le, Q. T-ATuD1 Le Bidan, Raphaël-SPMC4 Lee, Alan-ATuD2 Lee, Byoungho-SMB1, SWC3 Lee, Chia-Rong-SOWC5 Lee, Heedong-SOMC3 Lee, Il-Min-SMB1 Lee, Jaejin-JTuB16 Lee, Ray-Kuang, Dr.-JTuB5 Lee, Sangjun-JTuB16 Lee Kim-Koon, Edward A-SOWC3 Leino, D.-ATuD1 Leonhardt, Ulf-IMD4 Leoni, Paolo-SPTuA3 Leosson, Kristjan-SWC5 Leuthhold, Juerg-AWA1, IWF1, JTuA3, SPMA5, SPMB1, SPTuA2 Levi, Ofer-SWB2 Levine, Zachary H-IWD5 Li, Chuandong-SPWB4 Li, Guifang-SPWA1 Li, Jingjing-ITuD2 Li, Jingshi-IWF1, SPTuA2 Li, Ping-ATuB4 Li, Qing-IMD3 Li, Xun-ATuC2, IMA3, IWD4, JTuB19 Li, Yanming-SPWB4

Li, Yu-JTuB14 Li, Zheng-IMB7, IMD6 Liao, Meisong-JTuB7 Lim, Christina-AWC3, AWC4 Lim, Hanjo-JTuB16 Lim, Wansu-ATuC3 Limpert, Jens-SOMA1 Lin, Che-Yun-IMF2, SWA4 Lin, Jian Hung-IMF5 Lin, Pao Tai-IMC7, IMF6, ITuC6, IWG3, SWA5 Lin, Shih-Chiang-JTuB23 Lin, Ta-SOWC5 Lin, YuanYao-JTuB5 Liou, Jia-Hong-SOWC5 Liscidini, Marco-SOWC3 Liu, Hsi-Chun-SLTuB2 Liu, Jifeng-ITuC4 Liu, Jingbo-STuC1 Liu, Jingjing-ATuB4, AWB2 Liu, Tiangong-ITuC1 Liu, Xiang-SPMA1 Liu, Xiaoping-IMB3 Liu, Yen-Liang-JTuB12 Lloret, Juan-SLMA5, SLWB5 Lloyd, Seth W-SMC3 Lo Savio, Roberto-IME3 Lobino, Mirko-IWG2 Logan, Dylan-IWE4 Logvin, Yury-ITuC3 Long, Marshall B.-SMD1 Long, Richard-JTuB10 Lopez, E.-ATuD1 Loquai, S.-AWC1 Lorenzi, Roberto-SMC4 Lov, Michael M-SLMC5 Lu, Wangtao-IMC2 Lu, Ya Yan-IMC2 Lund-Hansen, Toke-SWA3 Luo, Bin-JTuB3, SLWB2 Luo, Ye-ITuD7 Luzinov, Igor-IMB1 Lyngsø, Jens K-SOWA3

Μ

Ma. Rubin-IME3 MacDougall, Trevor-SOTuC2 Madsen, Christi K-IMD3 Maeda, Yoshinobu-IWF6 Magnusson, Robert-IMB5, ITuD3 Magri, Roberto-SPWB3 Majima, Tatsuya-ITuA4 Mak, Jacky S. W.-SWA2 Malacarne, Antonio-SPWD2, Maquieira, Angel-SWB1 Marciante, John-SOWD2 Martin, Olivier-IMA1 Martynovich, Evgueni F.-SOTuA2, SWD5 Mateo, Eduardo-SPWA1 Matsuura, Akihiko-SPMA3 Matthews, Jonathan C-IWG2 Mazhorova, Anna-STuC2, STuC3 Mazilu, Michael-ITuA2 Mechet, Pauline-IWC2 Meinecke, Jasmin-IWG2 Meister, Stefan-IWE5 Meldrum, Al-STuA2 Melle, Sonia-JTuB1 Melloni, Andrea-IMB1, IMF, JTuB2 Mendez, Alexis-SOTuC, SOTuC5 Mendis, Rajind-STuC1 Merbold, Hannes-STuA3 Meyer, Joachim-SPMA5 Meyer, Matthias-SPMA5

Michel, Jurgen-ITuC4, ITuC5, IWF2 Mickelson, Alan-IMB7, IMD6 Middleton, Charles-Migdall, Alan-IWD5 Mikhelashvili, Vissorian-SLTuB3 Milosavljevic, Milos-ATuC3, AWB3 Missey Mark-ITuC1 Mitchell, Matthew-ITuC1 Mittleman, Daniel-STuC1 Miyata, Yoshikuni-SPTuA1 Mizuochi, Takashi-SPTuA1 Mohagheghpour, Elham-SWC4 Mohamed, Moustafa-IMB7, IMD6 Moiseev, Alexander-JTuB9, SOMC4, SOTuB5 Mojahedi, Mo-ITuB4, SLTuB6, SMB3 Mokhtari Farsi, Mohammad Ali-SWC4 Moncivais, Kathryn-SWA4 Monnier, Paul-IWC4, SLTuA4 Morandotti, Roberto-IWF4, STuA3, STuB3, STuC5 Morgner, Uwe-SOWA2 Morichetti, Francesco-IMB1, JTuB2 Morris, Denis-STuC6 Mortag, Dirk-SOWA2 Morvan, Michel-SPMC4 Mouftah, Hussein T-AWA4 Mousa Pasandi, Mohammad Ebrahim-SPMB6 Moztarzadeh, Fathollah-SWC4 Mu, Jianwei-IMC6, IWD1, JTuB8 Muellner, Paul-IMF4 Mumtaz, Sami-SPTuA2, SPWB2 Musgraves, J. David-IMB1, ITuC6, IWG3 Mussot, Arnaud-SOTuA3 Muthiah, Ranjani-ITuC1 Mégret, Patrice-SMB4, SMB6

Ν

N. Maywar, Drew-IWD2 Naderi Shahi, Sina-SPWA3 Nagarajan, Radha-ITuC1 Nakagami, Hiroyuki-SOMB3 Nakagawa, Tadao-SPMA3 Nakano, Hisamatsu-IMC3 Nazarathy, Moshe-SPMB3, SPMC1 Nazaryants, Vitaly-SOTuB5 Nebendahl, Bernd-SPMA5 Neshev, Dragomir N-IMD, ITuB1 Neumann, Jörg-SOWA2 Nevet, Amir-IWF5, IWG5 Ng'oma, Anthony-AWB1 Nilsson, Alan-ITuC1 Nirmalathas, Ampalavanapillai-AWC4 Nirmalathas, Thas A.-AWC3 Nishii, Junji-ITuA4 Noda, Susumu-IMB, IMF1 Novak, Spencer-ITuC6 Novikova, Irina-SLWB1 Novitski, Roman-SLTuB4, SLWB6

0

O'Brien, Jeremy L-IWG2 O'Conner, Mike-**SOWA1** O'Duill, Sean-**SLMC2, SLTuB3** O'Faolain, Liam-**IMF3** Oh, Dongho-SMB1 Oh, Min-Cheol-ITuA2, **SWB7** Ohishi, Yasutake-**JTuB7, SOMD1** Okamoto, Katsunari-**JTuA1** Okonkwo, Chigo M-AWC2 Olausson, Christina B.-**SOWA3** Olle, Vojtech F-IWA3 Omella, M.-ATuD1 Onohara, Kiyoshi-**SPTuA1** Oohashi, Hiromi-ITuC2 Orenstein, Meir-IWF5, IWG5 Oropeza-Ramos, Laura-SMC6 Ortega, Alfredo Adrian-**AWB6** Ortner, Alex-STuB4 Osgood, Richard M-IMB3 Ozaki, Tsuneyuki-STuA3, STuB3, STuC5

Ρ

P. Agrawal, Govind-IWD2 Pachnicke, Stephan-SPWD3 Pahlevaninezhad, Hamid-STuC7 Palacios, Tomas-IWE3 Palmer, Robert-IWF1 Pan, Ci-Ling-JTuB12, JTuB13 Panoiu, Nicolae C-IMB3 Pao, Hsueh-Yuan-SWD3 Park, Byung-Gook-JTuB17 Park, Jun-Bum-SMB1 Park, Namkyoo-JTuB17 Park, Won-IMB7, IMD6 Park, Yongwoo-SPWD1, Pasquazi, Alessia-IWF4 Patel, Neil-IWG3 Patnaik, Anil K-SLMC4 Patterson, Bruce-STuA3 Pavinski, Don-ITuC1 Pearson, Matt-IWC6 Peccianti, Marco-IWF4, STuA3, STuB3, STuC5 Peiponen, Kai-Erik-SMB2 Pena, Guido-SOWD1 Peng, Zhen-ITuD2 Penty, Richard V-IWA3 Peransi-Llopis, Sergio-SWB1 Pernice, Wolfram-IMB2, IWE3 Peruzzo, Alberto-IWG2 Pestriakov, E. V-SWD5 Petermann, Klaus-IWG4 Petersen, Jan C-SOWB2 Pevrade, David-IWB3 Picard, Emmanuel-IWB3 Pickett, Evan R-ITuB17 Pittala, Fabio-SPMC3 Plant, David Victor-AWA3, SPMB4, SPMB6 Pleumeekers, Jacco-ITuC1 Plotnichenko, Victor-SOMC4, SOTuB5, SOWB4 Poggiolini, Pierluigi-SPMA4 Poletti, Francesco-SOWB1 Politi, Alberto-IWG2 Polo, Victor-ATuD1 Ponnampalam, Nakeeran-ITuA3 Poon, Joyce-IWF Poot. Menno-IMB2 Portalupi, Simone-IMF3 Poulios, Konstantinos-IWG2 Prabhu, Ashok M-IME2 Prat, Josep-ATuC4, ATuD1 Preussler, Stefan-SLMB5, SLWA4, SLWA5 Primerov, Nikolay-SLMA2, SLMA3 Priolo, Francesco-IMF3 Pryamikov, Andrey-SOWB4 Pu, Minhao-SLTuA2

Q

Qi, Bing-SMB7 Qi, Zhi-mei-**SWC7** Qian, Li-SMB7, SOWC2, SOWC3, SOWC6, Qu, Hang-**SWB6** Quadir, Anita-IMA6 Quidant, Romain-ITuB2 Quispe-Sicha, Rosa-IMD5

R

Rabia, Sherif-AWA5 Raburn, Maura-ITuC1 Raddo, Thiago Roberto-AWB5 Rafel, Albert-ATuA1 Rafique, Danish-SPWB5 Rahim, Abdul-IWG4 Rahman, B. M. Azizur-IMA6 Rahn, Jeff-ITuC1 Raineri, Fabrice-IWC4, SLTuA4 Rai, Rama-IWC4, SLTuA4 Rakich, Peter Thomas-ITuA Ralph, S.-ATuB5 Ramos, Francisco-SLWB5 Randhawa, Sukanva-ITuB2 Rarity, John G-IWG2 Razzari, Luca-STuA3, STuC5 Reffle, Mike-ITuC1 Reithmaier, Johann P-SLTuB3 Rekaya-Ben Othman, Ghaya-SPTuA2, SPWB2 Remmersmann, Christian-SPWD3 Renger, Jan-ITuB2 Renoirt, Jean-Michel-SMB6 Rey, Isabella H-JMA2, SLTuB1 Richards, Billy-JTuB9 Richardson, D. J-SOWB1 Richardson, Kathleen-IMB1, ITuC6, IWG3 Richardson, Martin-SOMB2 Rippe, Lars-SLMB1 Rivière, Rémi-SLMB4 Roberts, Kim-SPWA2, SPWC1 Rochette, Martin-SOTuB4 Rodas Verde, Maria-IWG2 Rodriguez, Jean-Batiste-IWC5 Roelkens, Gunther-IMB6, IWC2, IWC3, IWC5 Roh, Sookyoung-SMB1, SWC3 Roohnikan, Mahdi-SWC4 Rottwitt, Karsten-SOWB2, SWA3 Rowe, Jan-IWF4 Roy, Sourabh-SLTuA3 Roy, Sukesh-SLMC4 Rozé, Mathieu-STuC2 Rudolph, Terry-IWG2 Rutkowska, Katarzyna-IWF4 Rylyakov, Alexander-IME1 Rvu, Kevin-IWE3

S

Saad, Mohammad-SOMC5 Saarinen, Jarkko J-SMB2 Sabooni, Mahmood-SLMB1 Sagnes, Isabelle-IWC4, SLTuA1 Saini, Simarieet-IMD7 Saitoh, Kunimasa-IWD6 Sakata, Hajime-SOMB3 Sales, Salvador-SLMA5, SLWB5 Salhany, Joseph-SOWD1 Sali, Emiliano-SLMB6, SLMC3 Salimi, Reza-SWC4 Saliou, E.-ATuD1 Salvatore, Randal-ITuC1 Sameie, Hassan-SWC4 Samra, Parmijit-ITuC1 Sanches, Anderson-AWB5 Sancho, Juan-SLMA5, SLWB5 Sanders, Paul-SOTuC2 Sanghera, Jas-SOTuA4 Sano, Akihide-SPMA3 Santagiustina, Marco-AWC5, JTuB6, SLMA3, SLTuA3, SLTuB5, SLWA2 Santis, Christos-SLTuB2 Sapiano, Christopher Andrew-SOWC2

Mezosi, Gabor-JTuB2

(ey to Authors

Sarangan, Andrew-SOWD2 Sargent, Edward-IWB5 Scherer, Jennifer-IWG3 Scheuer, Jacob-SLTuB4, SLWB6 Schiettekatte, François-STuC6 Schilling, Ryan Daniel-SWB2 Schliesser, Albert-SLMB4 Schmid, Jens H-IME3 Schmidt, Daniel-SPMC2 Schmidt, Holger-SLMC1 Schmogrow, Rene-SPMA5, SPTuA2 Schneider, Rick-ITuC1 Schneider, Thomas-IWE5, SLMB5, SLWA4, SLWA5 Schow, Clint-IME1 Schrenk, B.-ATuD1 Schriemer, Henry P-IWB4 Schuck, Carsten-IWE3 Schulz, Sebastian Andreas-SLTuB1 Schwaneberg, Oliver-SMD4 Schwartz, Sylvain-SLWA3 Schwarz, Stefan-IWG4 Schweinsberg, Aaron-SLMA4, SLMB2 Schäffer, Christian-IWG4 Scolari, Lara-SWA3 Sedgwick, Forrest-ITuC1 Selmi, Mehrez-SPMC5 Selvaraja, Shankar K-IMB6, IWC2 Senior, John-ATuC3, AWB3 Setti, Valerio-SOWB3 Shadbolt, Pete-IWG2 Shakoor, Abdul-IMF3 Shalaby, Hossam-AWA5 Shalaby, Mostafa-STuA3, STuC5 Shang, Li-IMB7, IMD6 Shapari, Ali-ATuB2 Sharma, Gargi-STuA3, STuC5 Shastri, Bhavin I-AWA3 Shaw, L. Brandon-SOTuA4 Shepard, Scott-JTuB10, SOWD4 Shi, Yan-AWC2 Shi, Zhimin-SLMA4, SLMB2 Shibavama, Jun-IMC3 Shih, Fu-Yuan-JTuB11 Shirakawa, Akira-SOWA3 Shiryaev, Vladimir-SOWB4 Shokooh-Saremi, Mehrdad-ITuD3 Siddons, Paul-SLMB3 Sigg, Hans-STuA3 Sigron, Netta-SPMC1 Silverstone, Josh-ITuA3 Simakov, Nikita-SOMB1 Singh, Vivek-IMB1, ITuC6 Sipe, John E-SOWC3 Sjödin, Martin-SPTuB3 Skafidas, Efstratios-AWC3, AWC4 Skorobogatiy, Maksim-SOTuB3, STuC2, STuC3, SWB6 Snopatin, Gennady-SOTuB5, SOWB4 Sohler, Wolfgang-IWF3 Soila, Risto-ATuD1 Song, Eui-Young-SMB1 Soref, Richard-IWC, IWE1 Sorel, Marc-IMB1, IWE4, IWF4, JTuB2 Sorimoto, Keisuke-IWE6 Sotiropoulos, Nikolaos, M.Sc.-ATuC5 Soto-Olmos, Jorge Alfonso-SMC6 Soufiane, Abdel-SOWC1 Spannagel, Augi-ITuC1 Spinnler, Bernhard-SPTuA3 Spirou, S.-ATuD1 Spuessens, Thijs-IWC2 Stankovic, Stevan-IWC2, IWC3 Starchenko, A. A-SOTuA2 Starling, David-SWD1 Steinberg, Ben Z-SLTuB4, SLWB6 Steiner, Holger-SMD4

Stewart, James-ITuC1 Strain, Micheal J.-IWF4 Strzelecka, Eva-ITuC1 Studenkov, Pavel-ITuC1 Su, Shu-Yu-SWB3 Sugihara, Kenya-SPTuA1 Sugihara, Takashi-SPTuA1 Sun, Han-ITuC1, SPWC5 Suvakovic, Dusan-ATuB1 Suzuki, Takenobu-JTuB7 Swillam, Mohamed A.-IMA3, ITuD4, IWD4 Sysak, Matthew-IWC3 Szeghalmi, Adriana-SWC6 Sánchez-Arévalo, Francisco Manuel-SWD4

Т

Taday, Philip-STuC4 Tafur Monroy, Idelfonso-SPMC3 Tahriri, Mohammadreza-SWC4 Takiguchi, Koichi-IWE2 Tanaka, Daiki-IWE6 Tang, Hong-IMB2, ITuA1, IWE3 Tang, Lingling-SWB3 Tang, Zhiyuan-SOWC3 Tangdiongga, Eduward-AWC2 Tannouri, Pamela-IWF4 Tanvir, Huda-IMA6 Tartarini, Giovanni-AWC2 Taverner, Domino-SOTuC1 Taylor, Brian-ITuC1 Teixeira, Antonio-ATuB2, ATuD1 Teng, Chun-Hao-IMA4 Terekhov, Yury-IMA5 Theeg, Thomas-SOWA2 Theriault, Olivier-ITuB21 Thompson, Mark-IWG2 Thomson, John-ITuC1 Théberge, Francis-SOWD1 Thévenaz, Luc-SLMA, SLMA2, SLMA3, SLMC6, SLWB4 Titova, Lyubov-STuA2, STuB5 Toccafondo, Veronica-SWB1, SWB5 Tognetti, Marco-SLMB6, SLMC3 Tolmachev, Alex-SPMB3 Tolstikhin, Valery-ITuC, ITuC3 Tomkos, Ioannis-ATuC4, ATuD1 Tommasi, Federico-SLMC3 Tong, Limin-SMC2 Tournie, Eric-IWC5 Tran, A.-ATuD2 Trevino, Jacob-IMD2 Trolès, Johann-SOTuB2 Tsai, KaiHsun-ITuB18 Tsai, Wan-Shao-JTuB18, JTuB20 Tsampoula, Xanthi-JTuA2 Tsay, Alan-IWD3 Tselniker, Igor-SPMC1 Tsuda, Hiroyuki-IWE6 Tsui, Ying-IME2 Tunnermann, Andreas-SOMA1

U

Uddin, Mohammad J-**IMB5** Ueda, Ken-ichi-SOWA3 Ung, Bora-**SOTuB3**, **STuC2**, SWB6 Ura, Shogo-ITuA4 Urbach, Paul-**IWA2** Ursini, Leonora-AWC5, JTuB6, SLMA3

V

Vallaitis, Thomas-ITuC1 van den Boom, Henrie-AWC2 Van, Vien-IME2, **IWA**, IWD3 Van Campenhout, Joris-IWC2 Van Leeuwen, Mike-ITuC1 Van Thourhout, Dries-IWC2, IWC3 Vanhoutte, Michiel-IMF6 Vartiainen, Erik M-SMB2 Vasile, Gabriel-IMF7 Veilleux, Vincent-IWB4 Velha, Philippe-IMB1, IWE4 Velázquez-Benítez, Amado Manuel-SOWC4 Vermeulen, Diedrik-IMB6 Vetter, Peter-ATuB1 Villeneuve, Alain-SOWD1 Vincetti, Luca-SOWB3 Vinogradov, Juri-AWC1 Visani, Davide-AWC2 Vlasov, Yurii-IME1 Voisin, Valerie-SMB4 Vornehm, Joseph E., Jr.-SLMA4, SLMB2

W

W. Rieger,, Georg-IMF5 Wadsworth, William-SOMD3 Wahlbrink, Thorsten-IMF4 Wakabayashi, Yuu-IMC3 Walker, Alex W-ITuB21 Wallauer, Jan-STuB4 Walther, Markus-STuB4, STuC, STuC2 Wandt, Dieter-SOWA2 Wang, Chih-Yu-IMA4 Wang, Dong-ATuB4, AWB2 Wang, Ji-SOMC1 Wang, Jianfei-ITuA5, ITuC6 Wang, Ke-AWC3, AWC4 Wang, Ke-Yao-JTuB15 Wang, Lihong-SLMB1 Wang, Rui-IMC6 Wang, Ting-SPWA1 Wang, Way-Seen-JTuB20 Wang, Xiaolong-IMF2, SWA4 Wang, Xihua-IWB5 Wang, Zhenyou-STuB2, STuB5 Waselikowski, Stefan-STuB4 Watekar, Pramod R-SOTuC3 Watts, Michael-IME Webeer, Anja-STuA3 Weis, Stefan-SLMB4 Welch, Dave-ITuC1 Weller, Lee-SLMB3 Welna, Karl-IMF3 Wen, Yefeng-JTuB22 Westhäuser, Matthias-SPWD3 Wheeldon, Jeffrey-JTuB21 Whelan-Curtin, William-SLTuB1 White, Ian H-IWA3 White, Ian M.-SWA1 Wiatrek, Andrzej-SLWA4, SLWA5 Wiederrecht, Gary Phillip-ITuD6 Wieland, Joerg-IWF1 Wieser, Wolfgang-SMD3 Wilkinson, Jacklyn-ITuC6 Williams, Kevin A-IWA3 Williams, Wayne-ITuC1 Willner, Alan-Winter, Marcus-SPMA5 Wintner, Ernst-SMB5 Winzer, Peter-SPWC3 Wonfor, Adrian-IWA3 Wong, Chee W-SLTuA1 Wong, George K-SLMC5 Wu, Bin-SLMC1 Wu, Fang-ITuC3 Wu, Kuang-Tsan-ITuC1, SPWC5 Wu, Wenhua-ITuD3 Wu, Yu-Fu-JTuB11 Wuilpart, Marc-SMB6

Xi, Yanping-JTuB14, JTuB19 Xiao, Yuzhe-**IWD2** Xiong, Chi-**IWE3** Xu, Dan-Xia-IME3 Xu, Dangpeng-**SOWD3** Xu, Fei-**ITuD5** Xu, Michelle Y.-C.-ITuB5

Υ

Yaman, Fatih-SPWA1 Yamauchi, Junji-IMA, IMC3 Yan, Xin-JTuB7 Yandt, Mark-JTuB21 Yang, Hejie-AWC2 Yang, Lin-Gung-JTuB12, JTuB13 Yang, Qi-SPMB2 Yang, Yi-SPWD6 Yanik, Ahmet Ali-SWC1 Yariv, Amnon-SLTuB2 Yatsenko, Yuriy-SOTuB5 Ye, Fei-SMB7 Ye, Winnie N-IME3 Ye, Yabin-SPMC3 Yegnanarayanan, Siva-IMD3 Yeh, Chien-Hung-JTuB11, JTuB12, ITuB13 Yoo, Kyungwan-JTuB17 Yoon, Jaewoong-ITuD3 Yoshida, Eiji-SPMA3 Yoshida, Hideo-SPTuA1 Yoshie, Tomoyuki-SWB3 Yoshimoto, Naoto-ATuA3 Young, Jeff F-IMF5 Yu, Chin-Ping-SOWC5 Yu, Hui-IWC2, IWF1 Yutaka, Miyamoto-SPMA3 Yvind, Kresten-SLTuA2 Yüksel, Kivilcim-SMB6

Ζ

Zareian, Nima-IMC4 Zayats, Anatoly-ITuB2, IWB2 Zdyrko, Bogdan-IMB1 Zelmon, David-SOMC3 Zens, Timothy W-ITuA5, ITuC6, SMD5 Zhang, Hua-IWC6 Zhang, Huiliang-SLMB1 Zhang, Jianping-ITuC1 Zhang, Jinye-STuC7 Zhang, Lei-SMC2 Zhang, Lijun-SOWC6 Zhang, Shu-Zhang, Wenfu-JTuB8 Zhang, Zhiwen J.-SWA4 Zhang, Zhuhong-SPWB4 Zhao, Wei-JTuB8 Zhou, Xiao-Qi-IWG2 Zhu, Eric Yi-SOWC3 Zhu, Fei-SPWB4 Zhu, Yanjun-SPWB4 Zhuge, Qunbi-SPMB4 Zhukovsky, Sergei V-IWA1 Zhuravlev, Anton V-IMA5 Zia-Chahabi, Omid-SPMC4 Ziari, Mehrdad-ITuC1 Ziemann, Olaf-AWC1 Zoboli, Maurizio-SOWB3 Zou, Nianyu-ATuB4, AWB2 Zou, Yi-IMF2 Zourob, Mohammed-STuC3

Х

Key to Authors

Advanced Photonics Congress Update Sheet

Sensors Keynote Speaker

SMA1 • 8:45-9:45

Optical Biomedical Sensors: What Can Nanophotonics Bring? Dan-Xia Xu, *Inst. for Microstrutual Sciences, National Research Council Canada, Canada.* We discuss how nanophotonics is influencing the field of optical biomedical sensors. View points are exemplified in the context of developing integrated silicon photonic wire molecular sensor systems.



Dan-Xia Xu is a Senior Research Officer with National Research Council Canada, and an adjunct professor with arleton University. She received her B.S. degree from the University of Science and Technology of China in 1985, and her Ph.D. degree from Linköping University in Sweden in 1991 working on silicon-germanium HBTs and multi-quantum-well tunneling diodes. Since joining NRC, she has developed high speed SiGe HBTs, silicides for sub-micron VLSI, SiGe and silicide photodetectors, and later switched her research field to integrated optics. In 2001-2002 she was part of the research team at Optenia Inc. that successfully developed the first commercial glass waveguide echelle grating demultiplexer. In 2003, she pioneered the study of cladding stress induced birefringence in SOI waveguides and its application for polarization independent operation in photonic components. This technique is easy to implement and gives unprecedented control and design freedom in devices such as AWGs, ring resonators and Mach-Zehnder delay interferometers. Since 2005, she has been working on SOI photonic wire biosensors which are shown to be the most sensitive evanescent field sensor platform known to date. The NRC biosensor team has developed compact and high

channel count sensors arrays and a reader system which does not require temperature control, and is capable of detecting protein and DNA adsorption of less than a femto-gram. Her current research interest is high index contrast silicon photonics, including biosensors, ring resonators, and optical modulation for biological sensing and optical communications. She has co-authored over 200 publications in technical journals and international conferences, several book chapters, and holds 6 patents.

Presenter Changes

• Chen-Han Du; *Natl. Taiwan Univ. Taiwan* will present **IMC5**, **Modeling and Simulation II: Periodic Structures and Waveguides**

• Kenji Ishizaki; *Kyoto Univ., Japan,* will present **IMF1, Light Propagation in 3-D Photonic Crystals**.

• Wei-cheng Lai, *Univ. of Texas, USA* will present **IMF2**, Experimental Demonstration of Ultra-Low Loss Coupling into Slow Light Slotted Photonic Crystal Waveguide on Silicon Nanomembrane

Gilberto Brambilla, Univ. of Southampton, UK will present
SMC4, In-Line Evanescent-Wave Microfluidic Absorption
Sensor based on an Embedded Optical Microfiber coil
Moshe Nazarathy; EE Technion., Israel, will present SPMB3,
Low-Complexity Multi-Band Polyphase Filter Bank for
Reduced-Guard- interval Coherent Optical OFDM
The following talk will be presented in the STuC4 time slot:
STuC4, THz Sensing for Industrial Process Control, Irl Duling;
Picometrix, USA

• Yanping Xi, *Mcmaster Univ. Canada* will present **JTuB14**, Modeling and Design Optimization of Discrete Mode Lasers for High Speed Single-Mode Operation in Optical Communication Networks

• Valerio Setti; *Univ. of Modena and Reggio Emilia, Italy,* will present SOWB3 Confinement Loss of Tube Lattice and Kagome Fibers

Georges Humbert; Univ. de Rouen., France, will present SOWB5
Hollow-core Photonic Crystal Fibre based Raman Lasers
Jacob Khurgin; Johns Hopkins Univ, USA will present SPWD6, Sequences for Impairment Mitigation in Coherent SPE-OCDMA

• Kambiz Jamshidi will present SLWA5, Saturation and Delay in Broadband Brillouin Slow-Light

Presentation Schedule Updates

IME4, Silicon Photonics Devices for Optical Interconnection, Takahiro Nakamura^{1,2}, Junichi Fujikata^{1,2}, Masashige Ishizaka^{1,2}, and Keishi Ohashi², ¹: Photonics Electronics Technology Research Association, Japan ²: Green Innovation Research Laboratories, NEC Corporation, Japan, For optical interconnection, we demonstrated high-speed and high-efficiency optical modulator and photodetector by introducing nanostructure. Also, compact WDM optical source was developed using hybrid integrated SOA and silicon waveguide resonators. This paper will be presented in the IME4 time slot on Monday, 13 June at 17:00.

SOMB2, High Power Thulium Fiber Lasers, *Martin Richardson, Univ. of Central Florida, will be presented in the SOWD1 time slot on Monday, 13 June at 16:00.*

SOWD1, Fiber-based Synchronized Programmable Laser system for Biomedical, industrial and defense applications, Alain Villeneuve, *Genia Photonics, Canada* will be presented in the SOMB2 time slot on Monday, 13 June at 11:00.

SOWA4, Reliability of Double-Clad Fiber Coatings for Fiber Lasers, K. Tankala, J. Ambramczyk, D. Guertin, N. Jacobson and K. Farley, *Nufern, USA*. In this paper we describe work on the improved reliability of low index polymer coatings used in high power double-clad fiber lasers and amplifiers. **This paper will be presented in the SOW4 on Wednesday, 15 June at 8:30**.

Withdrawn Presentations

IMF7 STuC4 SOTuC1 SOWB2 SPWB4

Advanced Photonics Congress Update Sheet

Program Updates

Please note the title and abstract update for presentation SMC3, **Performance Gains in an Interferometric Fiber optic Gyroscope Operated with a Single-Frequency Laser**, Seth W. Lloyd, Michel J. F. Digonnet, and Shanhui Fan, *Stanford University, Stanford, CA, USA.* We present theoretical and experimental results demonstrating significant performance gains in interferometric fiber optic gyroscopes when the traditional gyroscope broadband source is replaced with a single-frequency laser.

Please note the abstract update for presentation **SOMD2**, **Multi-Material Optical Fiber Fabrication and Applications**, Ayman Abouraddy; *Univ. of Central Florida, USA*. I review our progress in the emerging area of multi-material fibers. Applications range from mid-infrared linear and nonlinear chalcogenide glass fibers and fiber tapers, to the scalable and scale-invariant fabrication of micro- and nano-scale structures.

Please note the title and author block update for presentation ATuA3, Overlapped Subcarrier Multiplexed WDM PONs Enabled by Burst-Mode Receivers, David V. Plant¹, Ziad A. El-Sahn¹, Jonathan M. Buset¹, Bhavin J. Shastri¹, ¹McGill Univ., Canada.

Please note the title update for presentation **ATuB1 Radio-over-Fiber Techniques and Applications for Multi-Gb/s In-Building Wireless Communication,** Anthony Ng'oma, *Corning Inc., USA*.

Please note the corrected author name for presentation **STuA1**, **Filamentation THz generation in air**, *S.L. Chin*, *Univ. Laval*, *Canada*

Please note the update of following poster presentations:

JTuB25, Enhanced Detection of Vibrations using Fiber Fabry Perot Filters and Spectral Estimation Techniques, Balaji Srinivasan, Bibin Varghese, *Harish Achar, IIT Madras, India.* We report on high sensitivity detection of acoustic signals using Fiber Bragg grating-based Fabry-Perot filters. Our scheme is based on an APD-based receiver with bandpass filter, 16-bit ADC, and novel spectrum estimation techniques.

Please note the abstract update for presentation **IWG1**, **Quantum Information Processing on Photonic Chips**, Dirk Englund; *Columbia Univ., USA*. We describe a technique to deterministically couple a single, pre-selected nitrogen vacancy (NV) center to a high-quality factor photonic crystal nanocavity in a Gallium Phosphide membrane.

Please note the title and abstract update for presentation **SOWA4**, **Reliability of Double-Clad Fiber Coatings for Fiber Lasers**, *K. Tankala, J. Ambramczyk, D. Guertin, N. Jacobson and K. Farley, Nufern, USA.* In this paper we describe work on the improved reliability of low index polymer coatings used in high power double-clad fiber lasers and amplifiers.

JTuB26, Self-Assembled Monolayers (SAMs) of Porphyrin Deposited inside Solid-core Photonic Crystal Fibre (SCPCF), A. Veselov¹, A. Efimov¹, A. Chamorovskiy², O. Okhotnikov², A. Kosolapov³, A. Levchenko³, H. Lemmetyinen¹, N. Tkachenko1; ¹Department of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Tampere Univ. of Technology, Finland; ²Optoelectronics Research Centre, Tampere Univ. of Technology, Finland; ³Fiber Optics Research Center of Russian Academy of Sciences, Russia.

JTuB27, **A Bragg Microcavity Filter for Optical Sensing**, Aju. S. Jugessur, Mariya Yagnyukova, James Dou, J. Stewart Aitchison; Electrical and Computer Engineering/ECTI, Univ .of Toronto, Canada. A Bragg microcavity optical sensor is fabricated using Electron-Beam Lithography and Reactive Ion Etching techniques. An index change of 0.03 corresponds to a peak resonance wavelength shift of approximately 1 nm.

JTuB28, Fiber-Optic Probe with Subwavelength Metallic Nanostructures for Sensing in Infrared Region, Sookyoung Roh, Taerin Chung, Byoungho Lee; *Seoul National Univ., Korea.* We investigate fiber-optic probe with subwavelength metallic nanostructures on the fiber-end facet for sensing. Nanostructures such as 1D/2D gratings in metallic layer are analyzed and utilized for inducing the plasmonic resonance in infrared region.

Presentation **SOMC3**, Laser Sintering of c-YAG Fiber, Jonathan Goldstein¹, Geoff Fair¹, David Zelmon¹, Heedong Lee²; ¹Air Force Research Lab, USA; ²UES, USA, will now be presented as poster JTuB29.

Please note the abstract update for presentation **IWE5**, **Integration of a Tunable, Optical Delay Generator in a Silicon Photonics Platform,** Kambiz Jamshidi , Stefan Meister , Aws Al-Saadi , Hans Joachim Eichler , Thomas Schneider, *Deutsche Telekom Hochschule für Telekommunikation Leipzig*, *Germany.* We propose an integrated optical delay generator based on Frequency-to-Time conversion. The required dispersions are produced by micro ring resonators based on SOI nano wires. Our design can provide high delays in relatively small footprints.

Please note the title update for presentation **SOWB5**, **Hollowcore Photonic Crystal Fibre based Raman Lasers**, *Fetah Benabid*, *Univ. of Bath*, *UK*.

Program Corrections

Please note the correct author block **IMC4**, **Tailoring the Far Field of Bragg Reflection Waveguides**, *Nima Zareian*, *Payam Abolghasem*, *Amr S. Helmy*, *Univ. of Toronto*, *Canada*.

Please note the correct affiliation of **SMB1**, **Subwavelength Hot Spot Generation for Sensor Applications**, *Byoungho Lee, Republic of Korea.*

Presider Updates

• Francesco Poletti; Univ. of Southampton, UK will preside over SMD, Spectral and Biomedical Imaging.

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rjr@nktphotonics.com

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Advanced Photonics Congress Postdeadline Paper Abstracts

• Tuesday, June 14, 2011 •

ATuB • Radio Over Fiber and OCDMA Postdeadline Session

Pier 9 10:30-12:30 Thomas Pfeiffer; Alcatel-Lucent, Germany, Presider

ATuB2 • 10:30

Wavelength Allocation Schemes Impact on All-Photonic Digitized-Radio over Fibre Access Network, *Seyed Reza Abdollahi*¹, *Hamed Safa Al-Raweshidy*¹, *Rajagopal Nilavalan*¹; ¹ECE, *Brunel University, United Kingdom.* IFully-photonic DRoF system's performance is investigated with different uniform and nonuniform WDM schemes. Simulation results demonstrated that uniform WDM application increases power penalty about 2 dBm higher than non-uniform plan.

• Wednesday, June 15, 2011 •

SLWC • SL Postdeadline Session

Pier 2 & 3 12:15-12:45 Thomas Krauss; Univ. of St. Andrews, UK, Presider

SLWC1 • 12:15

Ultracompact all-optical XOR logic in a slow-light silicon photonic crystal waveguide, *Chad Husko*¹, *Trung Duc Vo*¹, *Bill Corcoran*¹, *Juntao Li*², *Thomas Krauss*², *Benjamin Eggleton*¹; ¹University of Sydney, *Australia*; ²University of St. Andrews, United Kingdom. We demonstrate ultracompact chip-based all-optical exclusive-OR (XOR) logic via four-wave mixing in a dispersion-engineered silicon photonic crystal waveguide. The device is error-free for 40 Gbit/s differential phase shift keying (DPSK) signals.

SLWC2 • 12:30

Structural slow light can enhance Beer-Lambert absorption, *Isabelle Dicaire*¹, *Sanghoon Chin*¹, *Luc Thévenaz*¹; ¹*Institute of Electrical Engineering, École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Switzerland.* We experimentally demonstrate that structural slow light can enhance Beer-Lambert absorption. A 4-fold reduction of the group velocity induced by mere cavity effects has caused an increase of molecular absorption by 130%.

SOWE • SOF Postdeadline Session

Pier 5 17:30-18:00 Bryce Samson; Nufern, USA, Presider

SOWE1 • 17:30

Photosensitivity at 1550 nm and Bragg grating inscription in As2Se3 microwires for sensing applications, Raja Ahmad¹, Martin Rochette¹; ¹*Electrical and Computer Engineering, McGill University, Canada.* We demonstrate the writing of Bragg gratings in As2Se3 microwires. Bragg gratings are written from a 1550 nm laser source; we demonstrate strain sensing with an improved sensitivity of 1.3 pm/με compared to silica-based sensors.

SOWE2 • 17:45

Poled-Fiber Source of Polarization-Entangled Photon Pairs, Eric Y. Zhu¹, Zhiyuan Tang^{1, 2}, Li Qian¹, Lukas G. Helt², Marco Liscidini^{2, 3}, John E. Sipe², Costantino Corbari⁴, Albert Canagasabey^{4, 5}, Morten Ibsen⁴, Peter G. Kazansky⁴; ¹Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Toronto, Canada; ²Dept. of Physics, University of Toronto, Canada; ³Dipartimento di Fisica "A. Volta", Universita degli Studi di Pavia, Italy; ⁴Optoelectronics Research Centre, University of Southampton, United Kingdom; ⁵School of Physics, University of Sydney, Australia. We demonstrate broadband telecom-wavelength polarization-entangled photon pair generation in a periodically-poled silica fiber (PPSF). Two-photon interference visibility exceeds 90%, and Bell's inequality is violated by 8 standard deviations.

Key to Authors and Presiders

(Bold denotes Presenting Author or Presider)

A

Abdollahi , Seyed Reza-**ATuB2** Ahmad, Raja-**SOWE1** Al-Raweshidy, Hamed Safa-ATuB2

C Canagasabey, Albert-SOWE2 Chin, Sanghoon-SLWC2 Corbari, Costantino-SOWE2 Corcoran, Bill-SLWC1

D Dicaire, Isabelle-SLWC2

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I Ibsen, Morten-SOWE2

K

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L Li, Juntao-SLWC1 Liscidini, Marco-SOWE2

N Nilavalan , Rajagopal-ATuB2

P Pfeiffer, Thomas-**ATuB**

Q Qian, Li-SOWE2

R Rochette, Martin-SOWE1

S

Samson, Bryce-**SOWE** Sipe, John-SOWE2

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